

# *Far North District Road Safety Report 2005 to 2009*



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*June 2010*

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## Introduction and general information

The NZ Transport Agency provides information on road safety to its stakeholders and the public. It also has responsibility for promoting safety and sustainability in land transport, among a variety of other functions. This road safety report is an example of information supplied by the NZ Transport Agency.

This report helps identify road safety issues in Far North District area ('the district') by presenting tables or graphs of:

- numbers and trends in reported crashes and casualties
- characteristics and types of crashes and casualties
- factors contributing to crashes
- locations with bad crash records
- characteristics of crashes on council authority roads

The information is intended to assist road controlling authorities, the New Zealand Police and others in evaluating the safety performance of the road network in Far North District. Comparison with other cities, districts or regions elsewhere in the country is included.

Researchers, students, and organisations with an interest in road safety will also find the information useful.

### Source of crash information

This report uses data from the NZ Transport Agency's crash database. This database includes all crashes involving injury and non-injury for which Police reports have been completed and forwarded to the NZ Transport Agency. Mostly five-year data (2005 to 2009) has been used, but 10-year data (2000 to 2009) has been used to analyse trends.

### Council authority peer groups

Traffic crash patterns and features for an area can depend on the traffic and roading characteristics of that area. The most useful comparisons are made with other areas or authorities with similar characteristics, rather than with the whole country. The data for the city is compared with a peer group of similar council authorities (Group D) along with data for all New Zealand.

The peer group used for comparison with Far North District is Group D which consists of provincial towns and hinterland. (Population 20000 - 75000 and/or rural crashes greater than 55 percent). Council authorities included in this group are listed in Figure 1.4.

## **Definitions of urban and rural**

Data has been separated for urban and rural (open) roads through this report because each has a distinctly different pattern of crashes. In this report urban roads are defined as all those with a speed limit of 70 km/h or less, however it should be noted that some locations which have been speed limit zoned might be more appropriately defined as rural but are included in urban zones.

## **Definition of statistically significant**

A number of graphs include a comparison between the road controlling authority, all New Zealand and a similar peer group. These graphs can include an indication as to whether the difference is statistically significant. For the purposes of this report statistically significant means that a difference of this size is unlikely to be due to chance. Significance is noted at the 5% level ( $P < 0.05$ ), this means that the observed result would occur by chance in only 1 in 20 similar situations.

## **Road user compliance data**

The Ministry of Transport collects information on road user compliance with traffic law. This information includes speed surveys, occupant restraint use surveys and cycle helmet use surveys. Information about these surveys is available on Ministry of Transport web site.

The appropriate web addresses are as follows:

Speed Surveys                    <http://www.transport.govt.nz/research/SpeedSurveys/>

Safety belts                      <http://www.transport.govt.nz/research/safetybeltstatistics/>

Cycle helmets                    <http://www.transport.govt.nz/research/cyclehelmets2009/>

The information is also distributed quarterly in the Ministry of Transport publication Road safety progress.

The Ministry of Transport also conducts public attitude surveys. These have been undertaken annually since 1994. They evaluate attitudes to road safety issues, primarily alcohol-impaired driving and speed. Surveys are carried out in May and June of each year by trained interviewers who conduct interviews with respondents in their homes. The sample is chosen to be representative of the New Zealand adult population, and includes men and women aged 15 and over from towns, cities and rural areas throughout New Zealand.

The results of these surveys are available from:

<http://www.transport.govt.nz/research/PublicAttitudestoRoadSafety-Survey/>

### General explanatory notes

1. Crash and casualty information in this report generally includes data for both council roads and state highways. Some tables and charts can separate this information, however figures 8.1–8.26 provide information for council roads only.
2. Crash and casualty rates are based on 2009 populations estimates updated from the 2006 census, traffic flows from the year 2009, and the average of five year crash data (2005–2009).
3. Traffic flows are based on Road Asset Maintenance and Management (RAMM) data from December 2009. As different road controlling authorities update flow data in RAMM at different times some data will be more up to date than other data, hence caution should be exercised when comparing traffic flow based crash rates in one authority with those of other authorities particularly as the traffic flow data (VKT) used in the calculations can not be considered definitive. Comparisons should be considered as indicative only.
4. With four to five categories of road for each council authority, some categories will only have short lengths of road. This may cause significant variation in the calculated crash and casualty rates.
5. The crash numbers include all those within the road controlling authority. The crash numbers used in the crash rate section can, however, vary slightly from the remainder of the document as only 'on road' crashes can be used. These are crashes on roads that have traffic volume information recorded. Crashes that occurred in car parks, reserves, beaches etc. are excluded.



6. The severity of a crash is determined as the most severely injured casualty in the crash. Injury severity is classified as fatal, serious, or minor as follows:
  - Fatal:** Injuries that result in death within 30 days of a crash.
  - Serious:** Fractures, concussion, internal injuries, crushing, severe cuts and lacerations, severe general shock necessitating medical treatment, and any injury involving removal to and detention in hospital.
  - Minor:** Injuries which are not serious but which require first aid, or cause discomfort or pain to the person injured, eg sprains and bruises.
  
7. Ethnicity of road users involved in crashes can now be recorded on traffic crash reports, although some reports may not include this data. Figures 3.25 and 3.26 shows the ethnicity of casualties, where known. Ethnicity is divided into five different groups. Only data for 2005 to 2009 is available. The graph includes all casualties irrespective of culpability.  
NOTE: Ethnicity data should be treated with caution as the data can be considered subjective and incomplete.
  
8. For the licence status grouping in Figures 3.27 and 3.28 the 'no/wrong licence' group includes drivers who have never held a licence or have an expired or wrong class licence. This graph includes all drivers irrespective of injury or culpability.
  
9. See appendix for detailed descriptions of:
  - crash movement types and crash movement groupings (for Figures 4.1–4.4)
  - grouping of factors contributing to crashes (for Figures 5.1–5.14)
  
10. Blackspot sites listed in Figures 9.1 and 9.3 are listed by the total cost of crashes at the site and are listed regardless of any remedial treatments. Site were initially selected on the basis of 3 reported crashes and then the sites listed were limited to those with a higher number of injury crashes and over a defined social cost, which is indicated on each figure.
  
11. Alarm crash sites in section 9 as Figures 9.4 to 9.6 are crash sites that have shown a statistically significant increase (at the 95 percent level of confidence) in reported crashes in 2009 compared with the previous five years (2004 to 2008). The sites are initially selected on the basis of 3 or more reported crashes at the sites. Sites are listed regardless of any recent remedial treatments and they may already be under investigation for treatment.



# *Crash Rates and Costs*



## Crash reporting rates

The ratio of 'reported serious injuries' can be assessed by comparing seriously injured casualty numbers from Police crash reports to hospital admissions, given that a serious injury is generally one requiring hospital attention.

Figure 1.1 below indicates the serious injury reporting rate for each region.

**Figure 1.1 Reporting rate serious injuries to hospital admissions**

Region	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Northland	30%	28%	34%	38%	27%
Auckland	17%	20%	16%	18%	18%
Waikato	40%	38%	50%	47%	40%
Bay of Plenty	32%	37%	38%	29%	27%
Gisborne	32%	26%	31%	28%	27%
Hawkes Bay	80%	75%	59%	68%	42%
Taranaki	55%	65%	79%	41%	36%
Manawatu-Wanganui	38%	34%	35%	36%	31%
Wellington	68%	61%	74%	55%	48%
Nelson-Marlborough	44%	52%	54%	50%	39%
West Coast	53%	55%	59%	53%	54%
Canterbury	47%	42%	49%	45%	43%
Otago	99%	85%	77%	69%	39%
Southland	78%	103%	73%	53%	39%
<b>New Zealand</b>	<b>36%</b>	<b>35%</b>	<b>37%</b>	<b>35%</b>	<b>33%</b>

This is the ratio of the number of persons with serious injuries in reported crashes divided by the number of persons admitted to hospital with serious injuries.

These variations in reporting rates need to be considered when viewing the trends in crashes and casualties shown in this report.

**Note: These values should be considered indicative only.**

**Figure 1.2 Crashes per 100 million vehicle kilometres travelled**

	Council roads		State Highways	
	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural
Far North District	29	34	26	26
Group D	35	27	24	17
All NZ	37	29	27	18

**Figure 1.3 Casualties per 100 million vehicle kilometres travelled**

	Council roads		State Highways	
	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural
Far North District	44	52	35	42
Group D	45	40	34	27
All NZ	46	42	36	26

**Figure 1.4 Peer group crash and casualty rates**
**Group D**

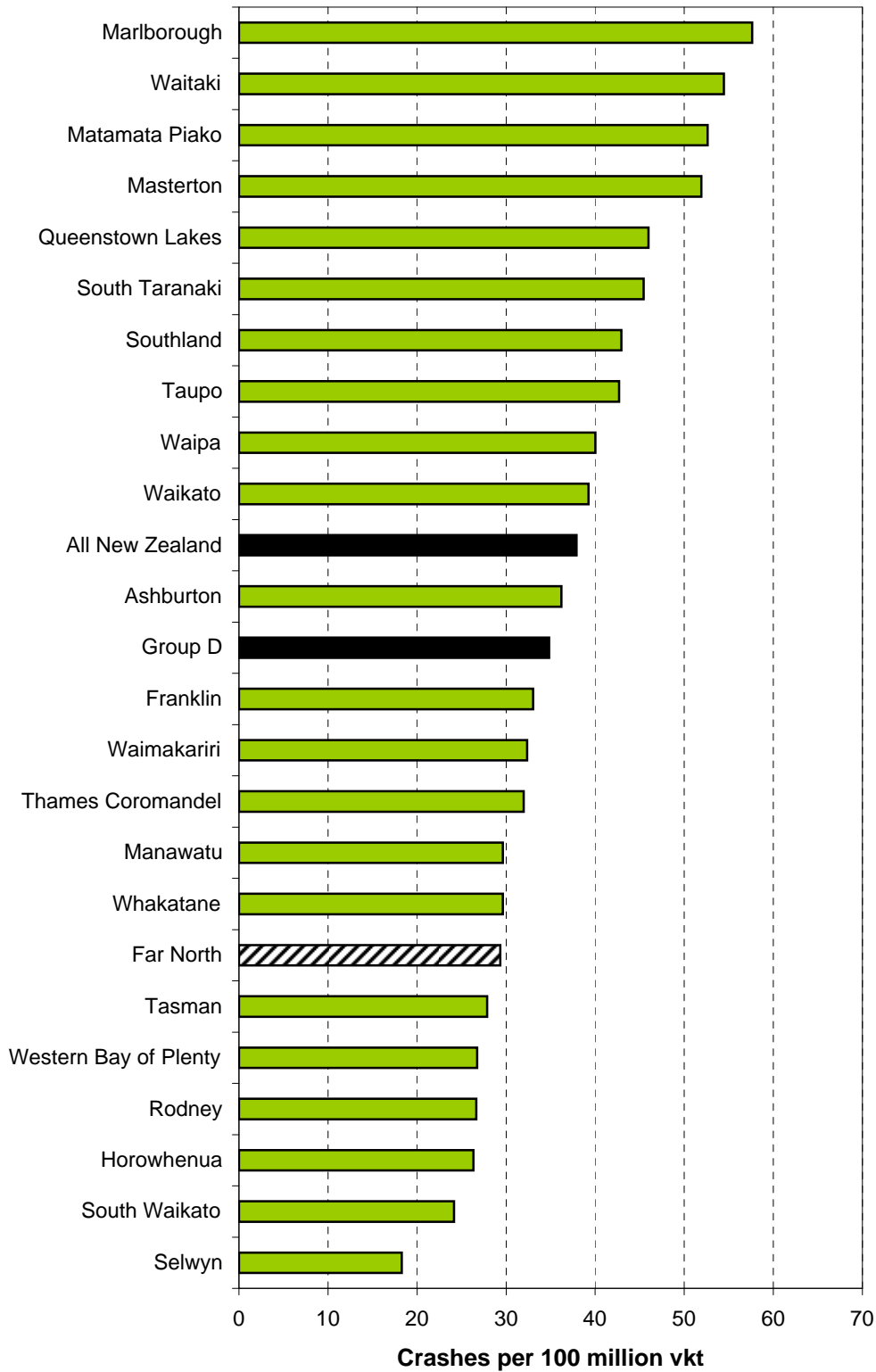
City or District name	Crashes per					Casualties per					2009 Population	% of rural crashes
	10,000 Population (5 year average)	100 million vehicle kilometres travelled				10,000 Population (5 year average)	100 million vehicle kilometres travelled					
		Council roads		State Highways			Council roads		State Highways			
		Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural		Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural		
Ashburton	21	36	16	17	7	29	47	23	24	10	29100	56
Far North	35	29	34	26	26	54	44	52	35	42	58000	84
Franklin	31	33	35	0	7	44	43	51	0	11	64200	77
Horowhenua	30	26	14	35	20	43	30	22	47	31	30600	63
Manawatu	31	30	24	34	15	45	38	36	46	23	29500	79
Marlborough	27	58	25	32	19	37	71	41	41	27	45000	57
Masterton	30	52	26	44	25	39	66	35	58	31	23300	37
Matamata Piako	44	53	32	24	14	64	68	44	31	22	23300	79
Queenstown Lakes	22	46	37	18	24	33	67	60	23	36	51500	65
Rodney	28	27	28	24	14	39	36	38	36	21	98100	69
Selwyn	25	18	19	7	12	35	21	27	9	19	38600	90
South Taranaki	26	45	25	16	19	39	55	39	26	28	26800	73
South Waikato	31	24	28	19	19	49	31	42	34	32	22800	80
Southland	57	43	32	41	25	90	62	48	60	42	29300	90
Tasman	25	28	21	21	23	35	34	30	26	34	46800	76
Taupo	42	43	26	21	18	62	53	38	27	30	33600	69
Thames Coromandel	30	32	27	27	25	44	47	35	45	34	26800	63
Waikato	42	39	28	16	17	61	46	37	24	26	47600	83
Waimakariri	17	32	30	9	10	24	44	43	11	14	46900	71
Waipa	28	40	27	27	15	39	52	37	35	23	45100	67
Waitaki	45	54	31	51	17	64	67	42	62	29	20700	60
Western Bay of Plenty	26	27	25	21	16	39	32	34	33	25	44800	84
Whakatane	26	30	26	24	18	40	40	44	33	29	34300	69
<b>Group D</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>916700</b>	<b>73</b>
<b>All New Zealand</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>4331000</b>	<b>41</b>

Group D : Provincial towns and hinterland. (Population 20000-75000 and/or rural crashes greater than 55 percent).

Crashes and casualties per 100 million VKT are based on five years of reported injury on-road crash data (2005-2009) and December 2009 VKT estimates.

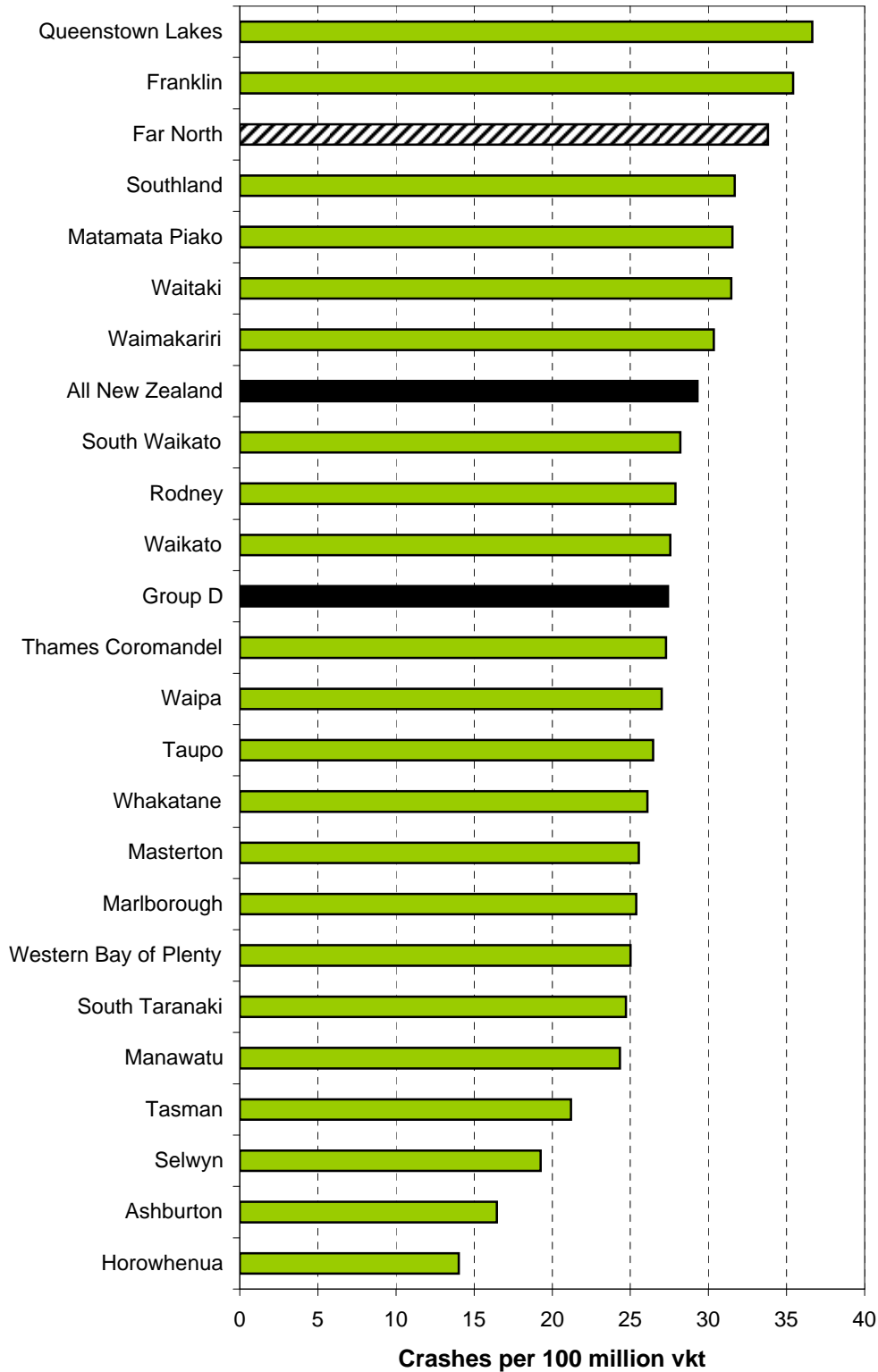
Crashes and casualties per 10,000 population are based on five year average crash data (2005-2009) and Statistics NZ 2009 population estimates.

**Figure 1.5 Crashes per 100 million vehicle-kilometres travelled - urban council roads**

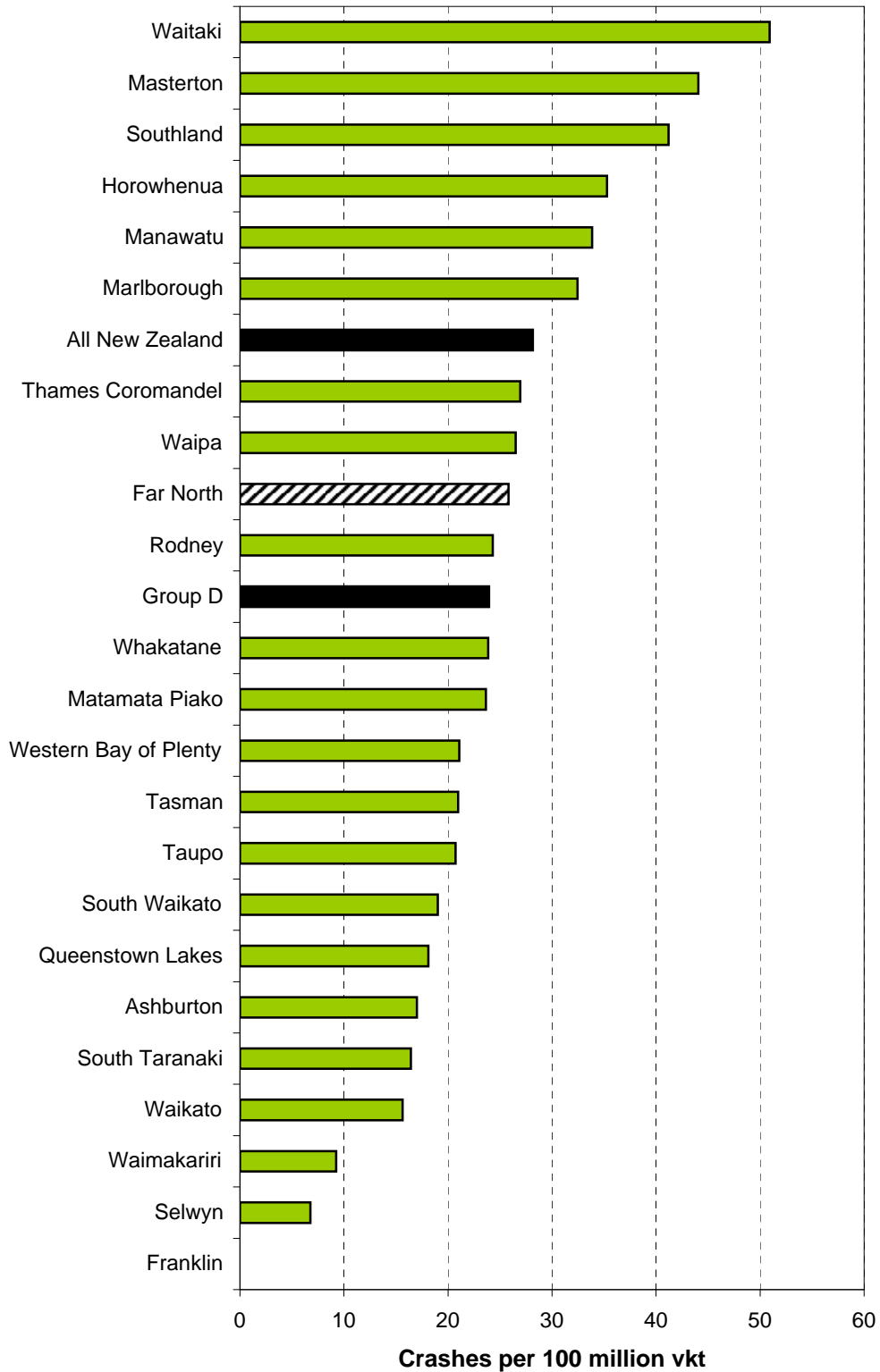




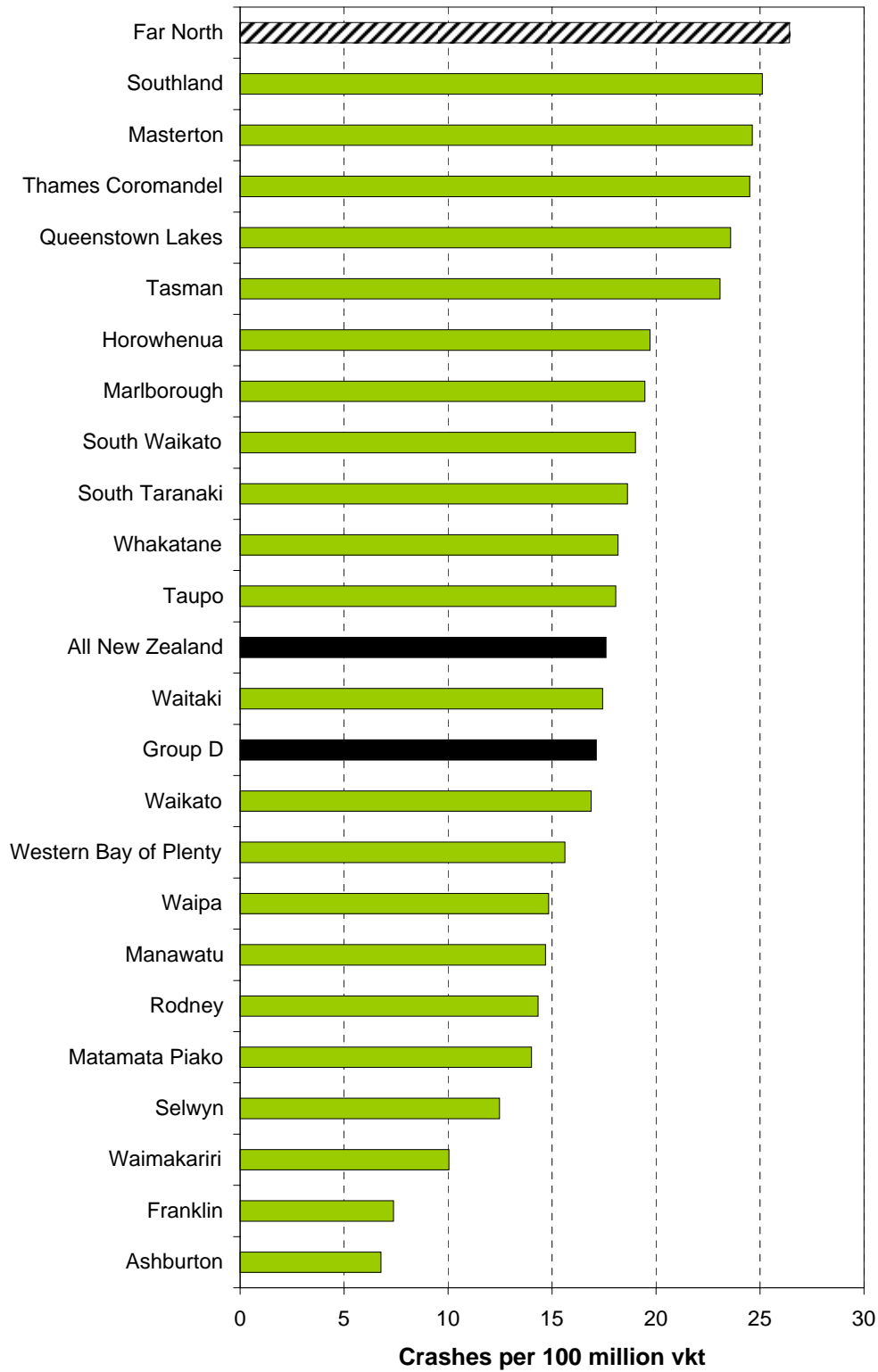
**Figure 1.6 Crashes per 100 million vehicle-kilometres travelled - rural council roads**



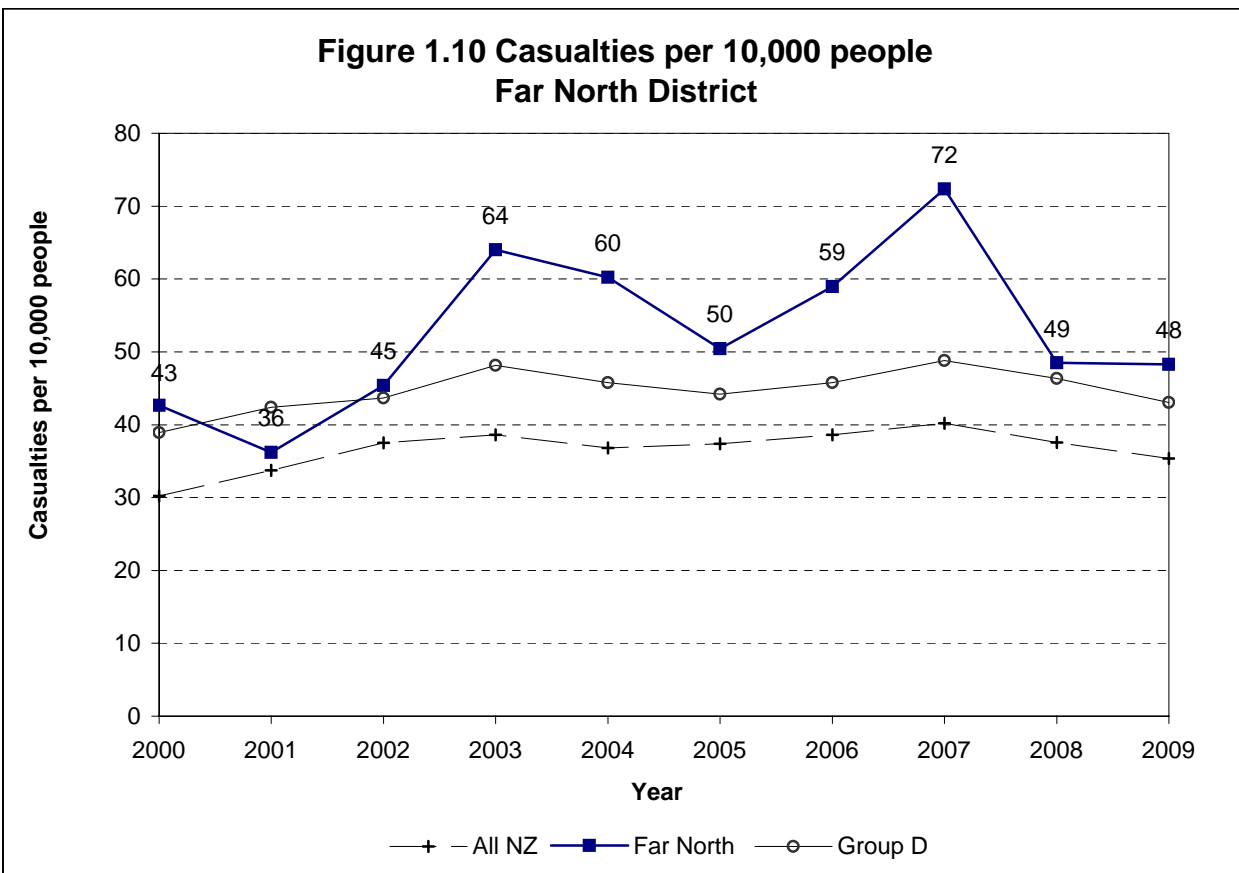
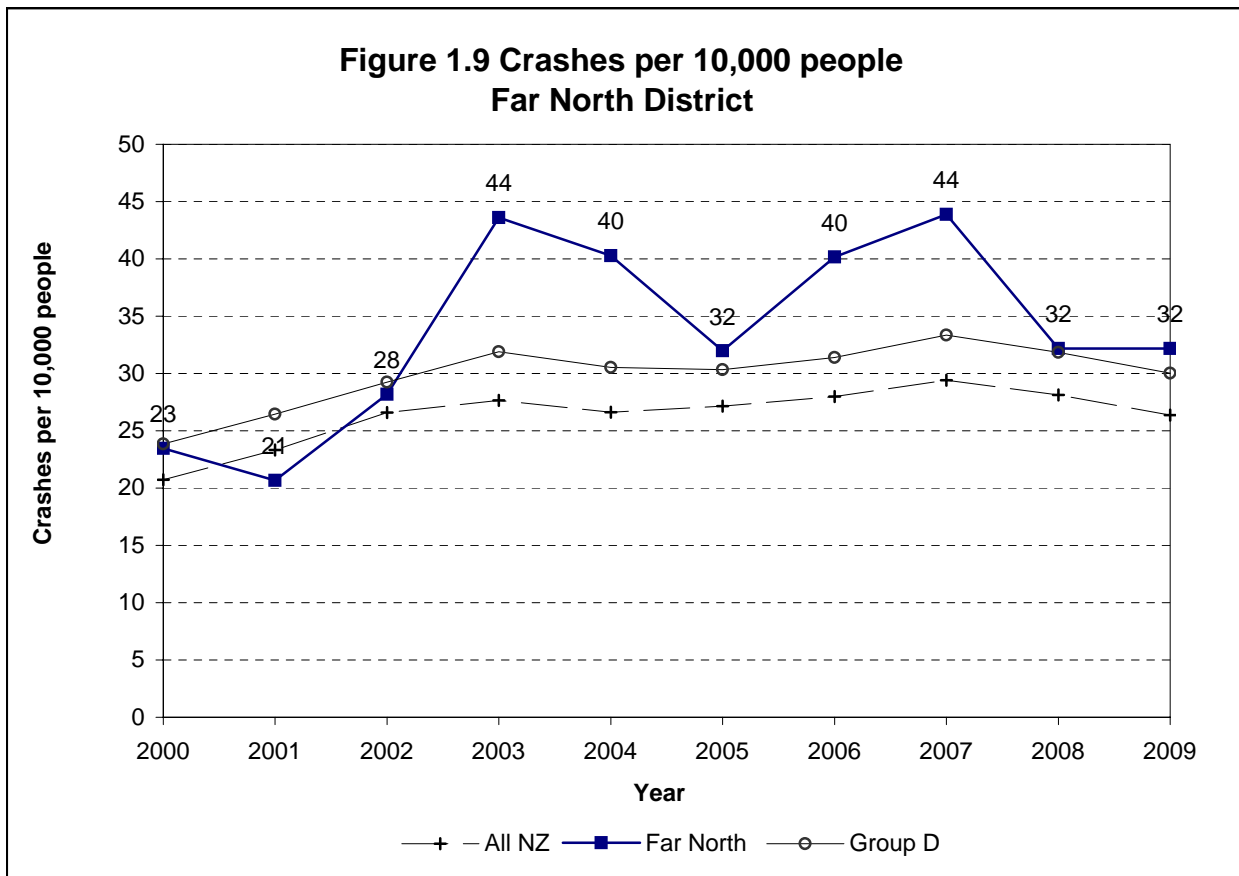
**Figure 1.7 Crashes per 100 million vehicle kilometres travelled - urban state highways**



**Figure 1.8 Crashes per 100 million vehicle-kilometres travelled - rural state highways**







**Figure 1.11 Social cost of crashes in Far North District in 2009**

		Far North District	New Zealand
Council roads	urban	\$6.64	\$1,607.40
	rural	\$43.25	\$909.43
State Highways	urban	\$8.57	\$299.76
	rural	\$54.10	\$1,487.35
<b>Total</b>		<b>\$112.55</b>	<b>\$4,303.94</b>

Note: Crash costs are in \$ millions

The social costs of a road crash and the associated injuries include a number of different elements:

- Loss of life and life quality
- Loss of output due to temporary incapacitation
- Medical costs
- Legal costs
- Property damage costs

The average value of a loss of life due to a road crash is estimated by the amount of money the New Zealand population would be willing to pay for a safety improvement that would result in the expected avoidance of one premature death. This is the willingness to pay based value of statistical life or VOSL. The VOSL was established at \$2 million in 1991. This has been indexed to the average hourly earnings (ordinary time) to express the value in current dollars. The updated VOSL is \$3.5 million (in June 2009 dollars). Based on several international and New Zealand studies on VOSL, the average loss of life quality for permanent impairments due to a serious and a minor injury were estimated to be 10% and 0.4% of the VOSL respectively.

Crash rates can vary due to reporting rates. These are adjusted on a regional basis in this report by comparing with hospitalisation rates.

The other social cost components are estimated based on a number of studies conducted during the early to mid-1990s and are updated for price changes by indexing to an appropriate price index.

For a detail discussion on this, please refer to 'The social cost of road crashes and injuries: June 2009 update', available at the Ministry of Transport's website:

<http://www.transport.govt.nz/assets/NewPDFs/NewFolder/Social-Cost-June-2009-update-final.pdf>

The average social cost per reported crash (in June 2009 dollars) are estimated at:

Rural fatal crash	\$4,260,000
Rural serious crash	\$820,000
Rural minor crash	\$91,000
Urban fatal crash	\$3,775,000
Urban serious crash	\$699,000
Urban minor crash	\$82,000

These values include an allowance for non-reported injury crashes, and the totals in Fig. 1.11 also include an allowance for non-injury crashes.



# *Crash Counts*





**Figure 2.1: Crash numbers and severity 2005 to 2009 - whole District**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Total	%	Group D
Fatal crashes	11	13	13	8	13	58	6%	5%
Serious crashes	46	44	61	41	36	228	22%	22%
Minor crashes	125	172	177	136	137	747	72%	72%
<b>Total injury crashes</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>251</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>1033</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>
Non-injury crashes	341	331	360	373	335	1740		

**Figure 2.2: Crash numbers and severity 2005 to 2009 - urban roads**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Total	%	Group D
Fatal crashes	2	1	3	1	1	8	5%	3%
Serious crashes	8	1	5	5	6	25	15%	17%
Minor crashes	21	35	23	19	40	138	81%	80%
<b>Total injury crashes</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>
Non-injury crashes	144	131	141	131	103	650		

**Figure 2.3: Crash numbers and severity 2005 to 2009 - rural roads**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Total	%	Group D
Fatal crashes	9	12	10	7	12	50	6%	6%
Serious crashes	38	43	56	36	30	203	24%	24%
Minor crashes	104	137	154	117	97	609	71%	70%
<b>Total injury crashes</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>862</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>
Non-injury crashes	197	200	219	242	232	1090		

**Figure 2.4: Casualty numbers and severity 2005 to 2009 - whole District**

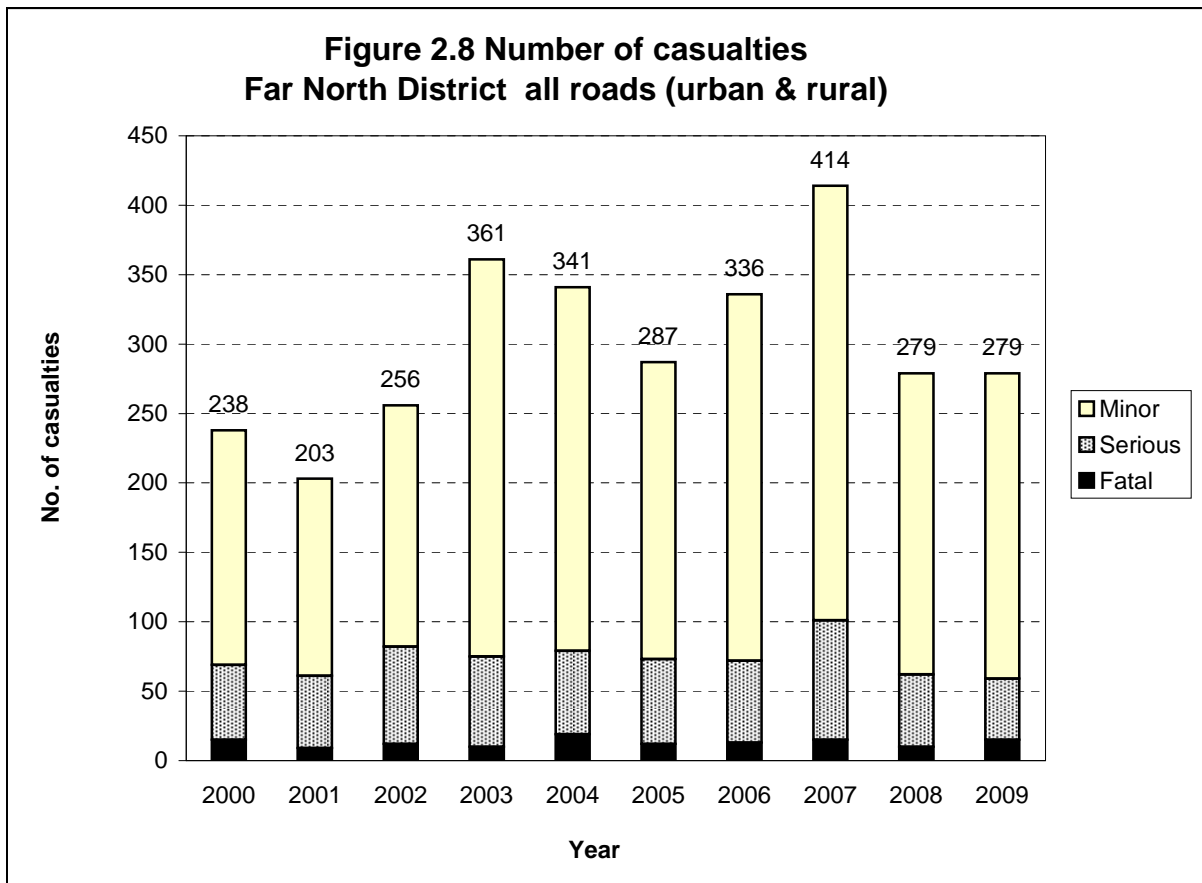
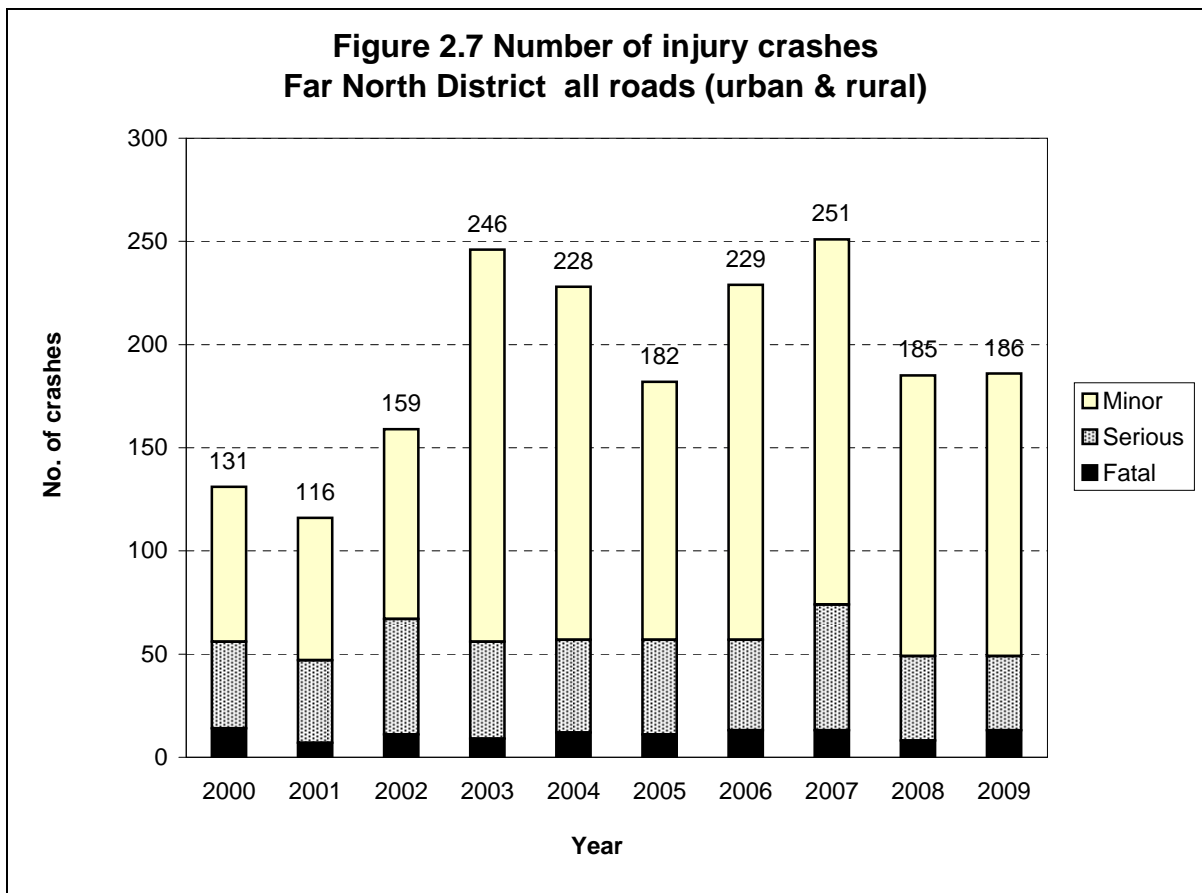
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Total	%	Group D
Fatal casualties	12	13	15	10	15	65	4%	4%
Serious casualties	61	59	86	52	44	302	19%	20%
Minor casualties	214	264	313	217	220	1228	77%	76%
<b>Total casualties</b>	<b>287</b>	<b>336</b>	<b>414</b>	<b>279</b>	<b>279</b>	<b>1595</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>

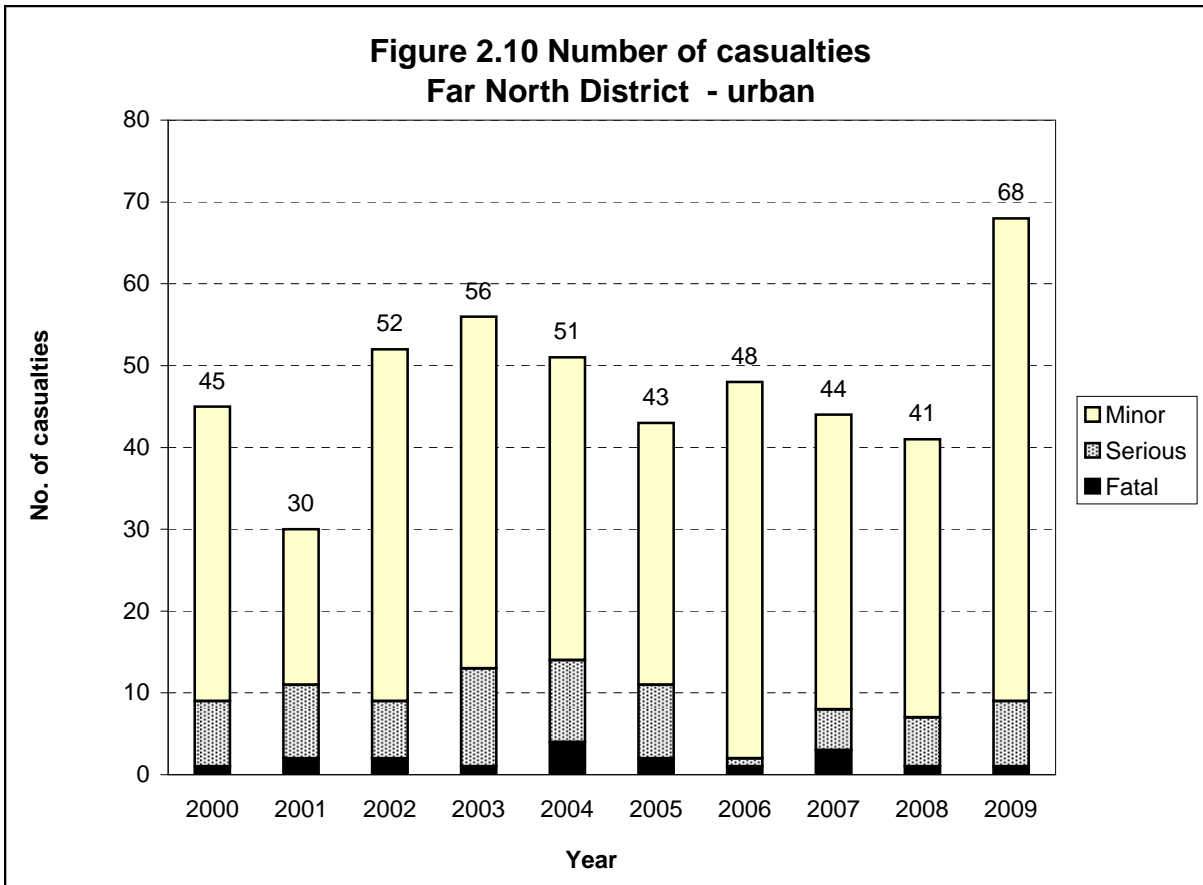
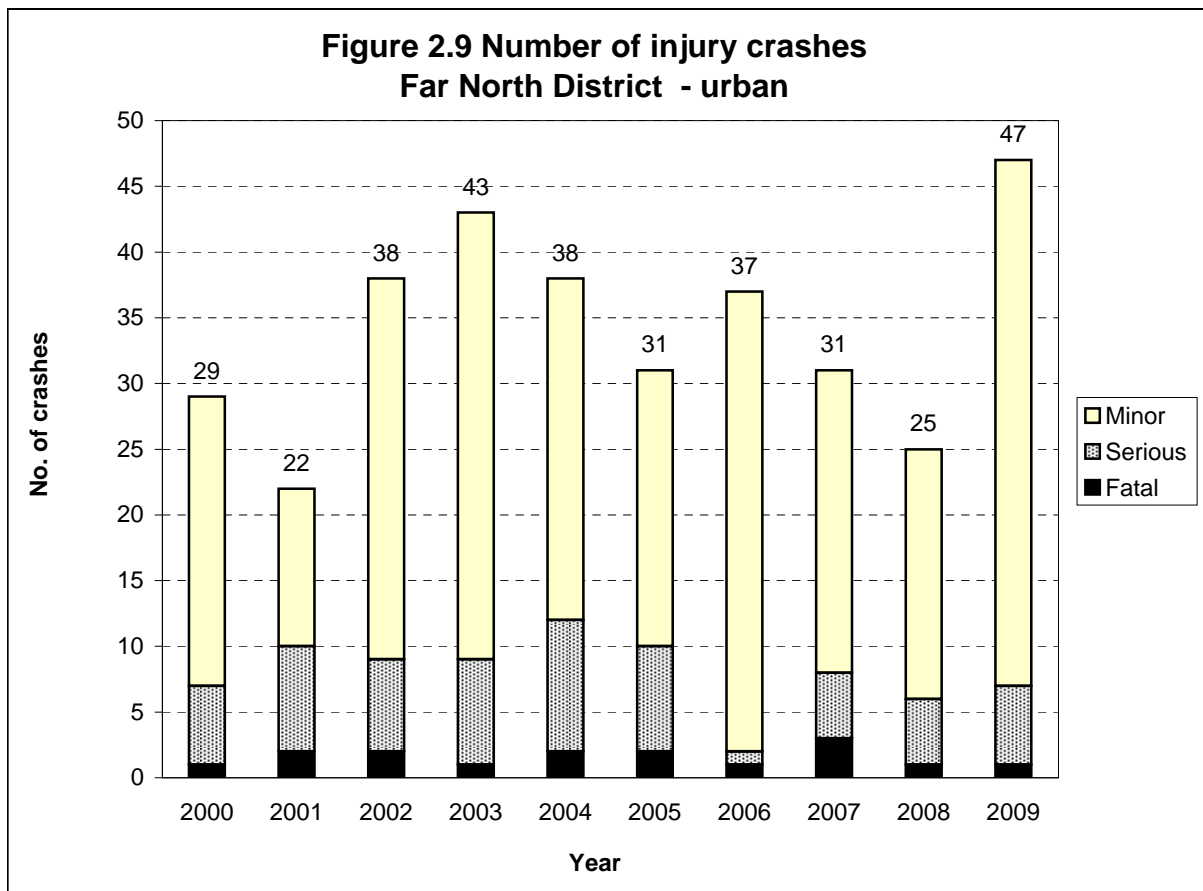
**Figure 2.5: Casualty numbers and severity 2005 to 2009 - urban roads**

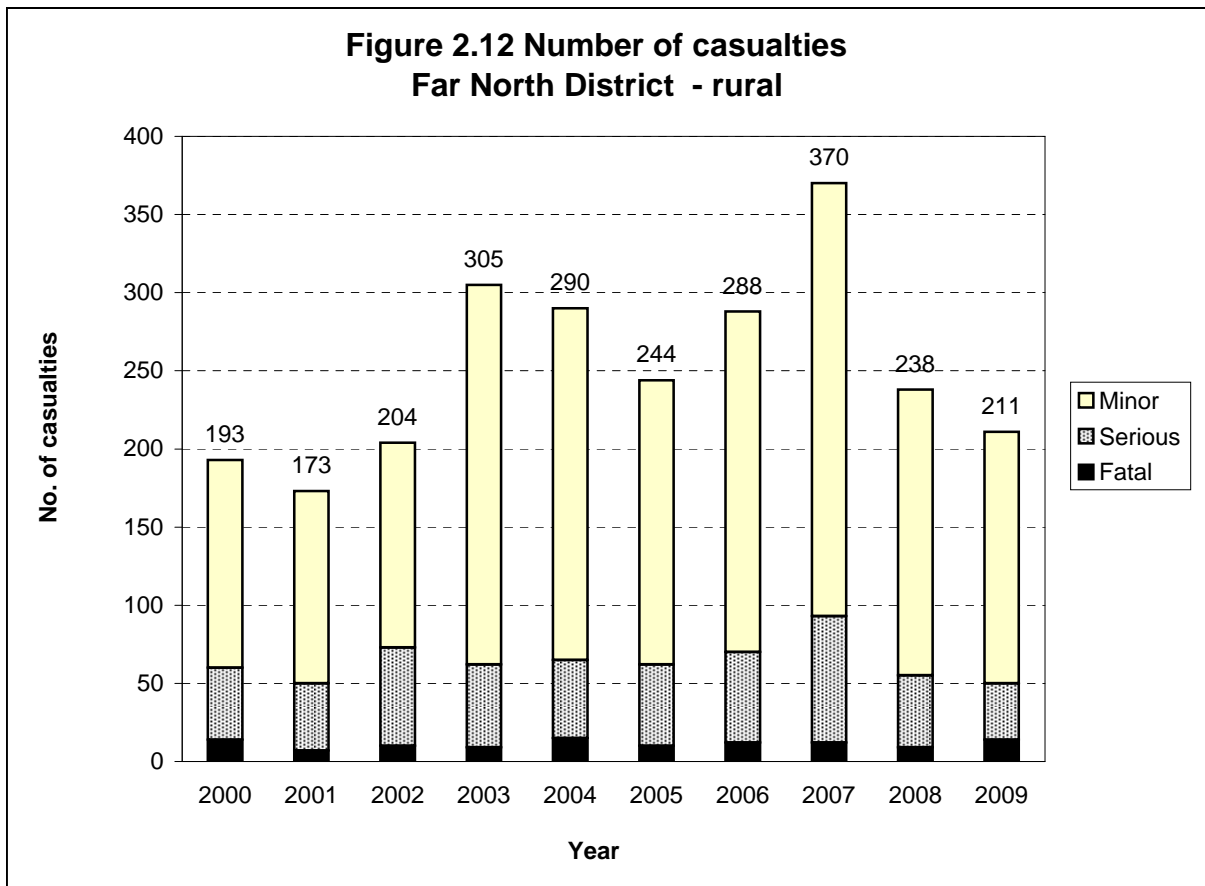
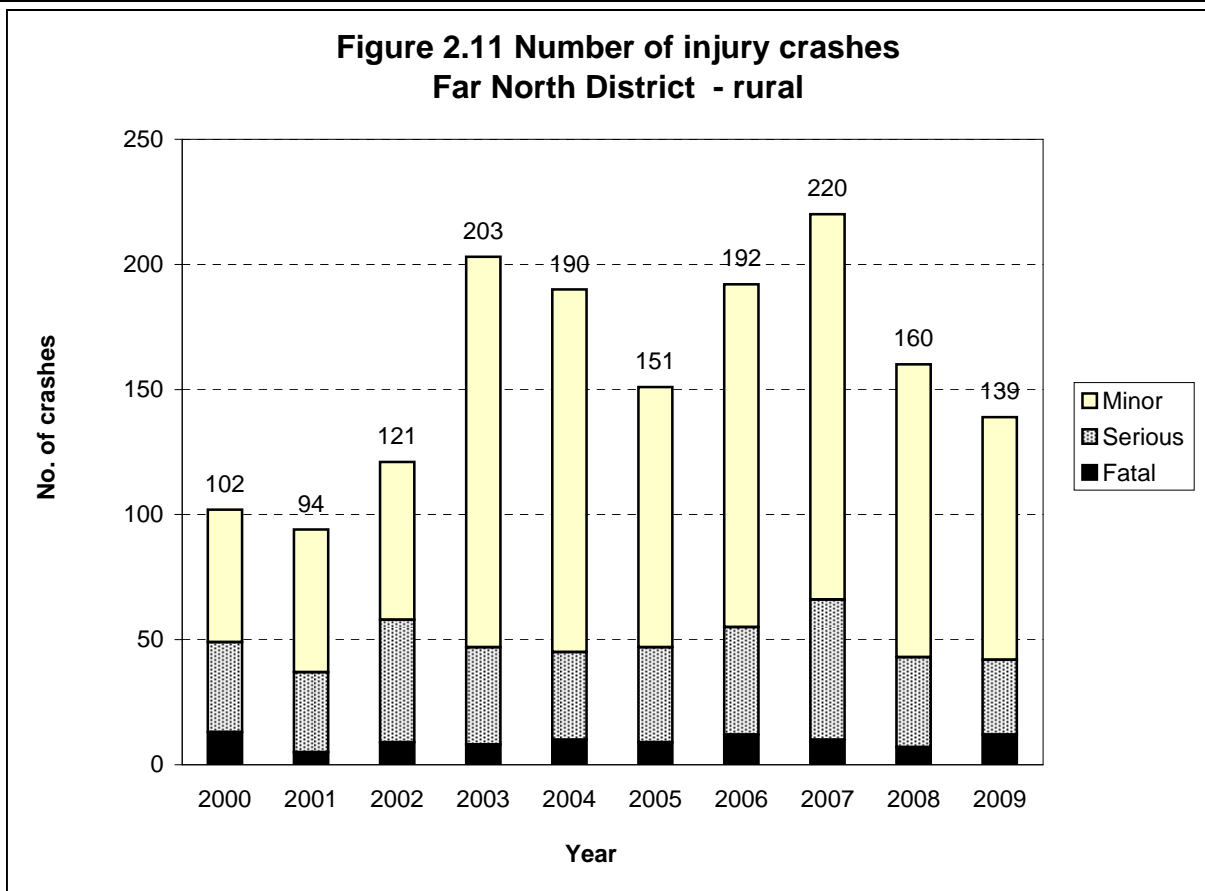
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Total	%	Group D
Fatal casualties	2	1	3	1	1	8	3%	2%
Serious casualties	9	1	5	6	8	29	12%	16%
Minor casualties	32	46	36	34	59	207	85%	82%
<b>Total casualties</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>

**Figure 2.6: Casualty numbers and severity 2005 to 2009 - rural roads**

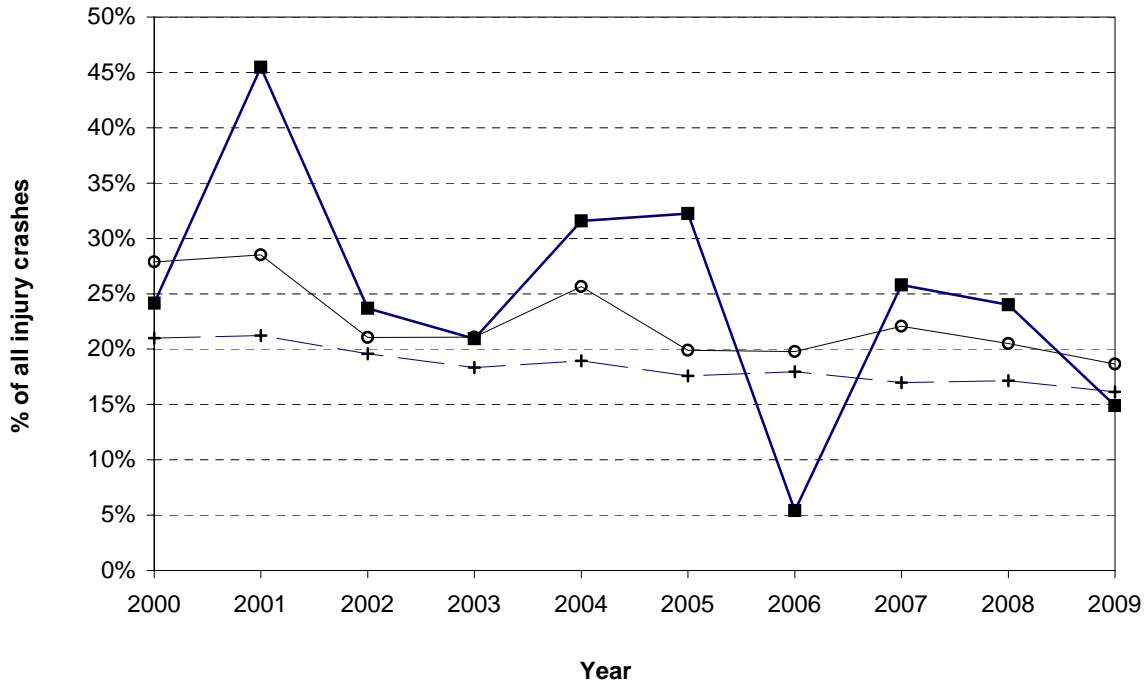
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Total	%	Group D
Fatal casualties	10	12	12	9	14	57	4%	5%
Serious casualties	52	58	81	46	36	273	20%	21%
Minor casualties	182	218	277	183	161	1021	76%	74%
<b>Total casualties</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>288</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>1351</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>







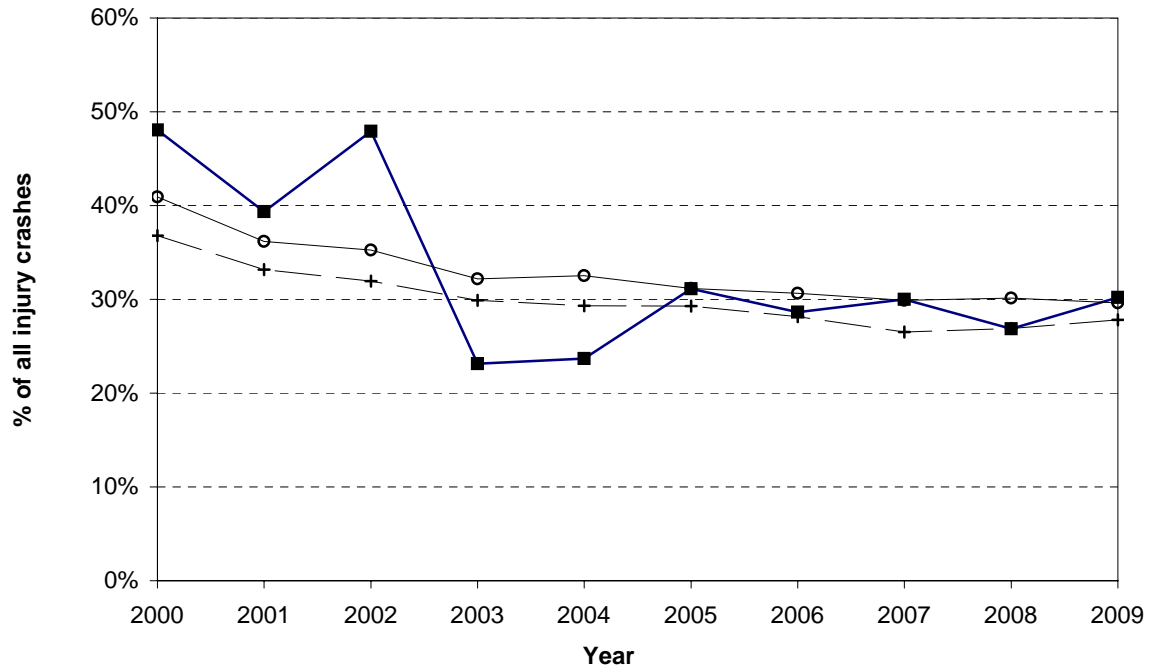
**Figure 2.13 Severity ratio - urban  
Far North District**



Note: This graph depicts the percentage of serious injury crashes (including those which resulted in death) to all injury crashes.

+ All NZ    ■ Far North    ○ Group D

**Figure 2.14 Severity ratio - rural  
Far North District**



Note: This graph depicts the percentage of serious injury crashes (including those which resulted in death) to all injury crashes.

+ All NZ    ■ Far North    ○ Group D

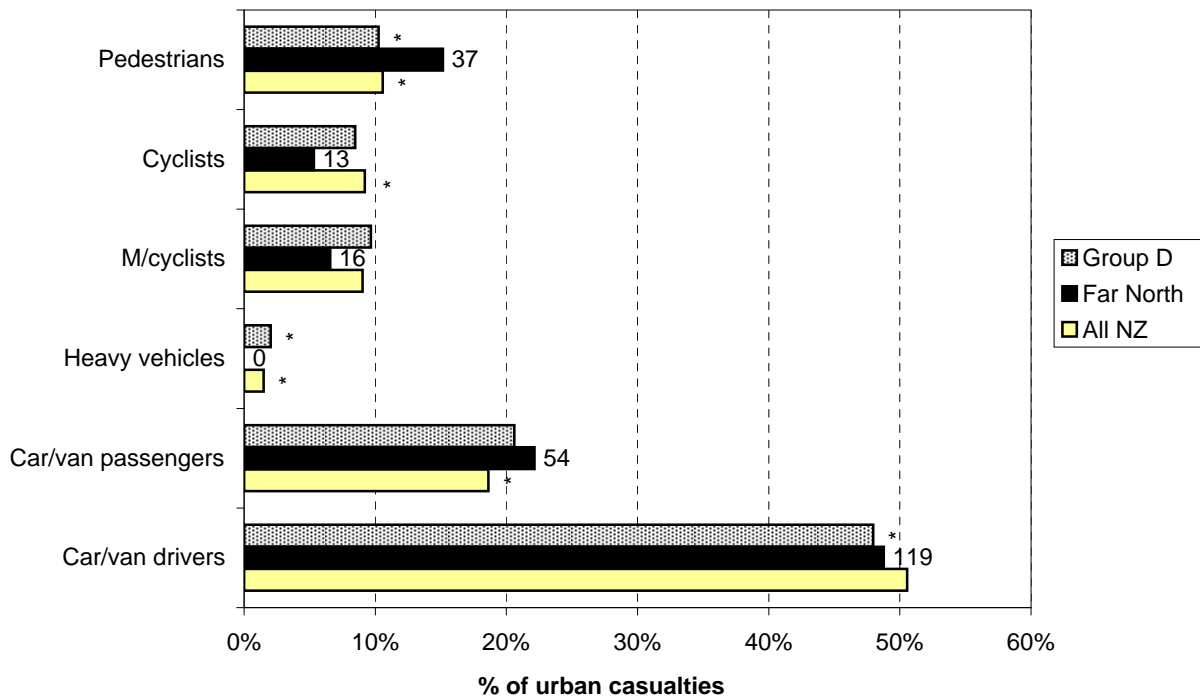


# *Road User Statistics*



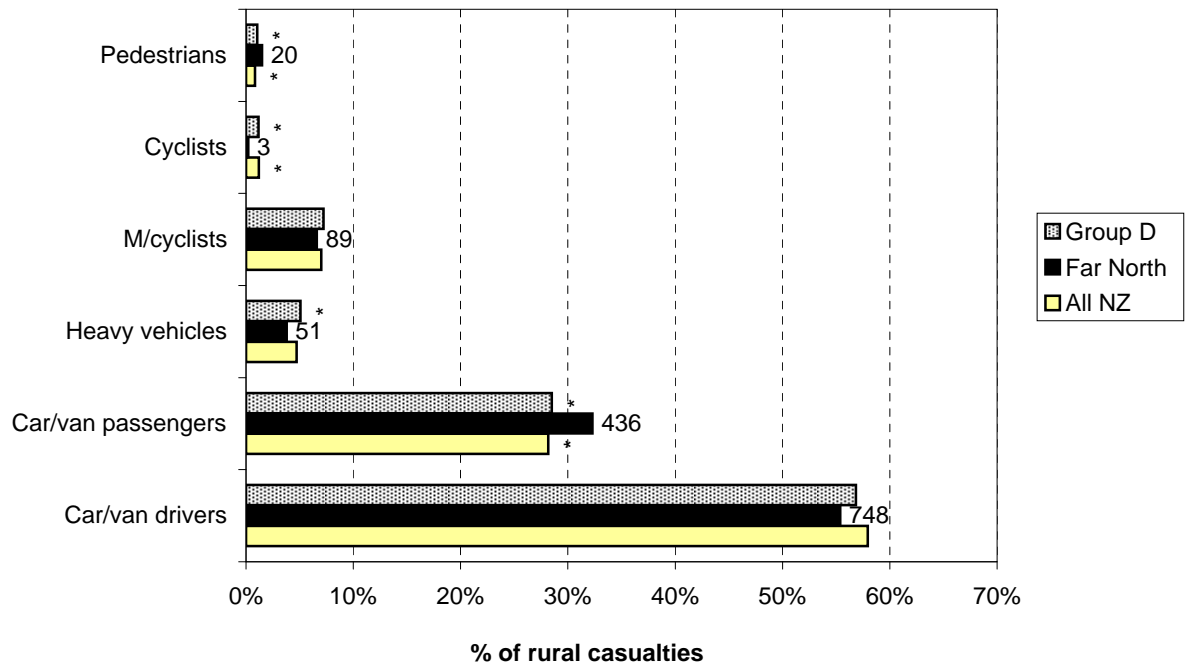


**Figure 3.1 Road user casualties - urban  
Far North District (2005-2009)**



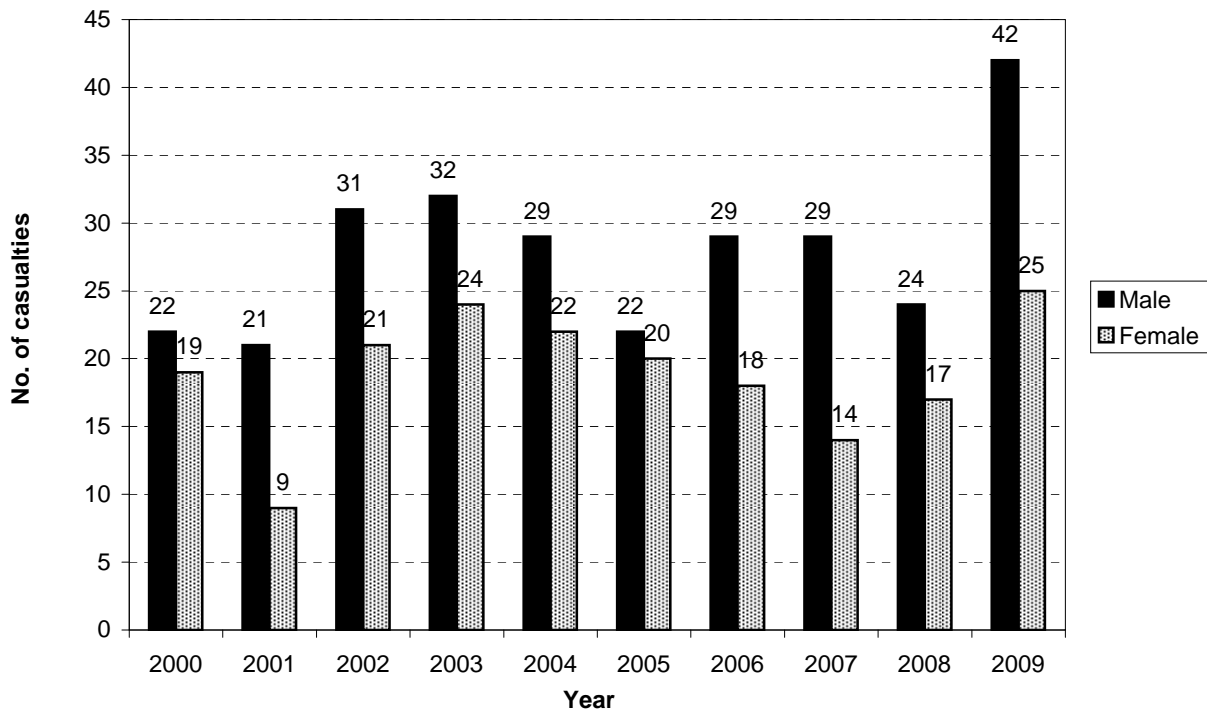
Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of casualties is shown against the data points.  
\*Denotes statistically significant difference between Local Authority and National or Peer Group Proportions

**Figure 3.2 Road user casualties - rural  
Far North District (2005-2009)**



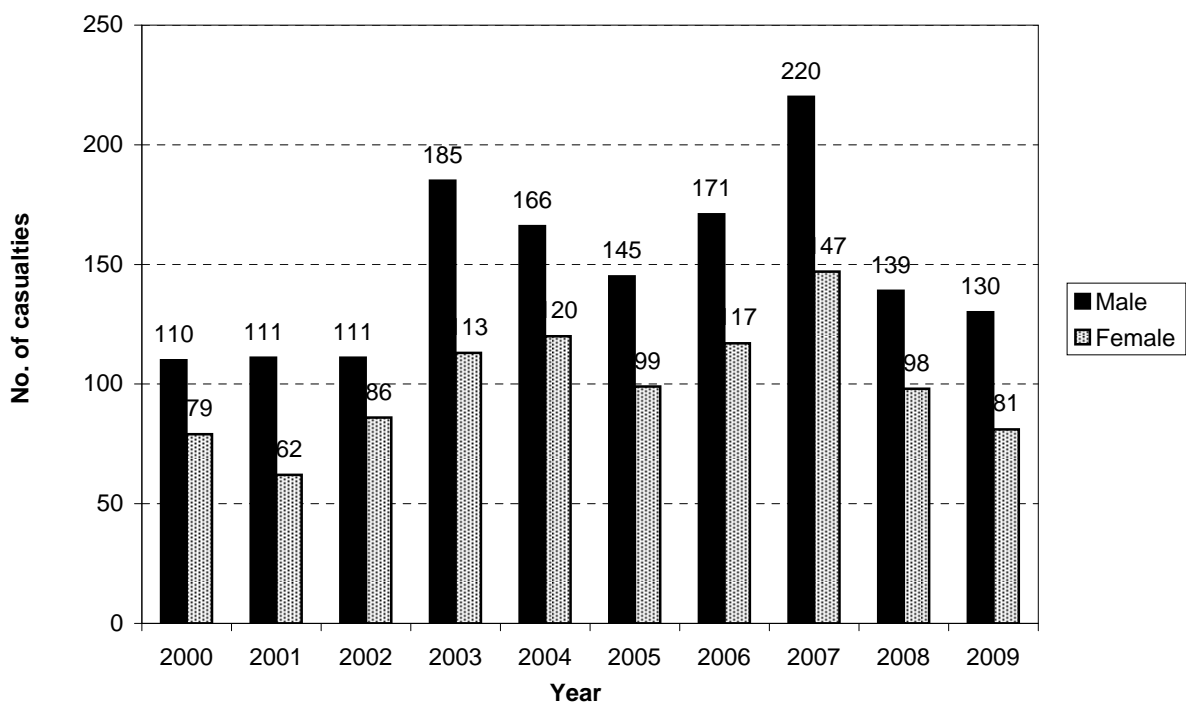
Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of casualties is shown against the data points.  
\*Denotes statistically significant difference between Local Authority and National or Peer Group Proportions

**Figure 3.3 Male/female casualties - urban  
Far North District**



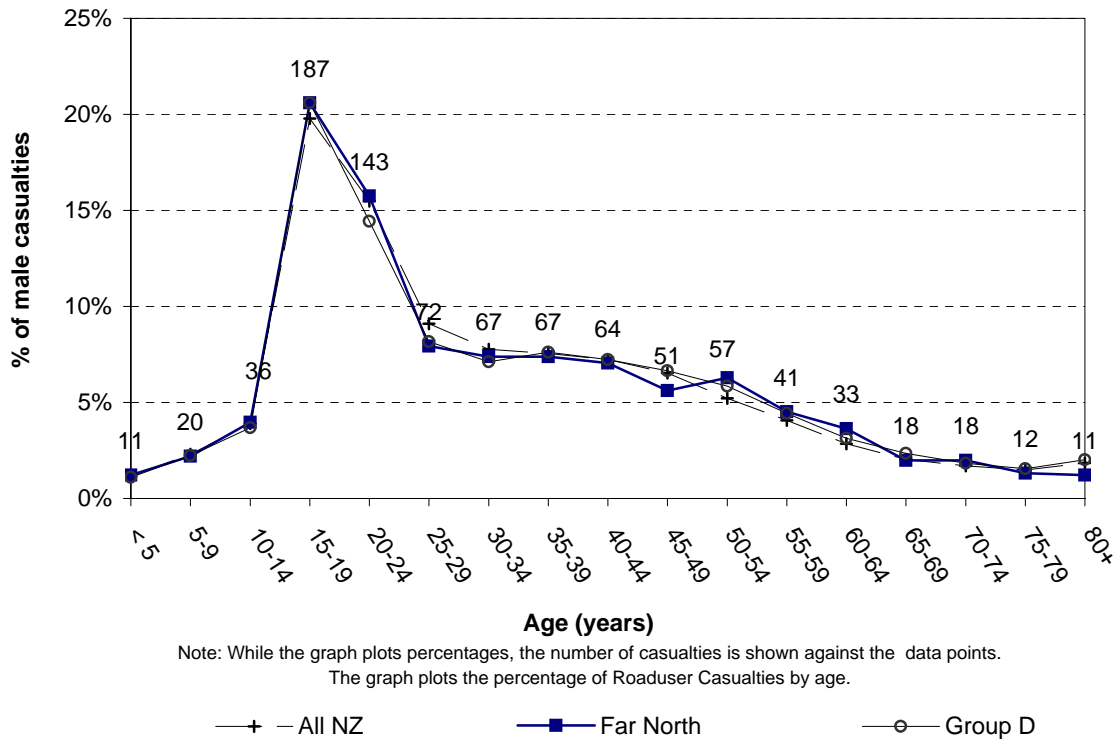
Note: This graph shows the number of male and female roadusers injured

**Figure 3.4 Male/female casualties - rural  
Far North District**

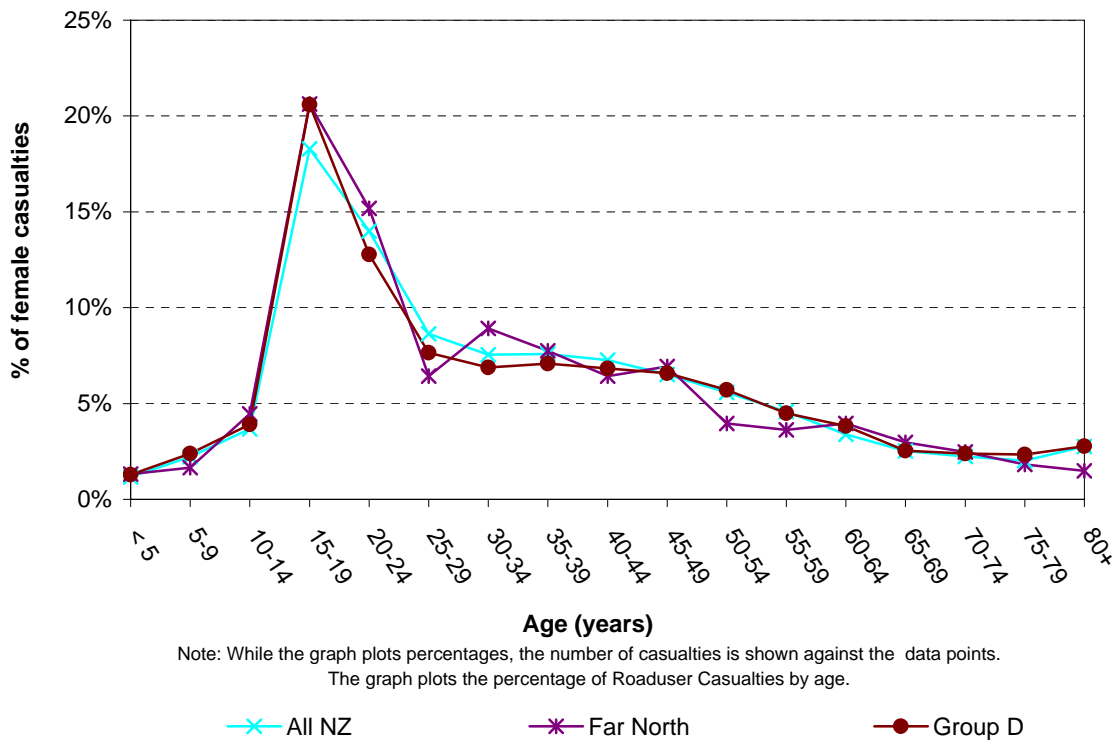


Note: This graph shows the number of male and female roadusers injured

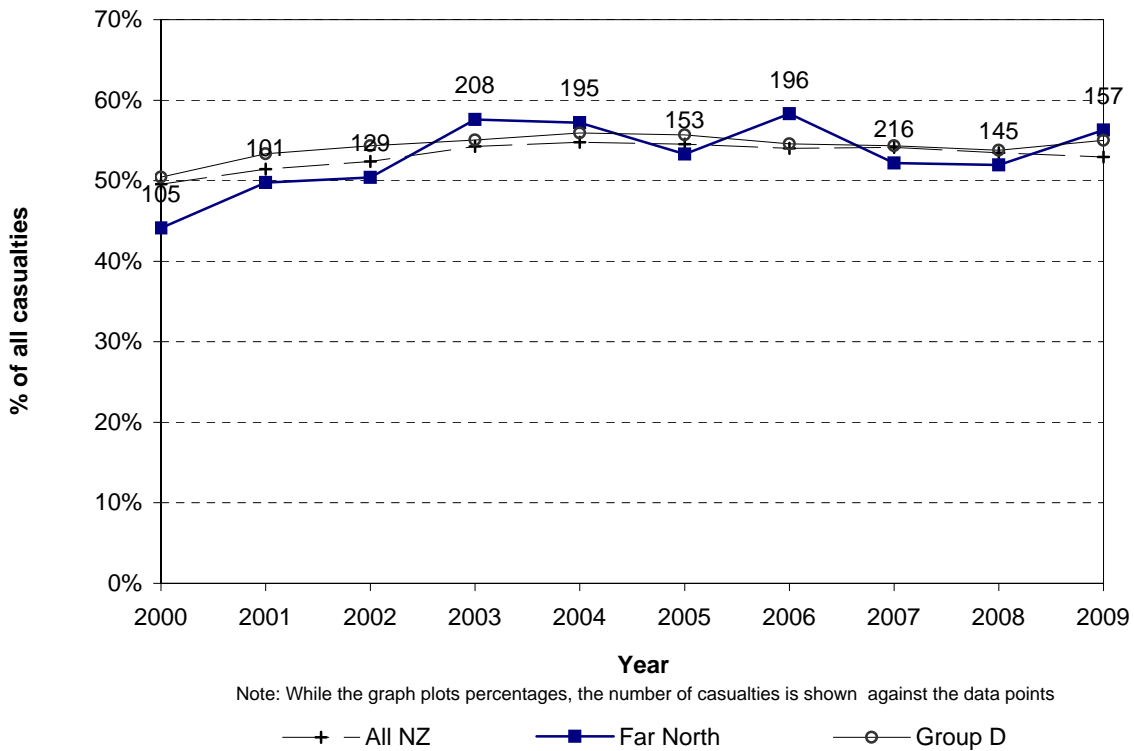
**Figure 3.5 Male casualties by age  
Far North District (2005-2009)**



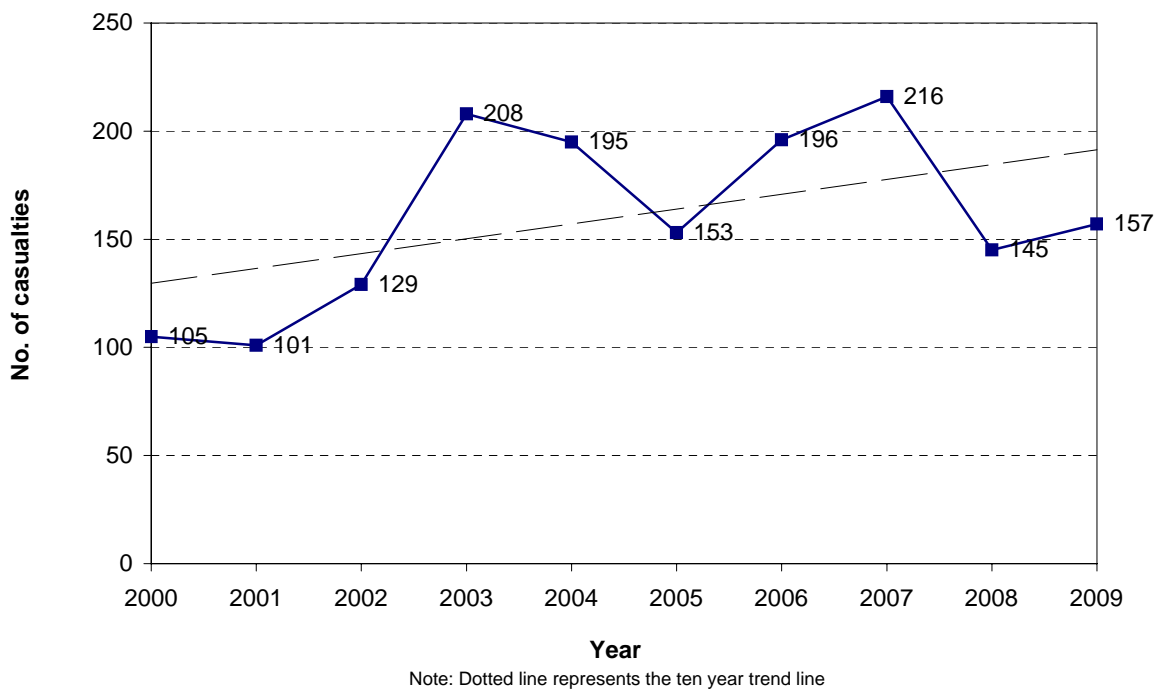
**Figure 3.6 Female casualties by age  
Far North District (2005-2009)**



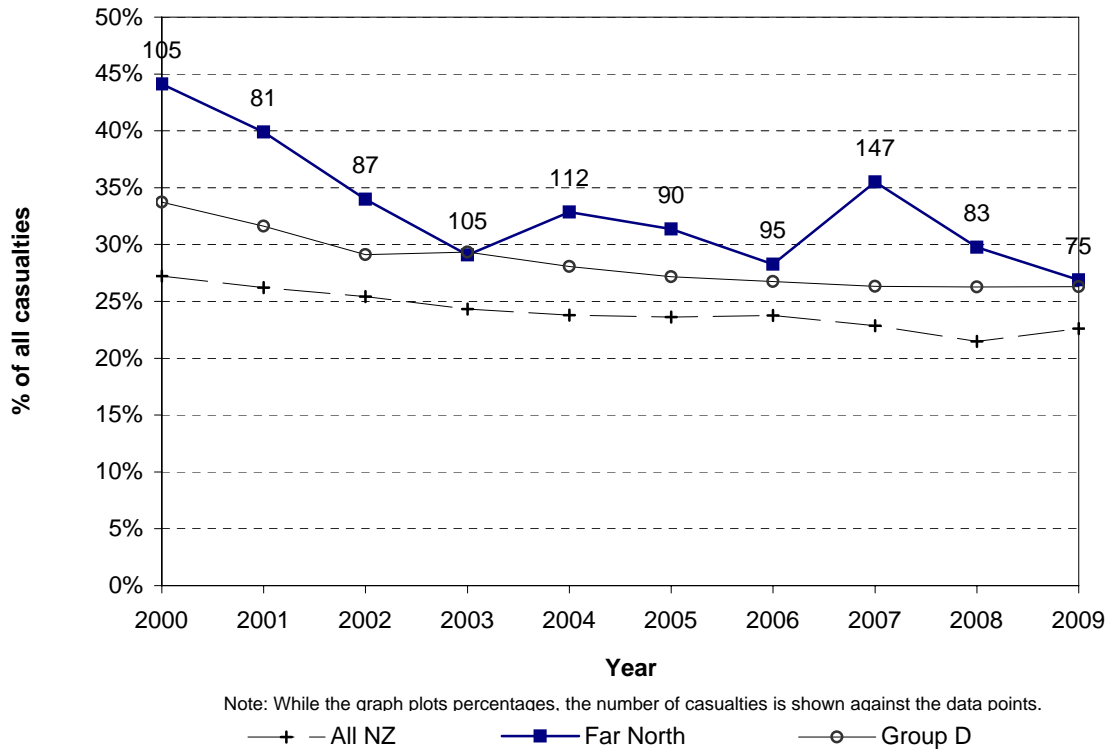
**Figure 3.7 Car/van driver casualties  
Far North District**



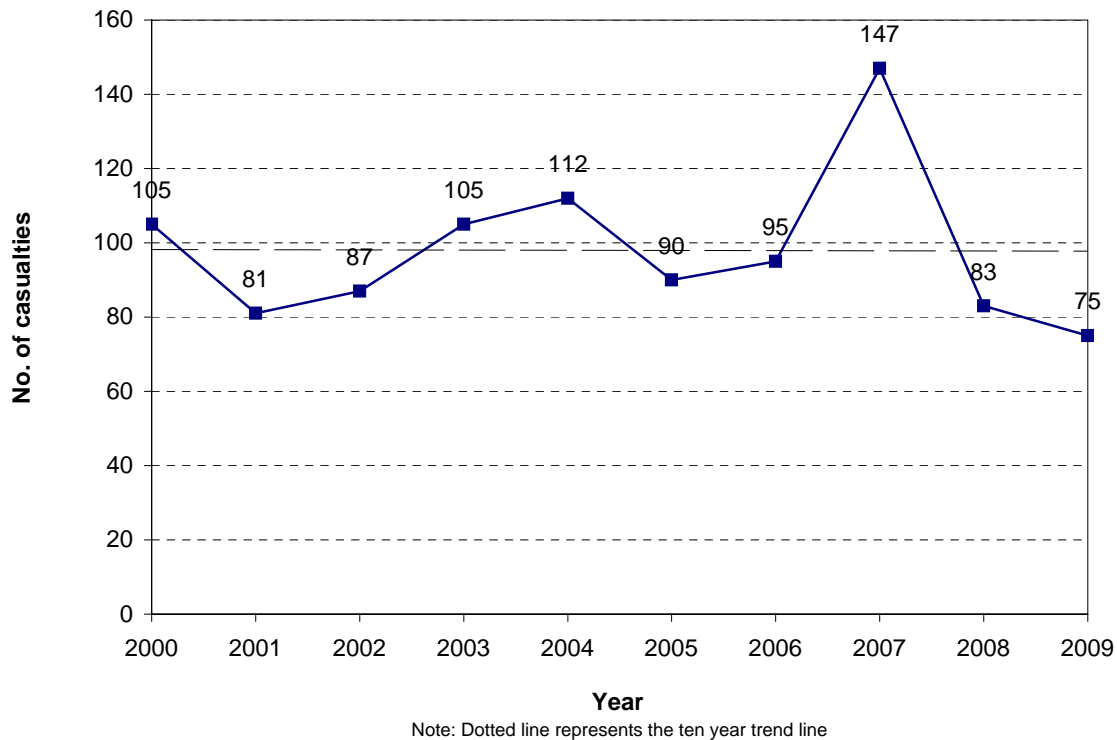
**Figure 3.8 Car/van driver casualties  
Far North District**



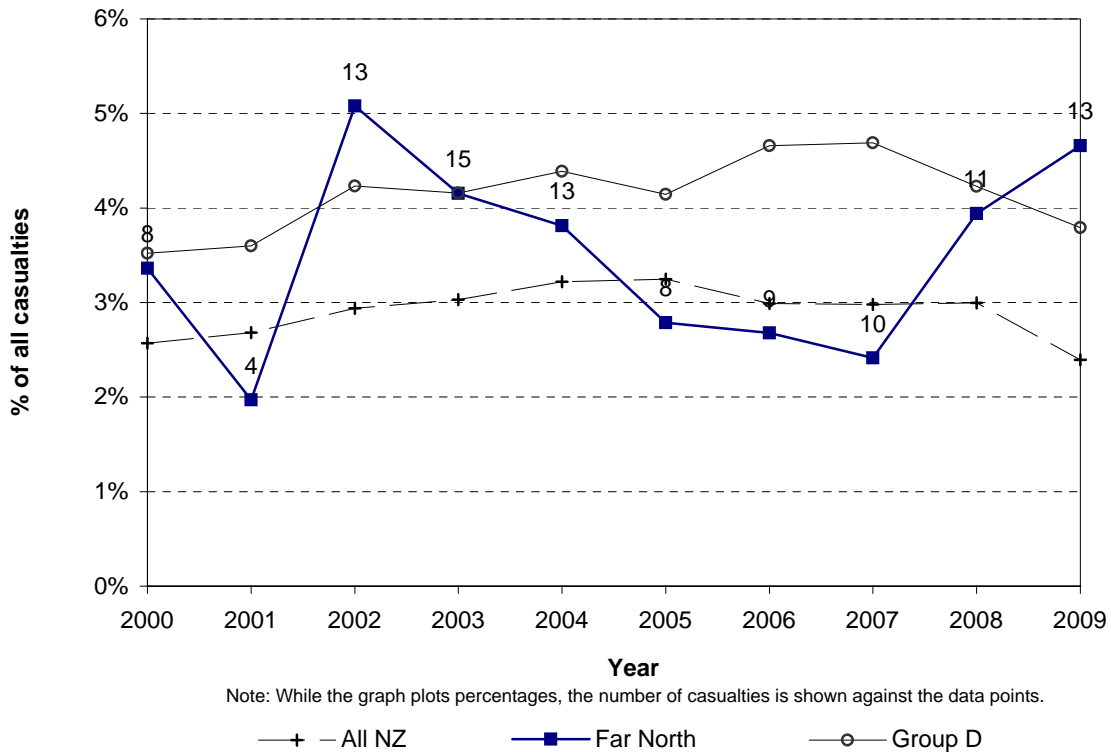
**Figure 3.9 Car/van passenger casualties  
Far North District**



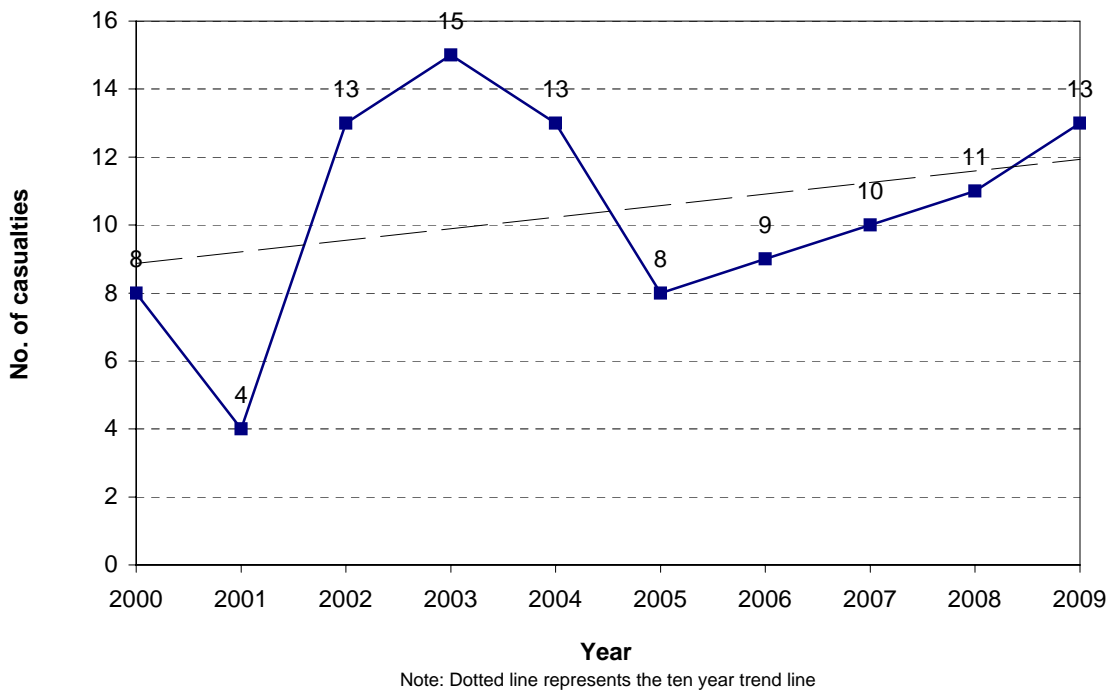
**Figure 3.10 Car/van passenger casualties  
Far North District**



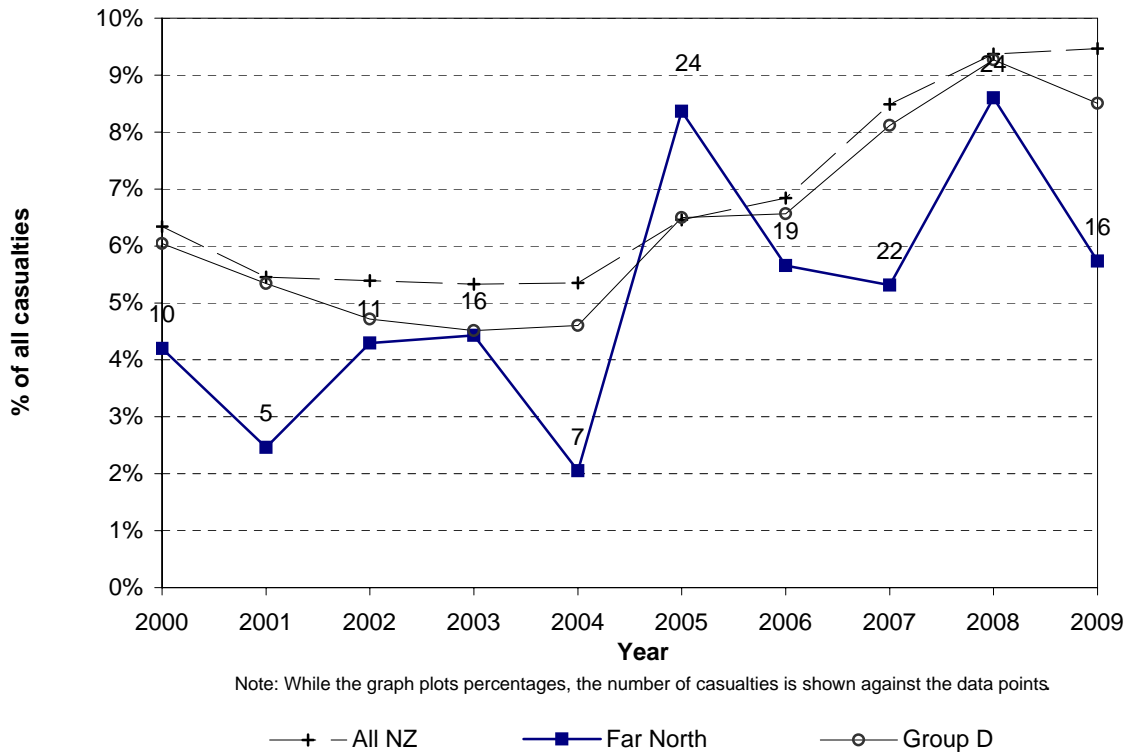
**Figure 3.11 Heavy vehicle casualties  
Far North District**



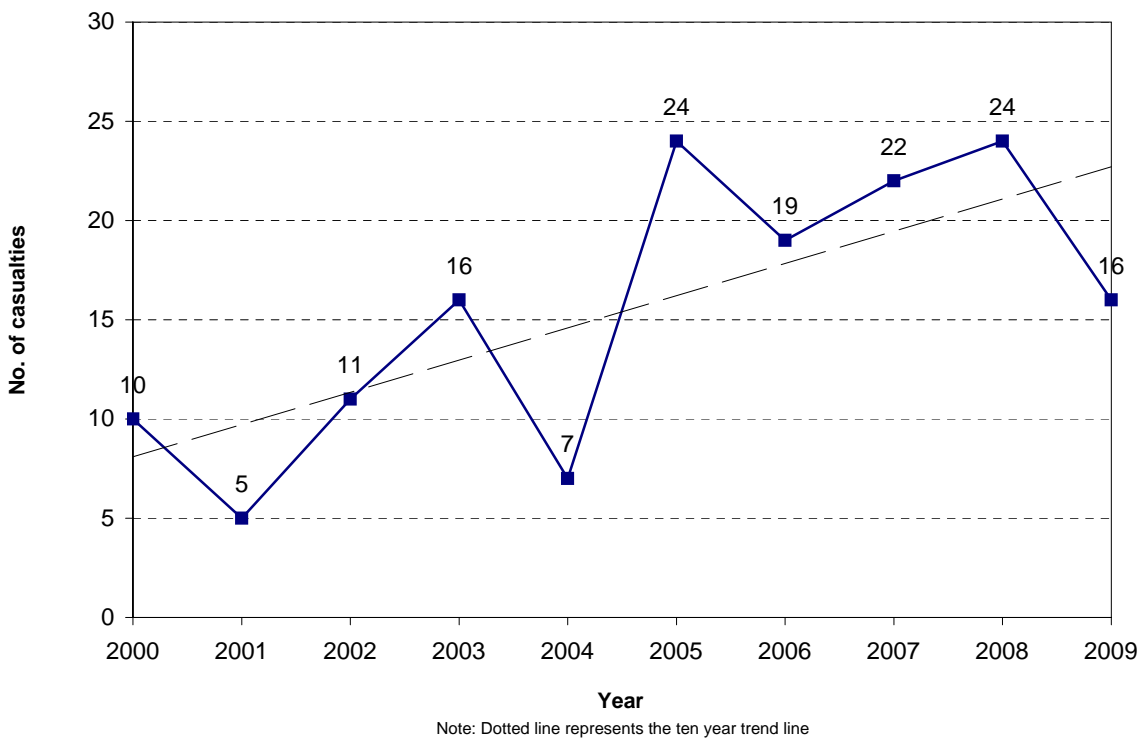
**Figure 3.12 Heavy vehicle casualties  
Far North District**



**Figure 3.13 Motorcyclist casualties  
Far North District**

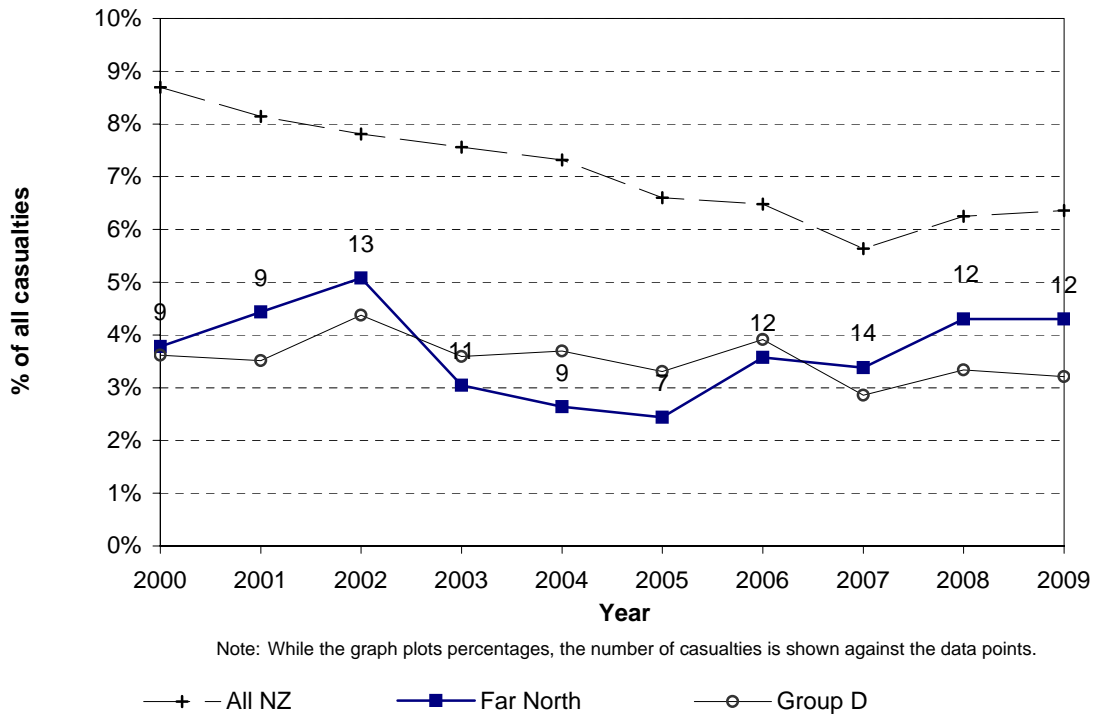


**Figure 3.14 Motorcyclist casualties  
Far North District**

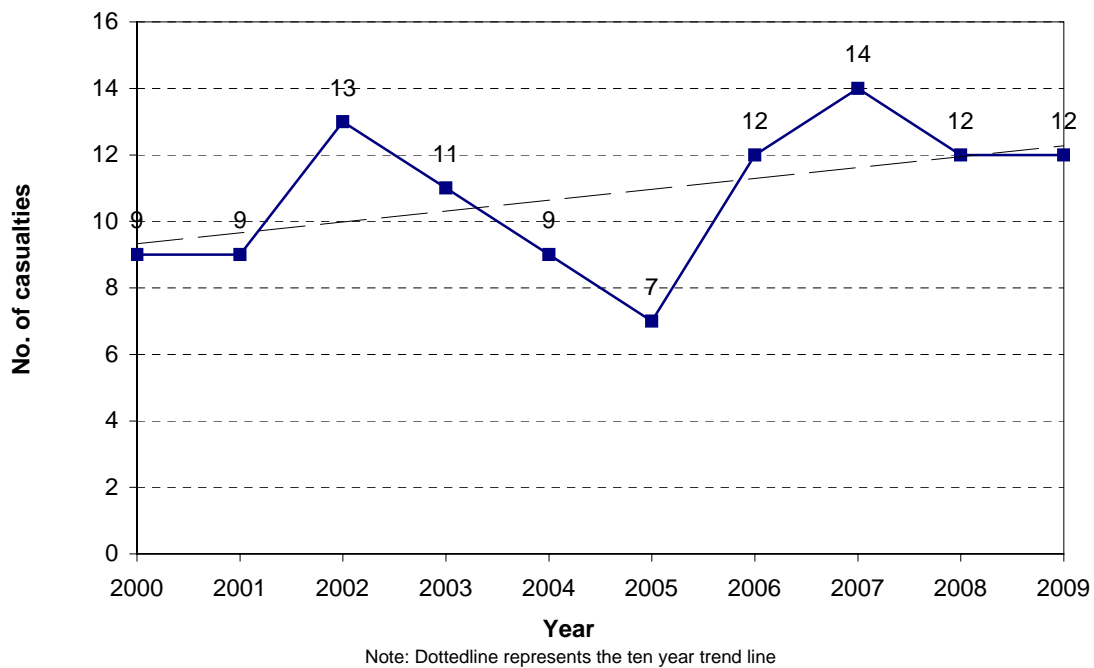




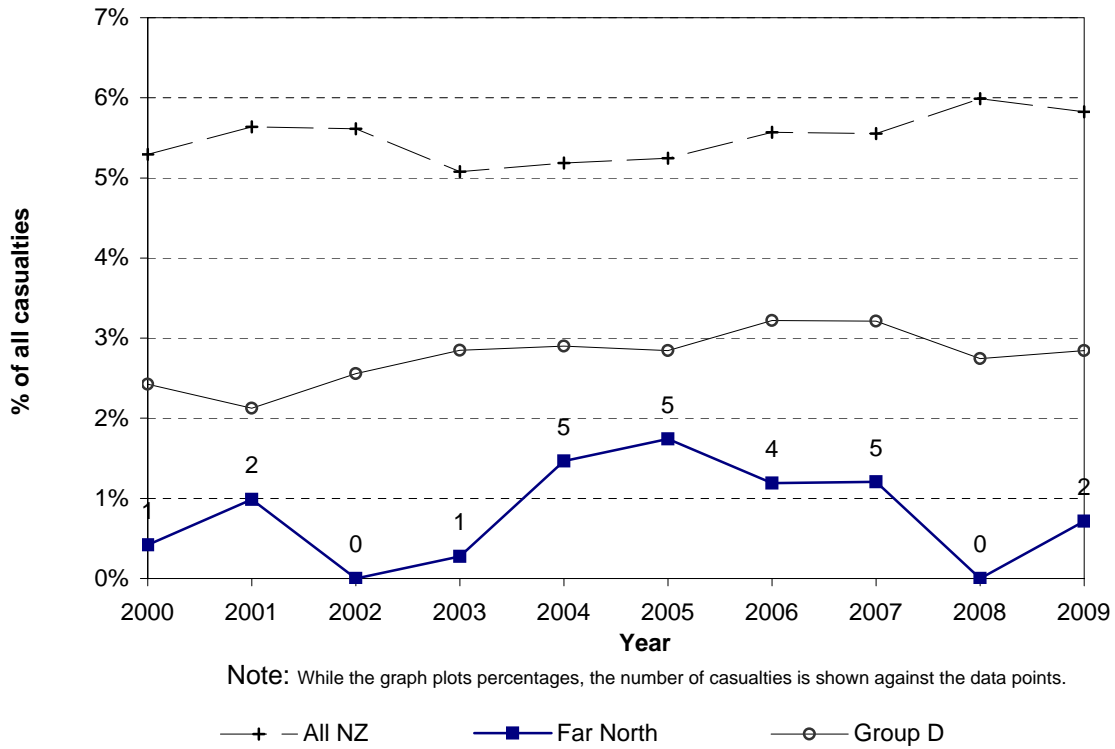
**Figure 3.15 Pedestrian casualties  
Far North District**



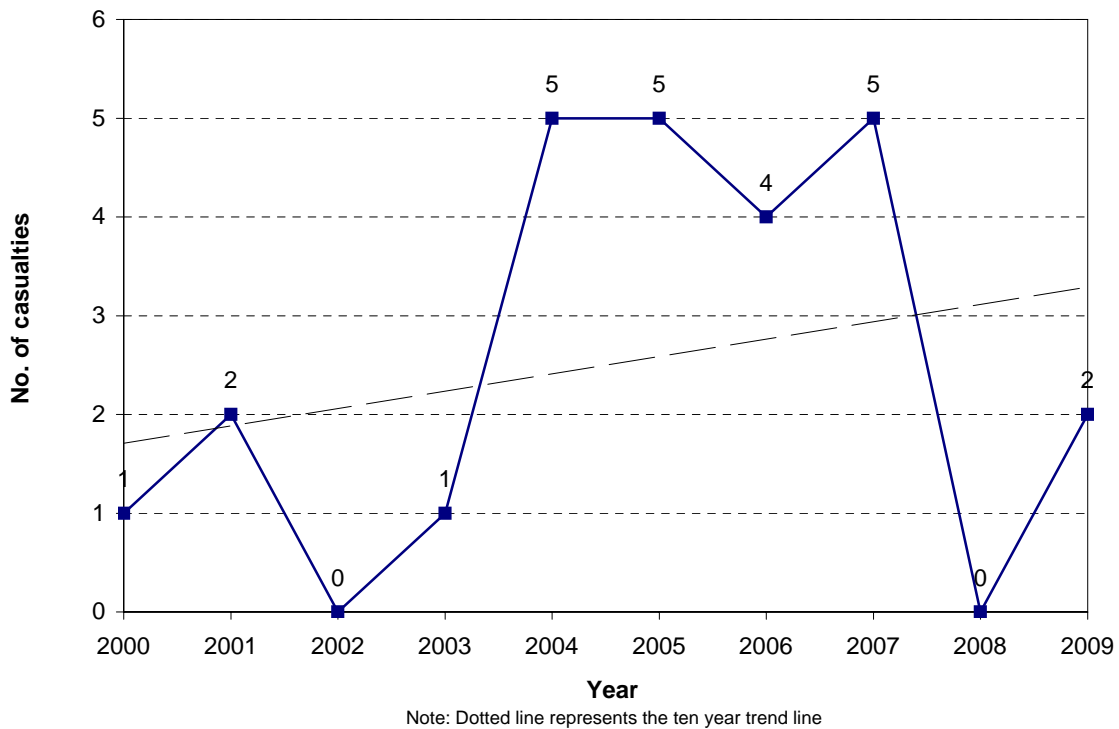
**Figure 3.16 Pedestrian casualties  
Far North District**



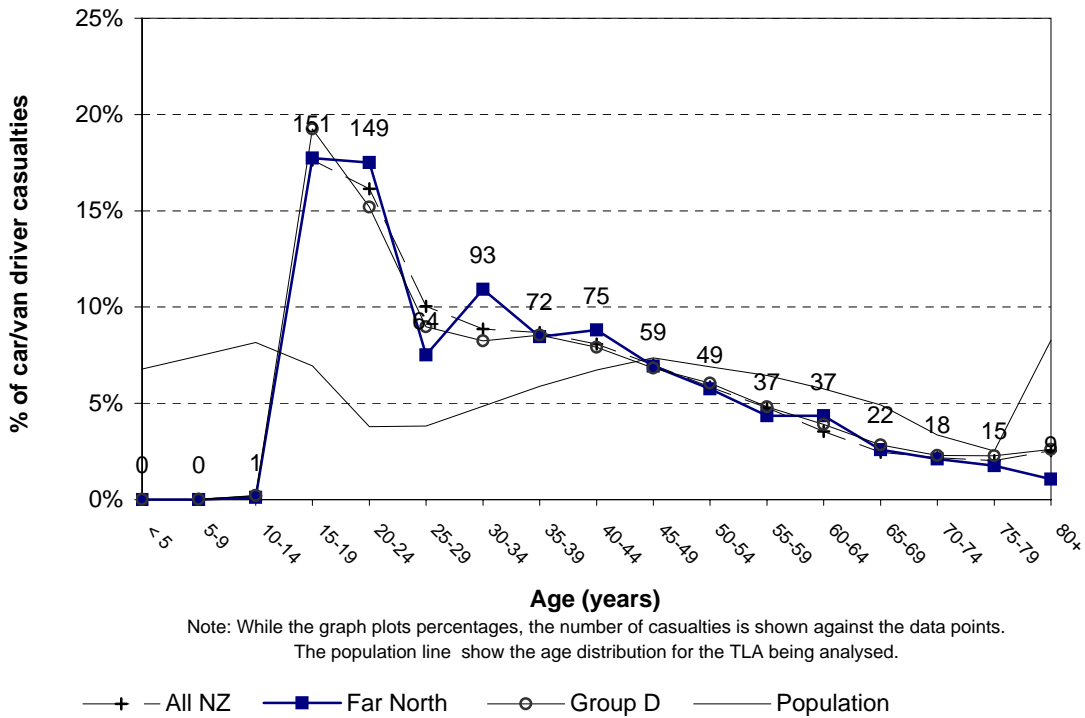
**Figure 3.17 Cyclist casualties  
Far North District**



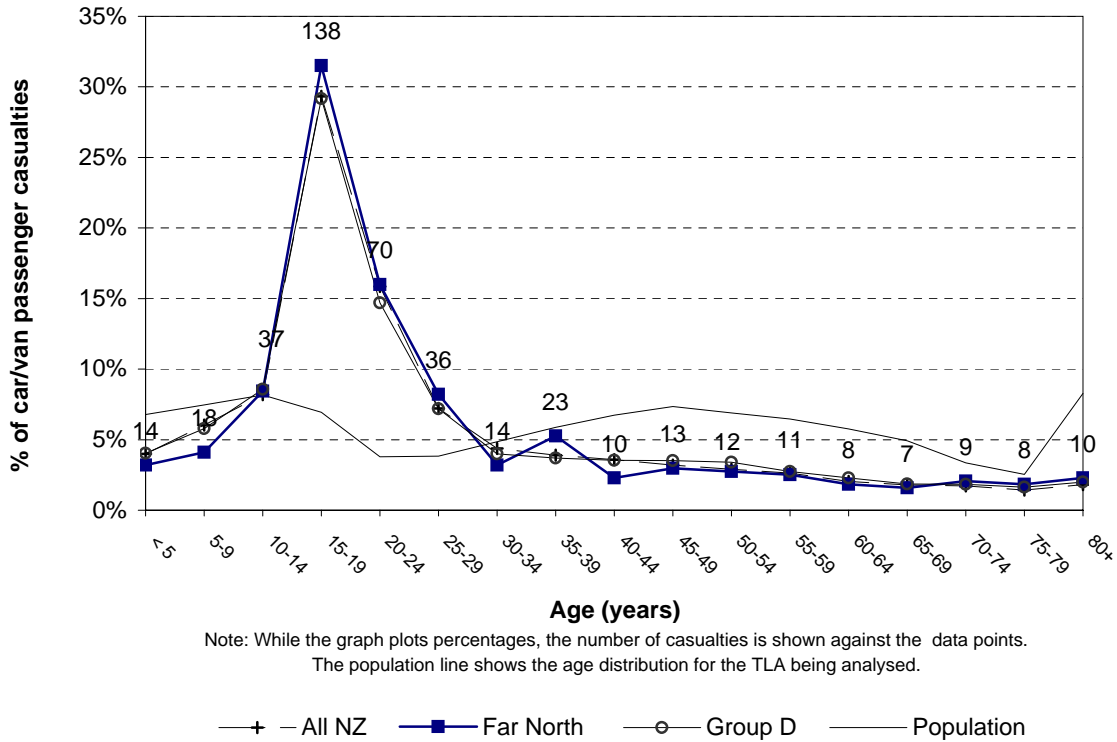
**Figure 3.18 Cyclist casualties  
Far North District**



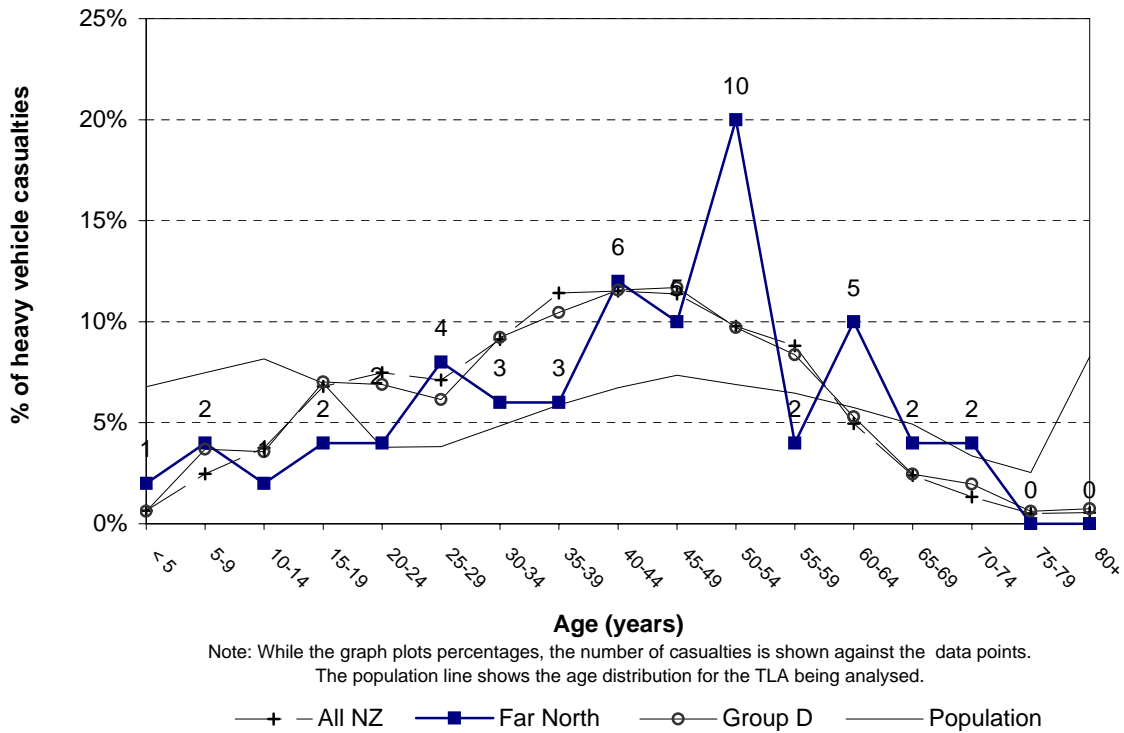
**Figure 3.19 Car/van driver casualty age  
Far North District (2005-2009)**



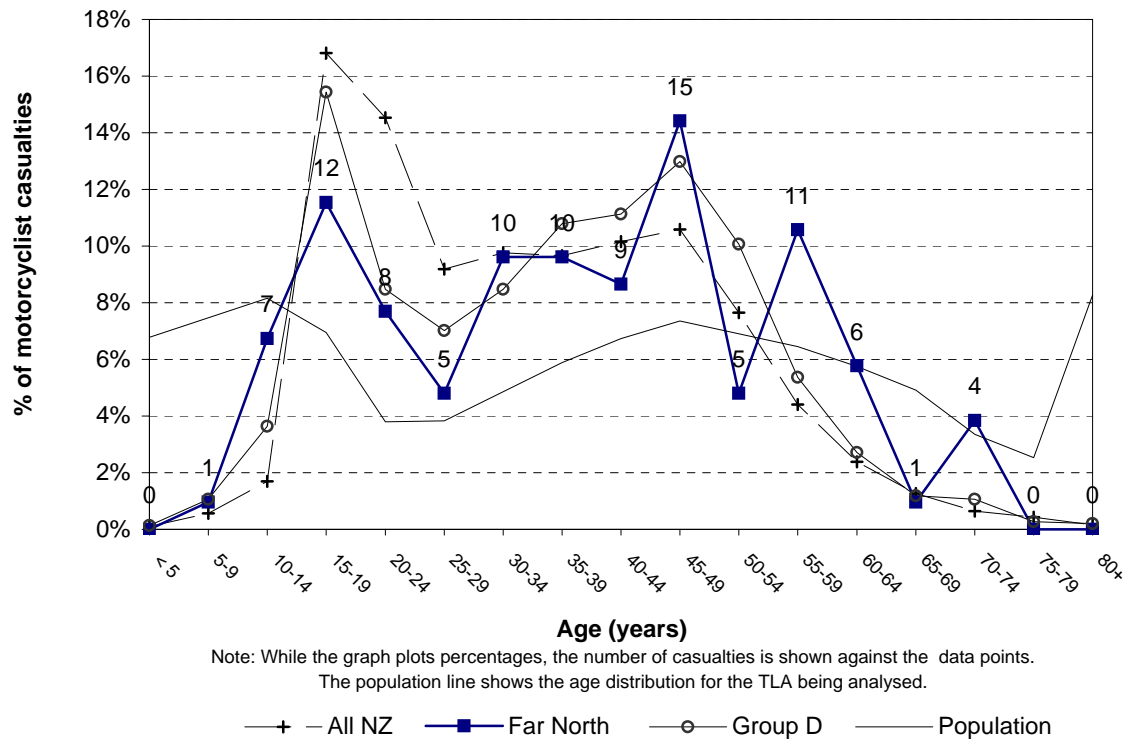
**Figure 3.20 Car/van passenger casualty age  
Far North District (2005-2009)**



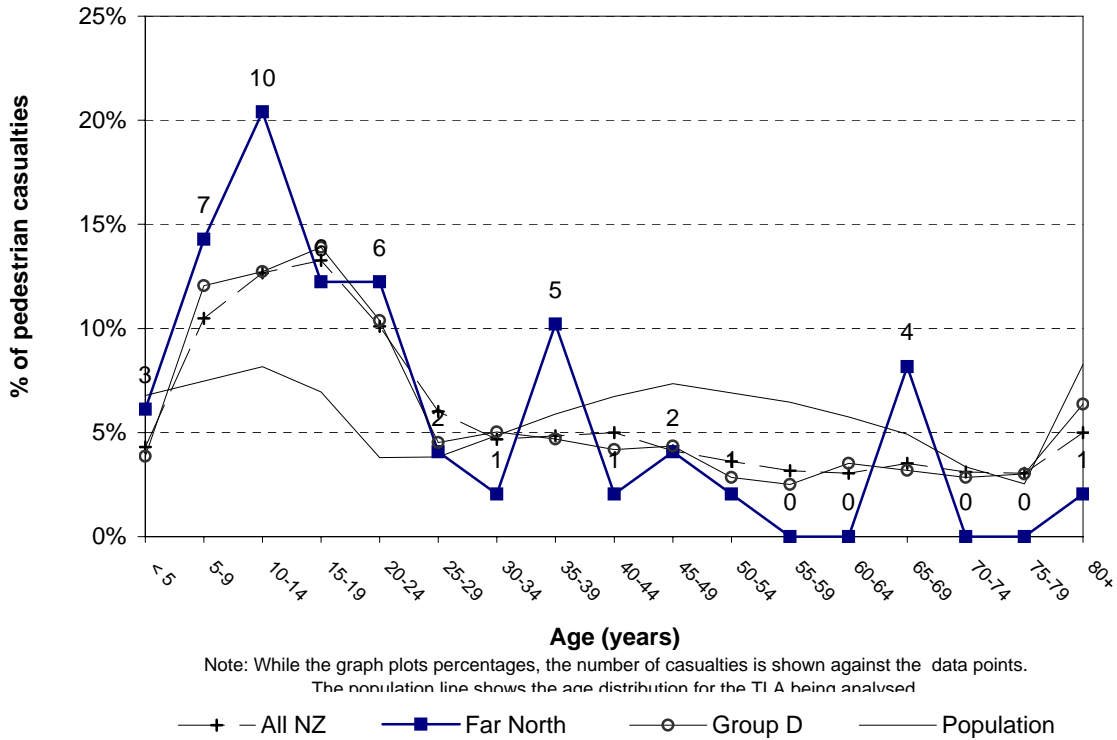
**Figure 3.21 Heavy vehicle casualty age  
Far North District (2005-2009)**



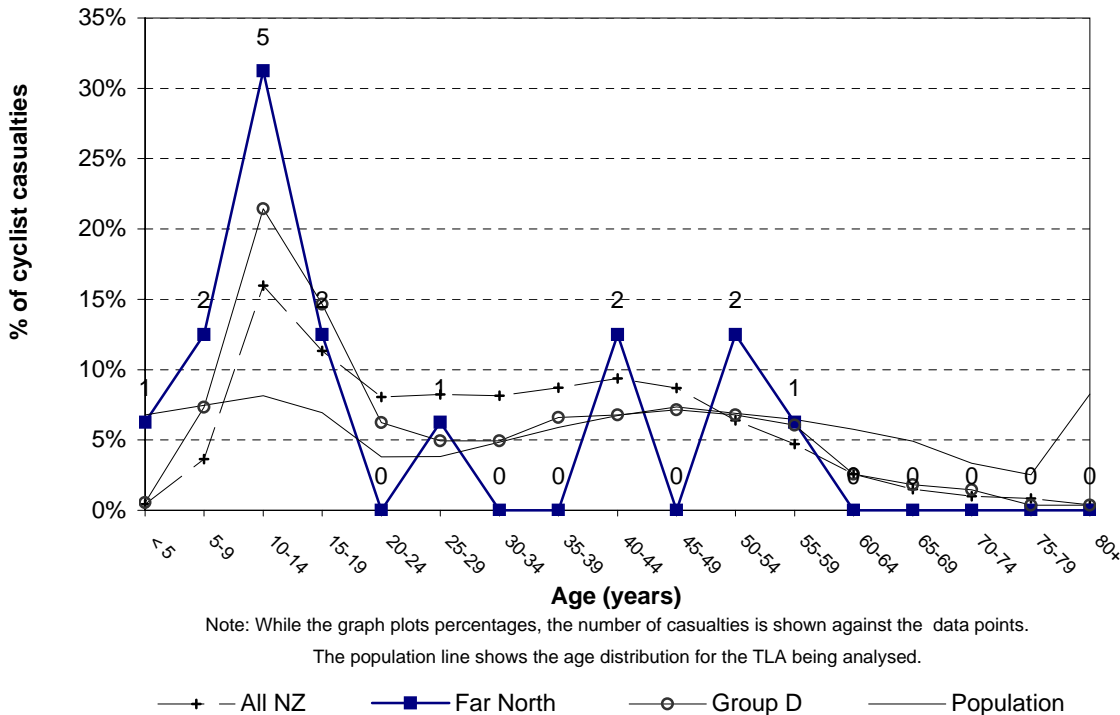
**Figure 3.22 Motorcyclist casualty age  
Far North District (2005-2009)**



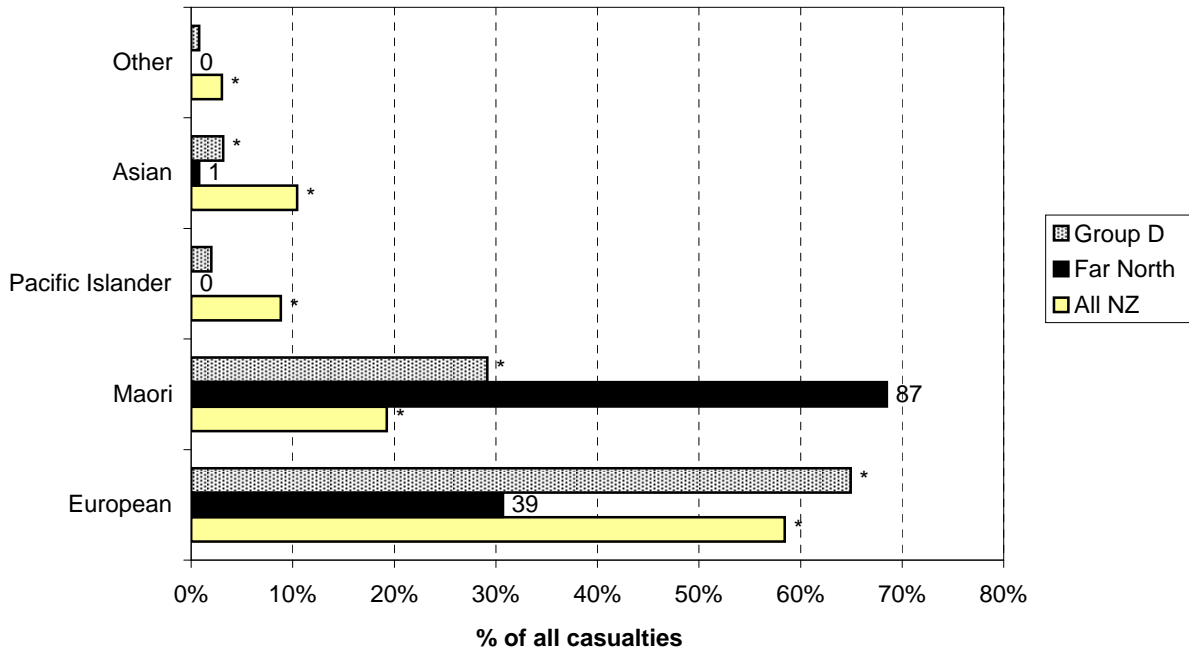
**Figure 3.23 Pedestrian casualty age  
Far North District (2005-2009)**



**Figure 3.24 Cyclist casualty age  
Far North District (2005-2009)**

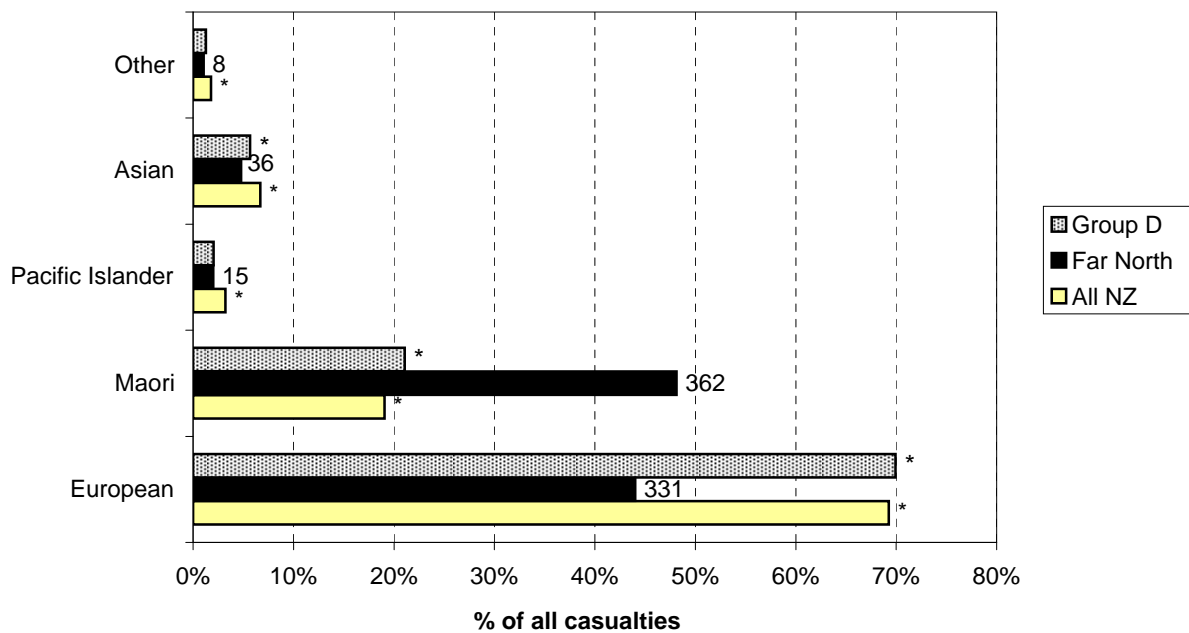


**Figure 3.25 Casualty ethnicity - urban  
Far North District (2005-2009)**



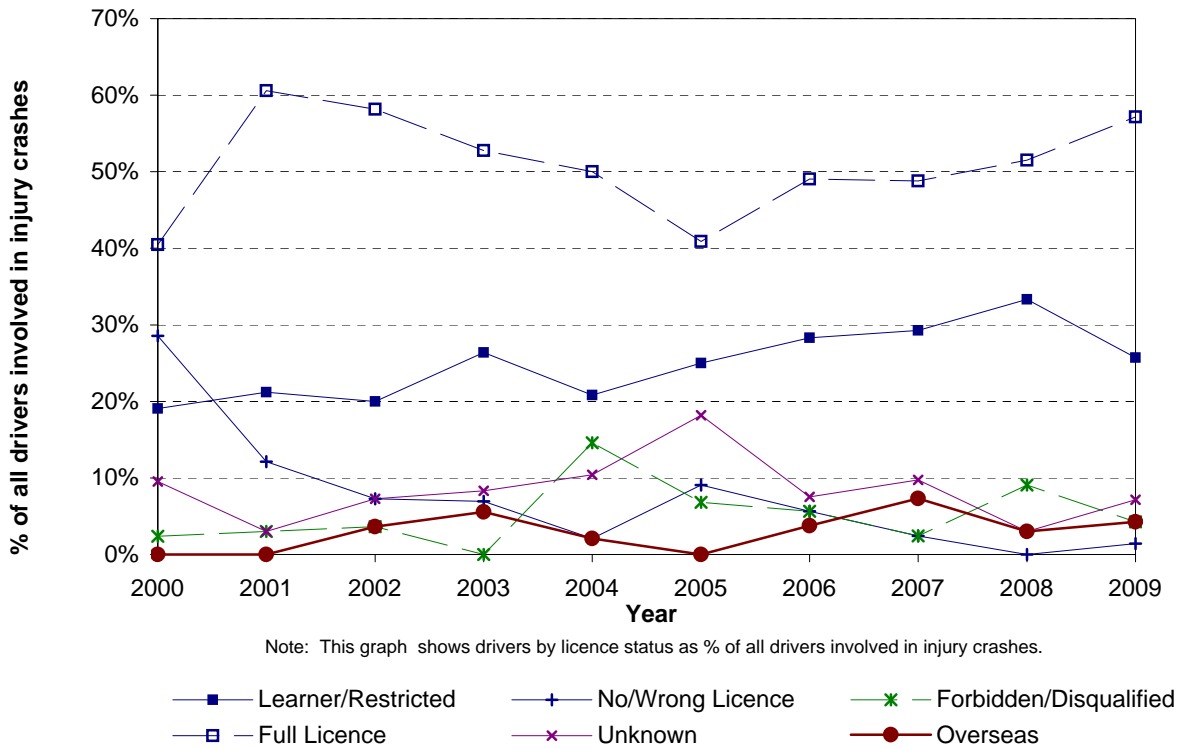
Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of crashes is shown against the data points.  
\*Denotes statistically significant difference between Local Authority and National or Peer Group Proportions

**Figure 3.26 Casualty ethnicity - rural  
Far North District (2005-2009)**

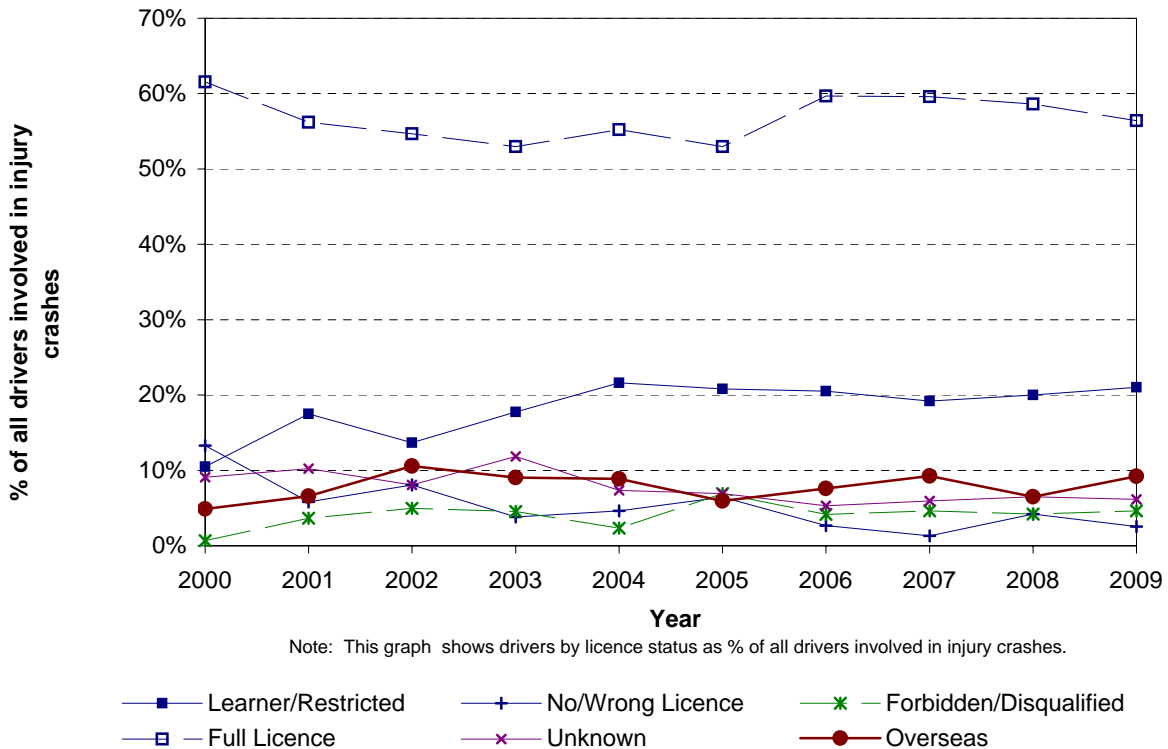


Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of crashes is shown against the data points.  
\*Denotes statistically significant difference between Local Authority and National or Peer Group Proportions

**Figure 3.27 Licence status - urban  
Far North District**



**Figure 3.28 Licence status - rural  
Far North District**

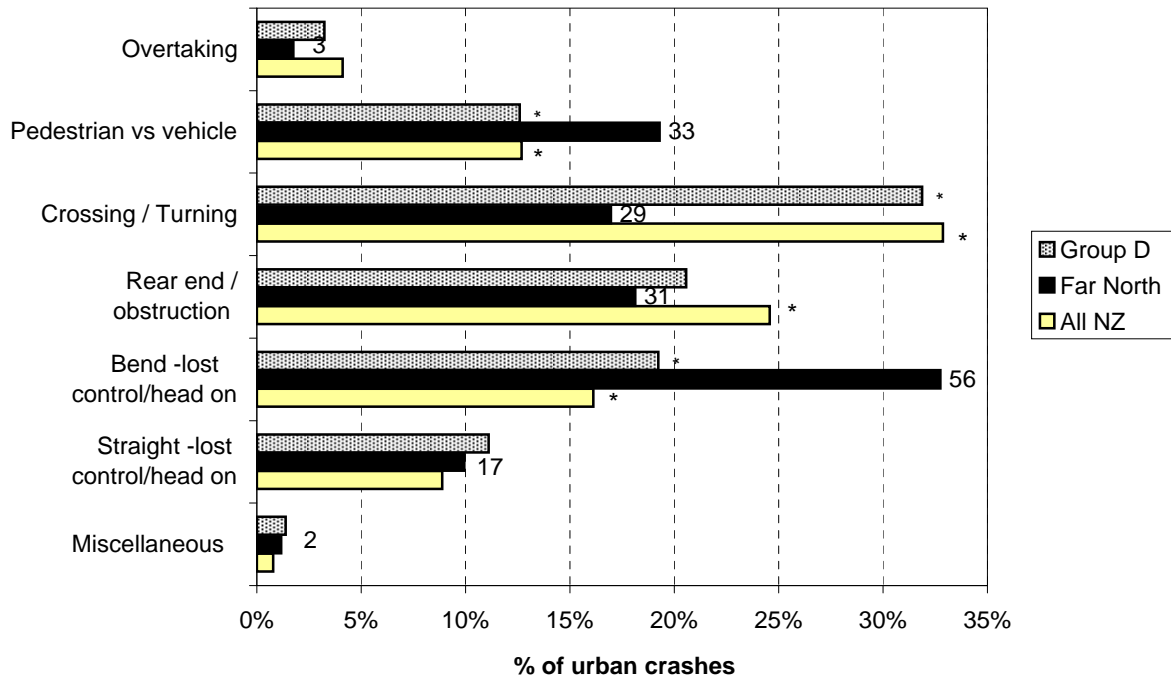


# *Crash Type Statistics*



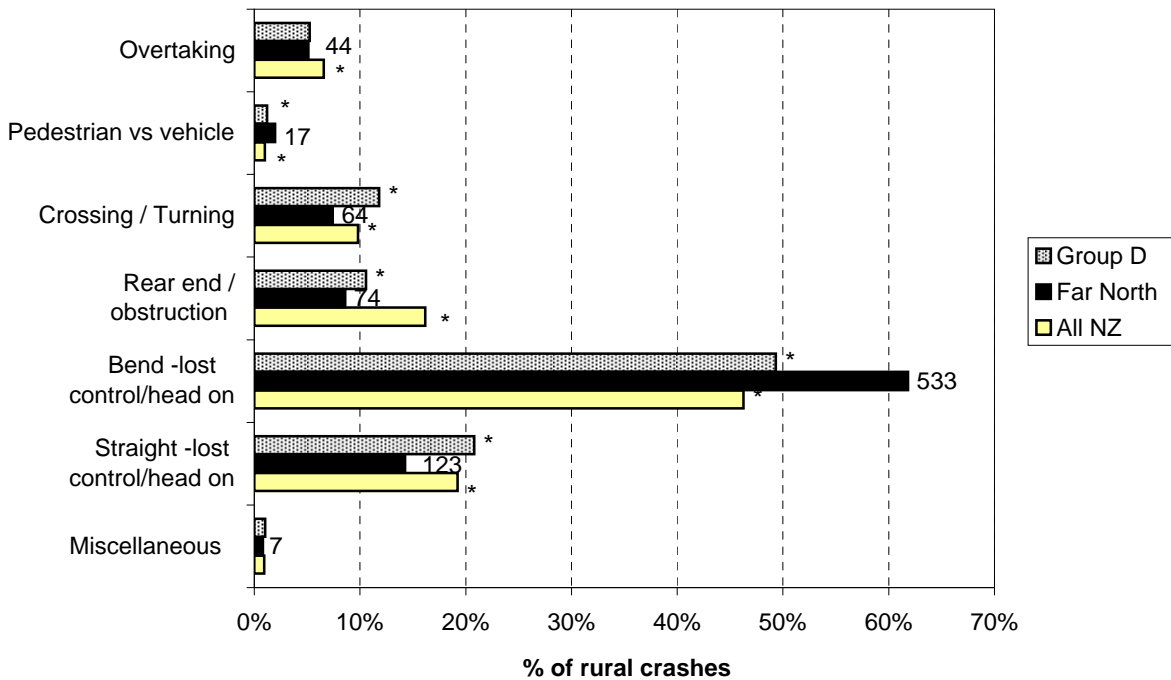


**Figure 4.1 Crash movement type - urban  
Far North District (2005-2009)**



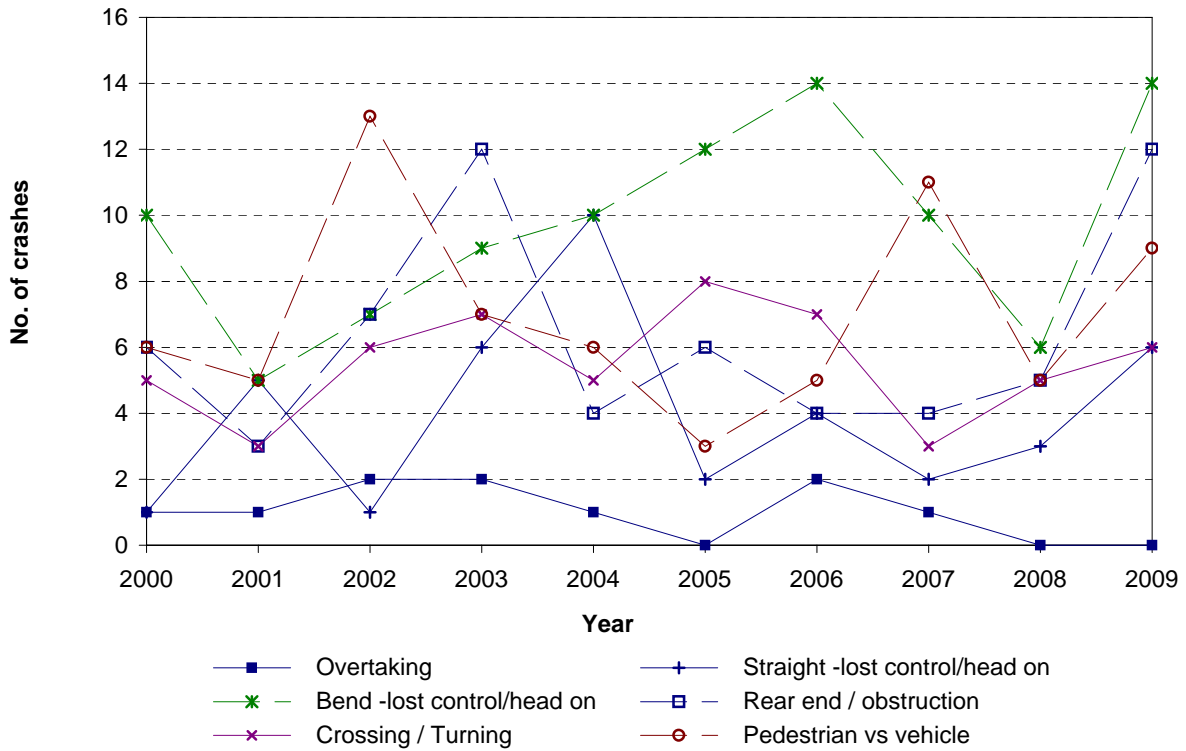
Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of crashes is shown against the data points.  
\*Denotes statistically significant difference between Local Authority and National or Peer Group Proportions

**Figure 4.2 Crash movement type - rural  
Far North District roads (2005-2009)**

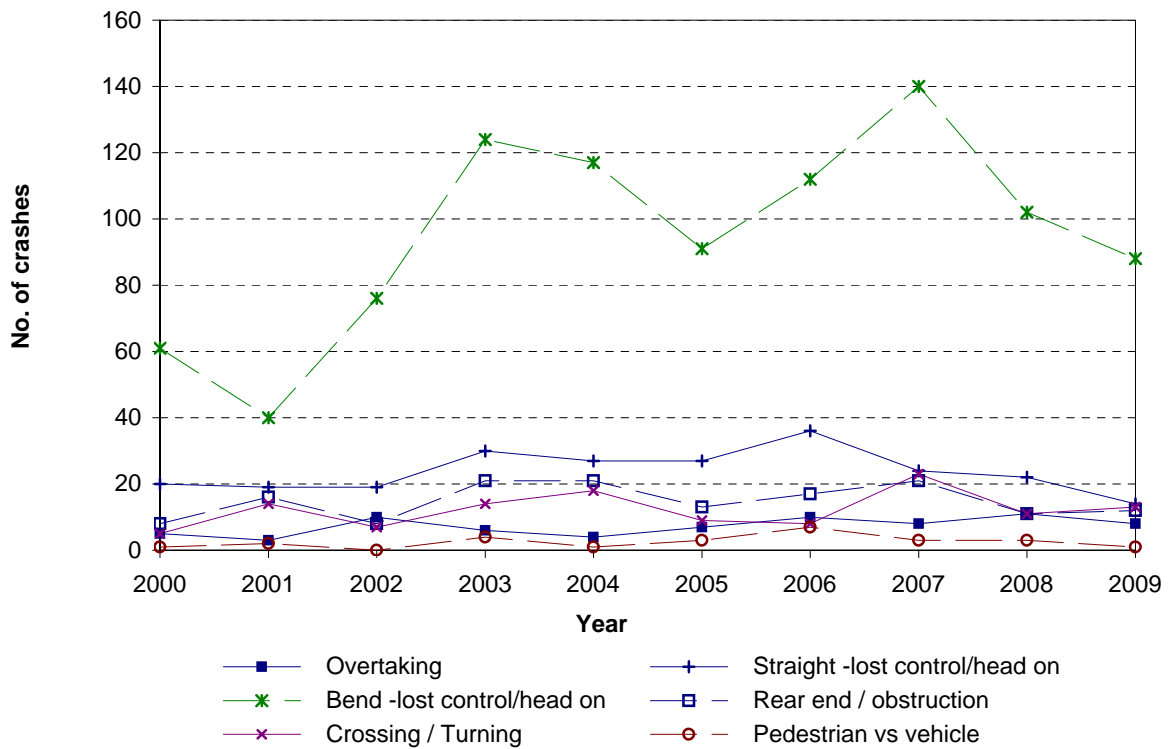


Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of crashes is shown against the data points.  
\*Denotes statistically significant difference between Local Authority and National or Peer Group Proportions

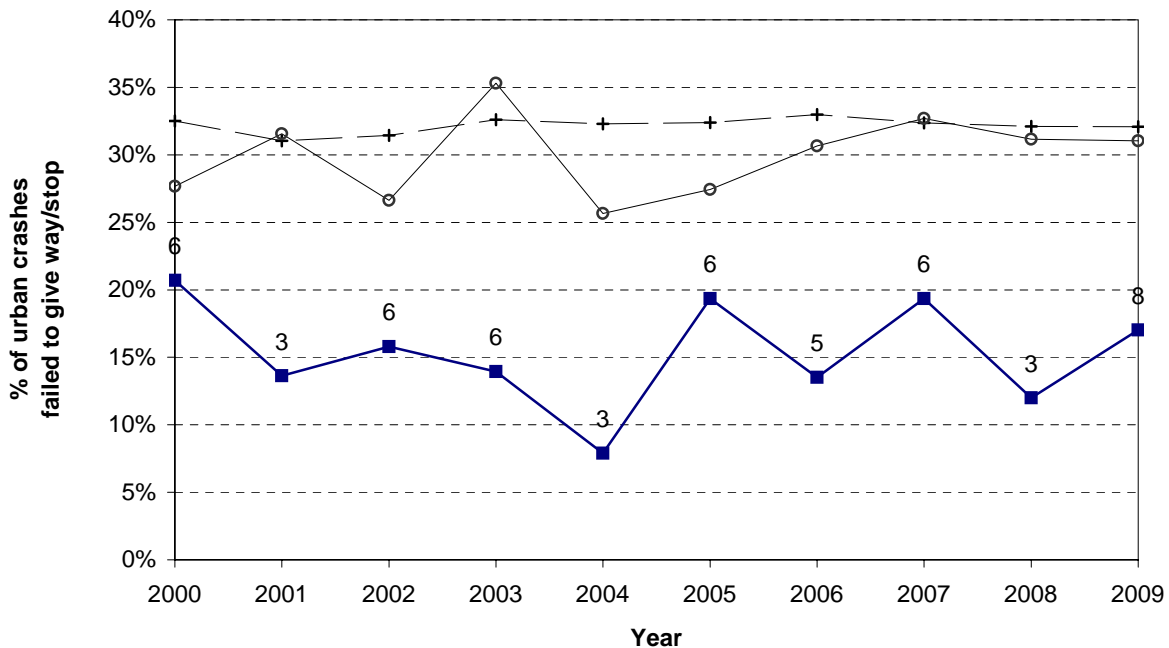
**Figure 4.3 Crash movement type - trends  
Far North District - urban roads**



**Figure 4.4 Crash movement type - trends  
Far North District - rural roads**



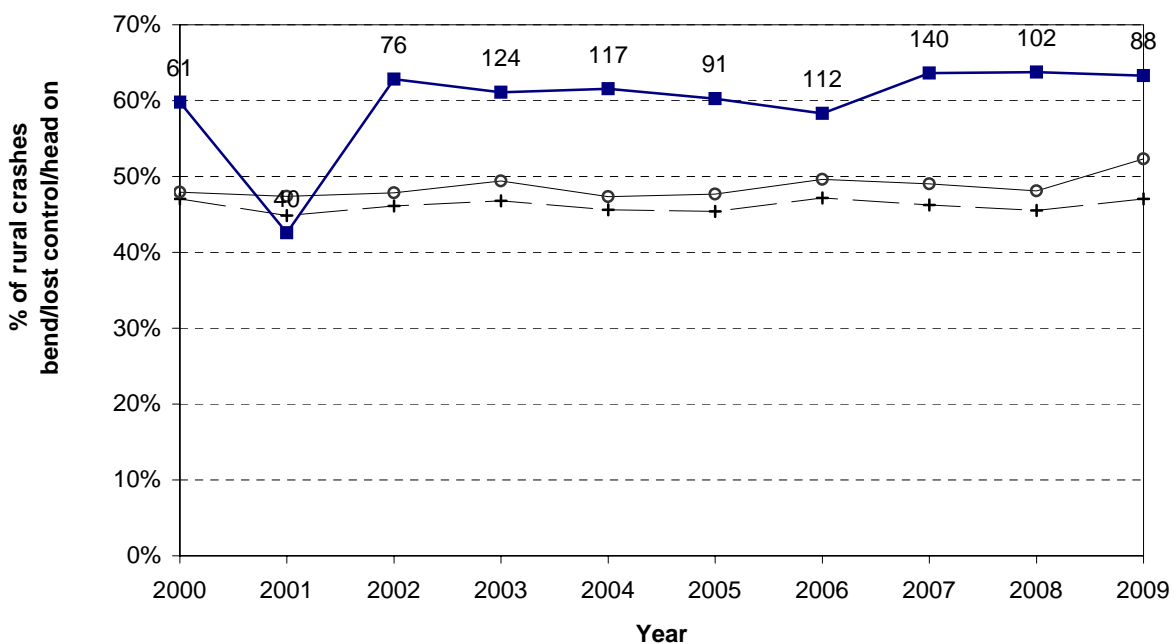
**Figure 4.5 Failed to give way / stop  
Far North District - urban roads**



Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of crashes is shown against the data points.

—+— All NZ —■— Far North —○— Group D

**Figure 4.6 Bend - lost control / head - on  
Far North District - rural roads**



Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of crashes is shown against the data points.

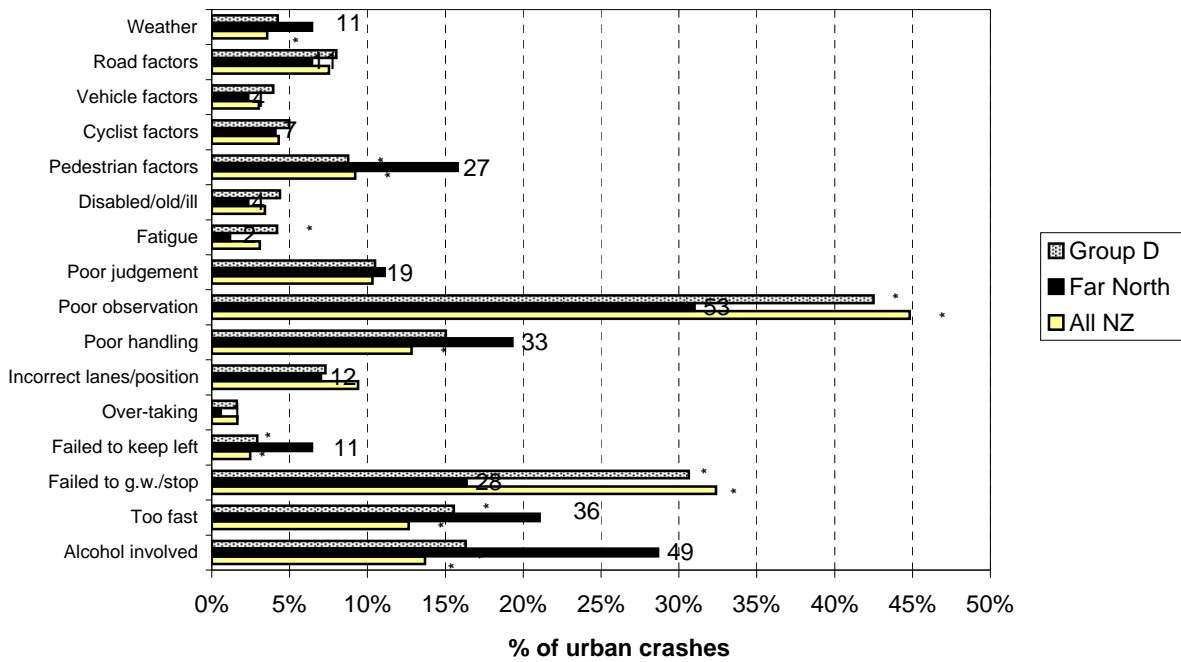
—+— All NZ —■— Far North —○— Group D



# *Crash Factor Statistics*

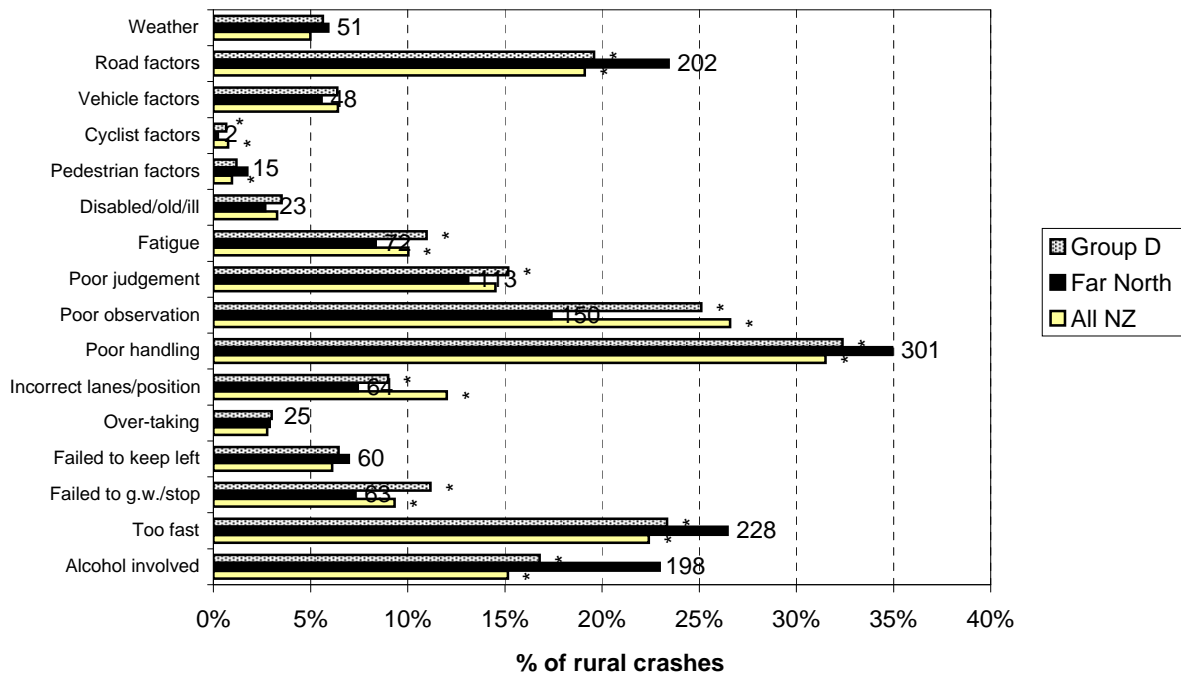


**Figure 5.1 Contributing factors - urban  
Far North District (2005-2009)**



Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of crashes is shown against the data points.  
\*Denotes statistically significant difference between Local Authority and National or Peer Group Proportions

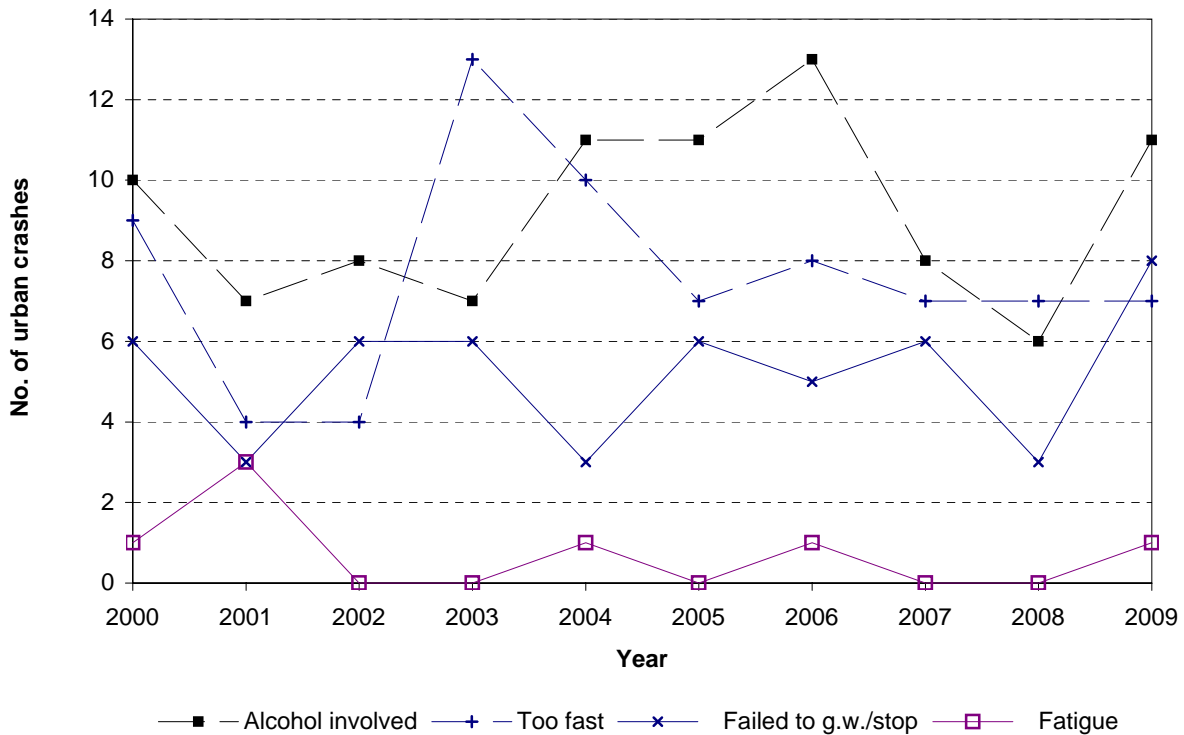
**Figure 5.2 Contributing factors - rural  
Far North District (2005-2009)**



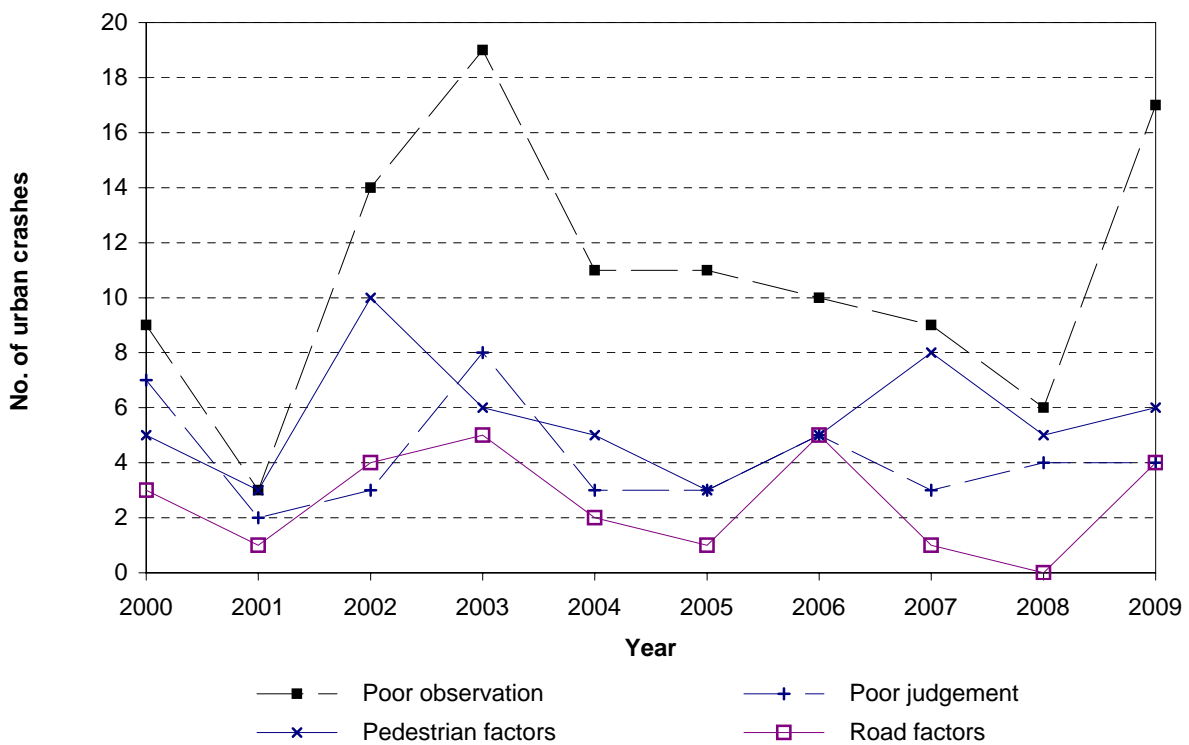
Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of casualties is shown against the data points.  
\*Denotes statistically significant difference between Local Authority and National or Peer Group Proportions



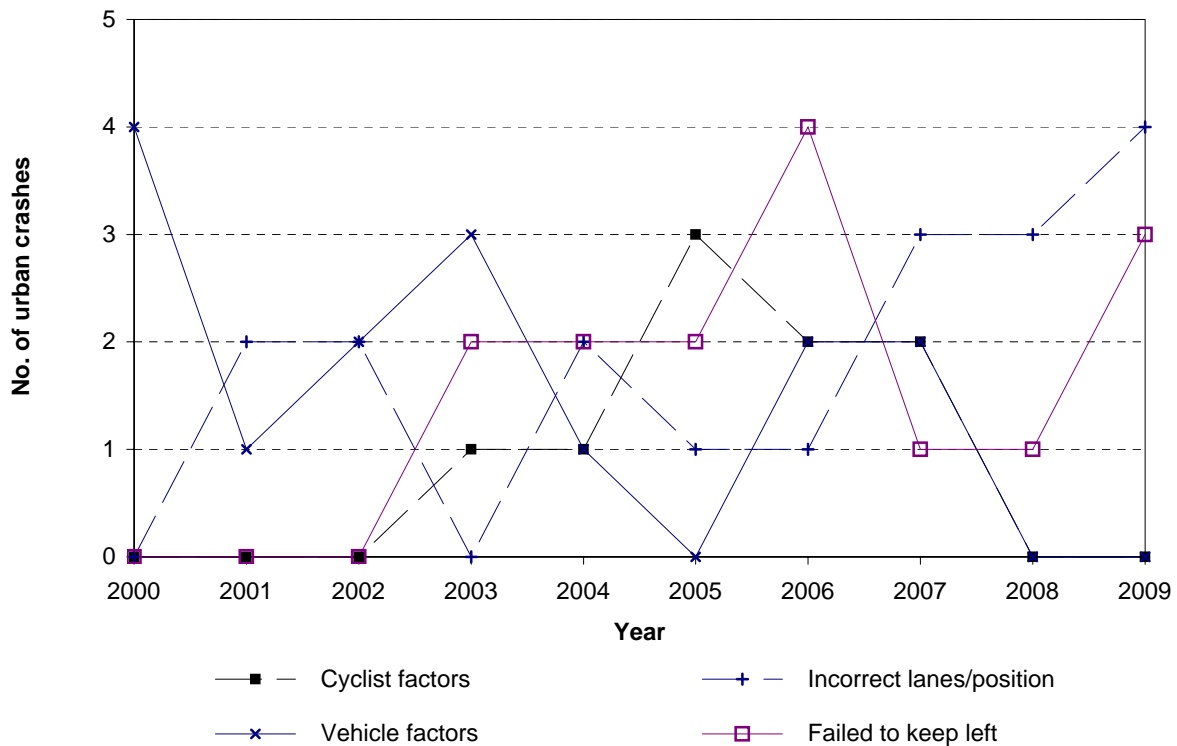
**Figure 5.3 Contributing factor trends  
Far North District - urban roads**



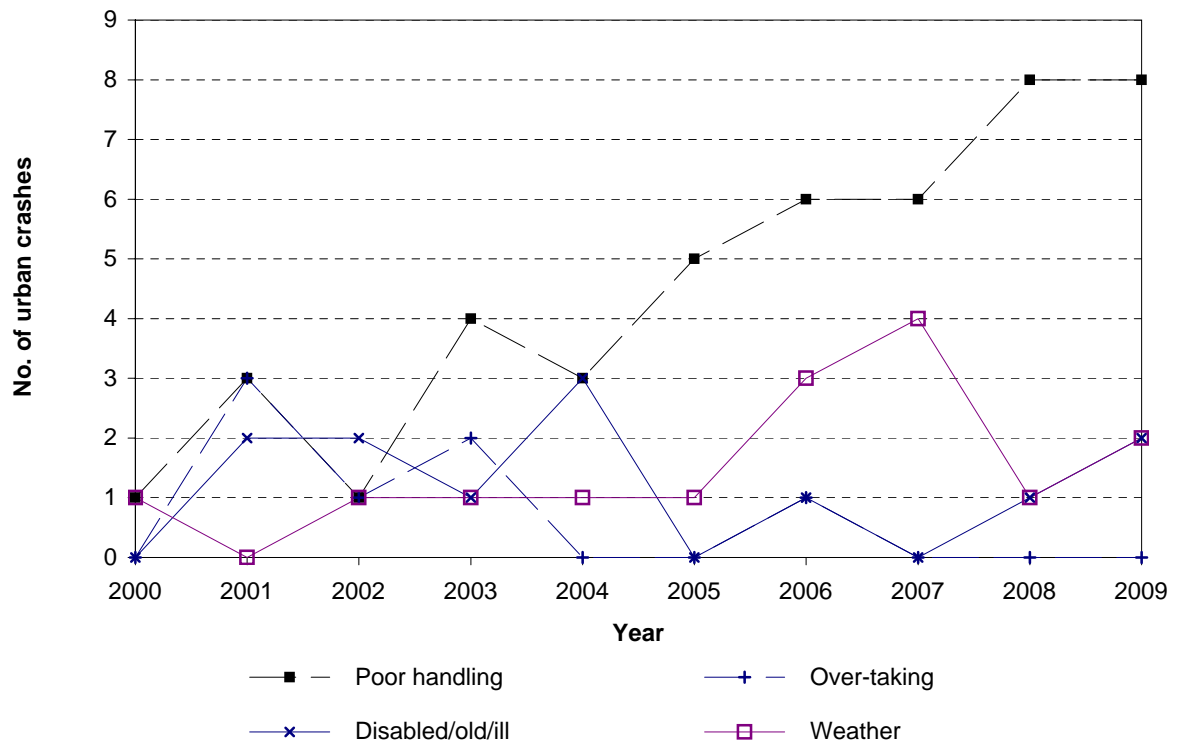
**Figure 5.4 Contributing factor trends  
Far North District - urban roads**



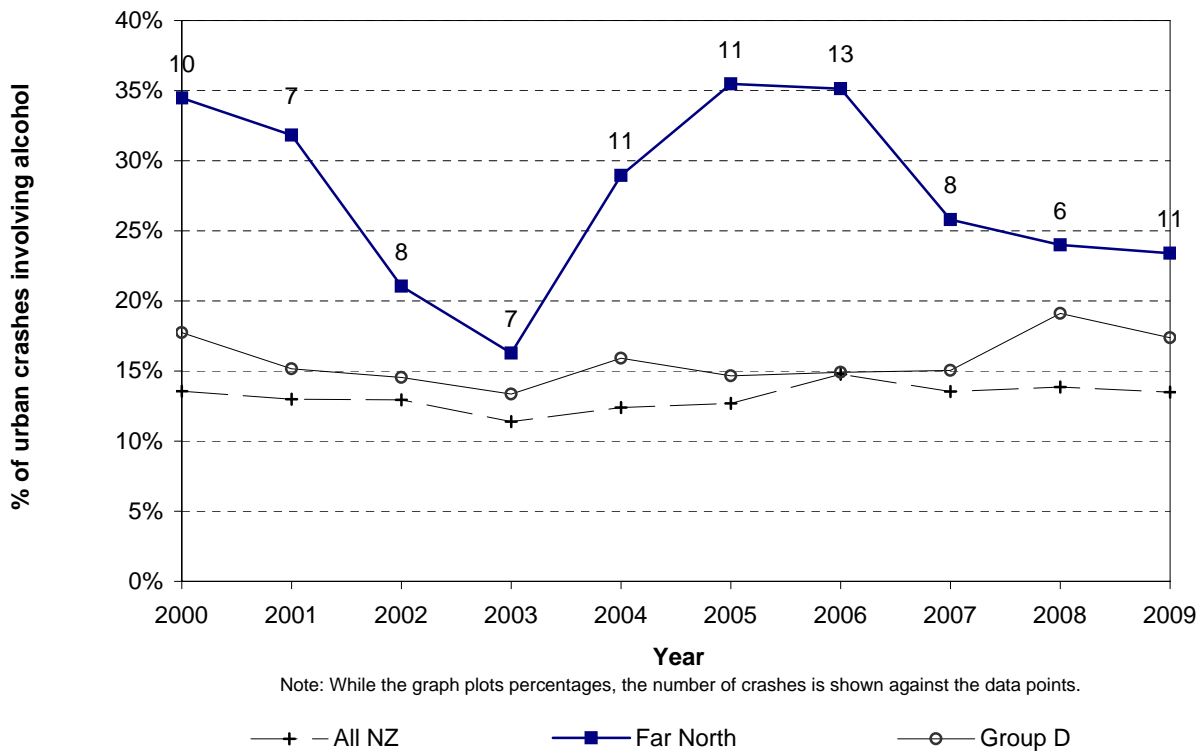
**Figure 5.5 Contributing factor trends  
Far North District - urban roads**



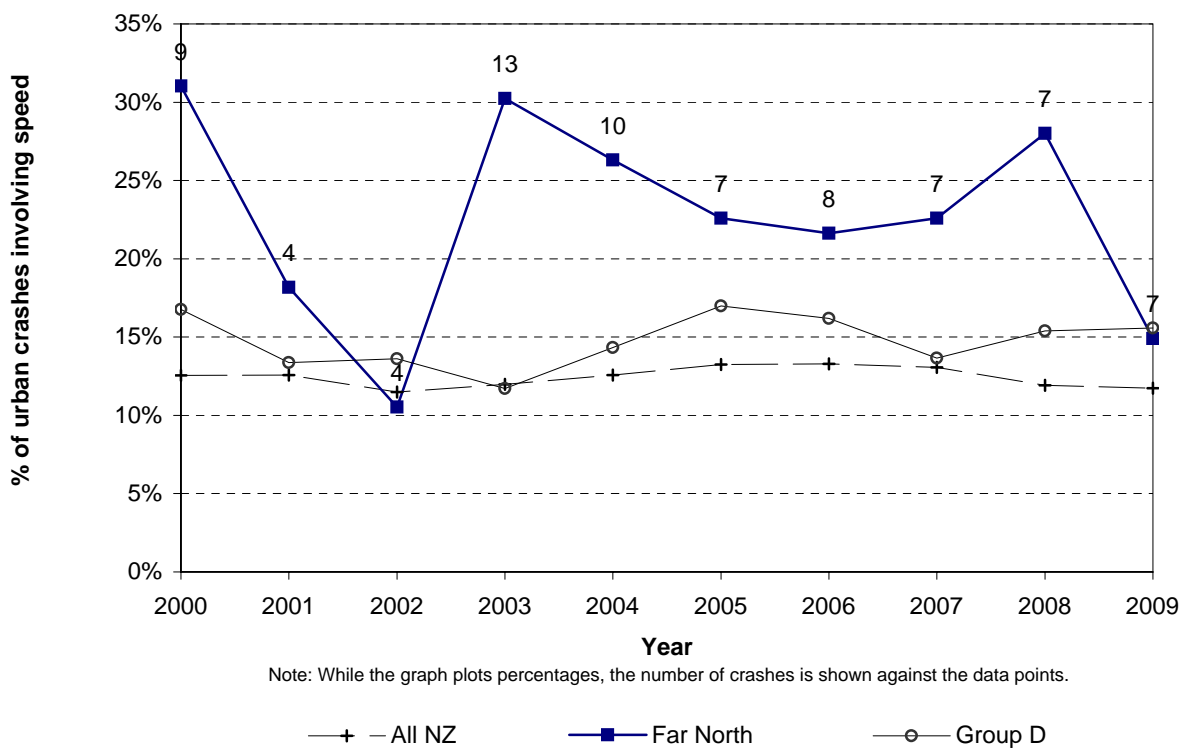
**Figure 5.6 Contributing factor trends  
Far North District - urban roads**



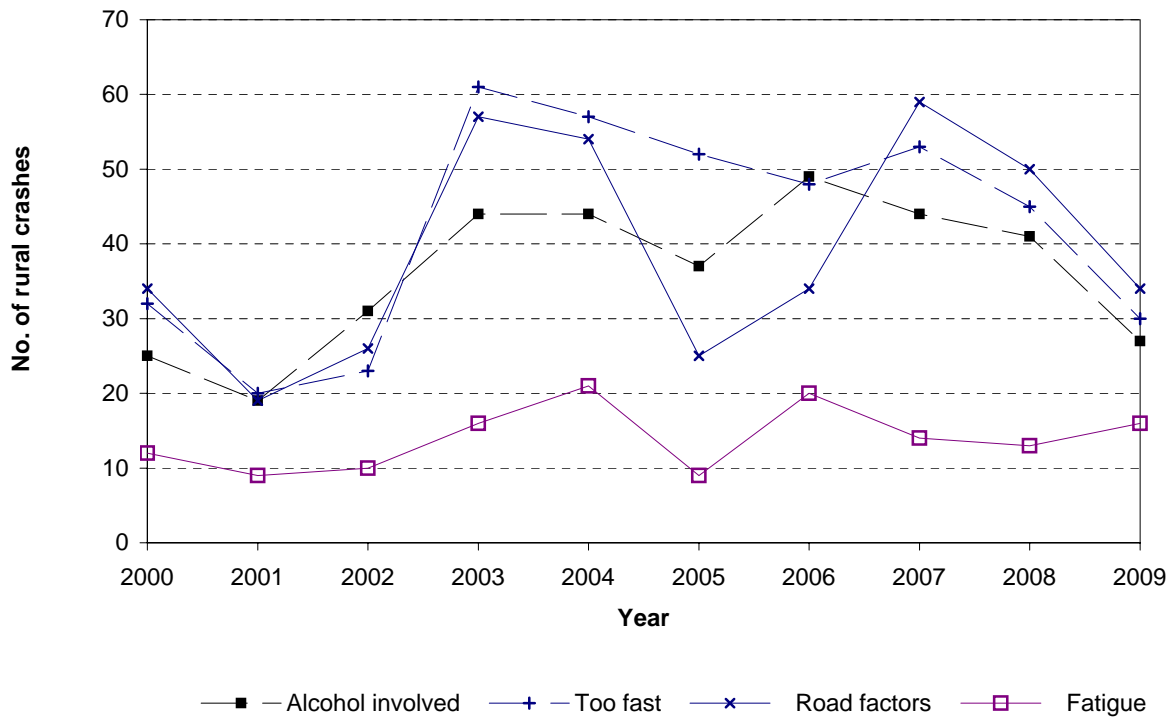
**Figure 5.7 Alcohol involved trend  
Far North District - urban roads**



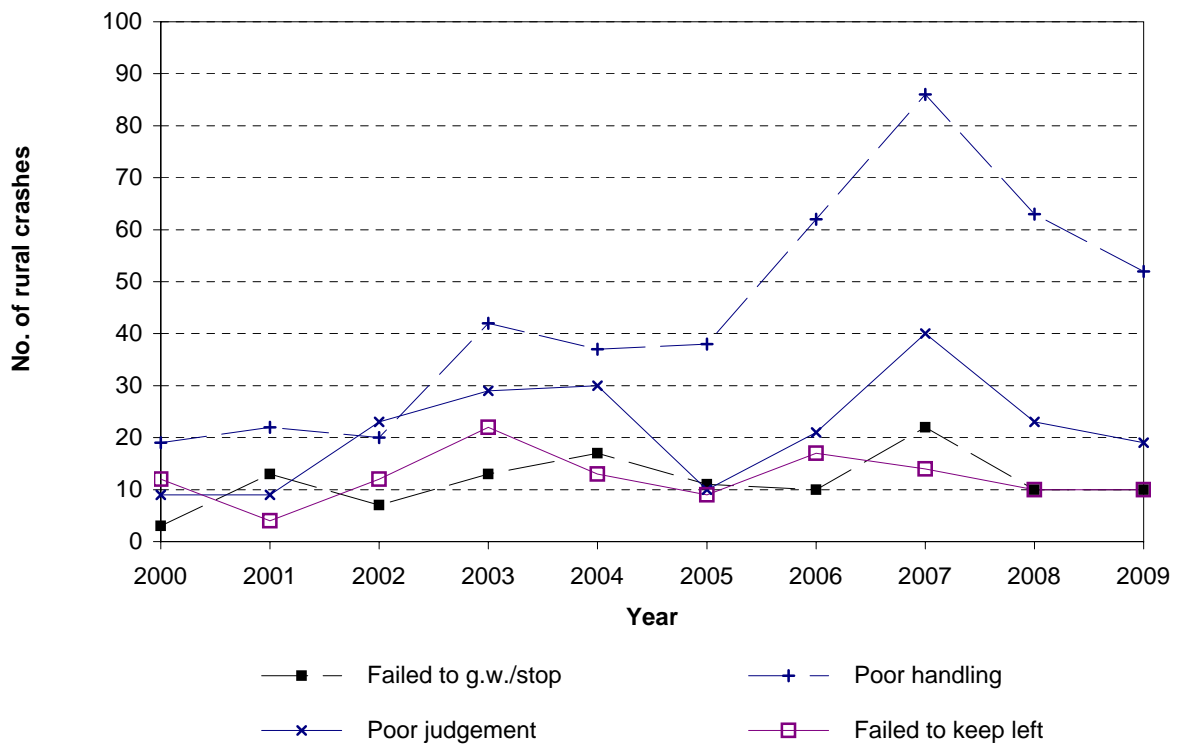
**Figure 5.8 Speed involved trend  
Far North District - urban roads**



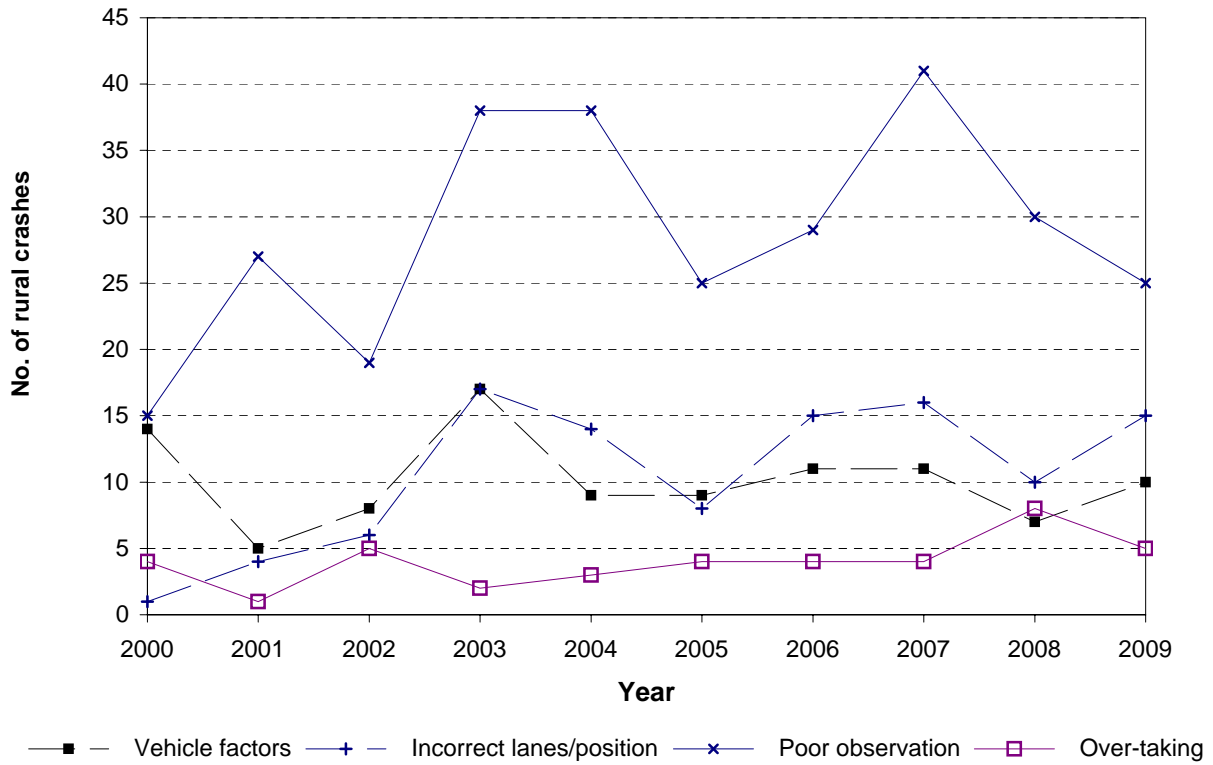
**Figure 5.9 Contributing factor trends  
Far North District - rural roads**



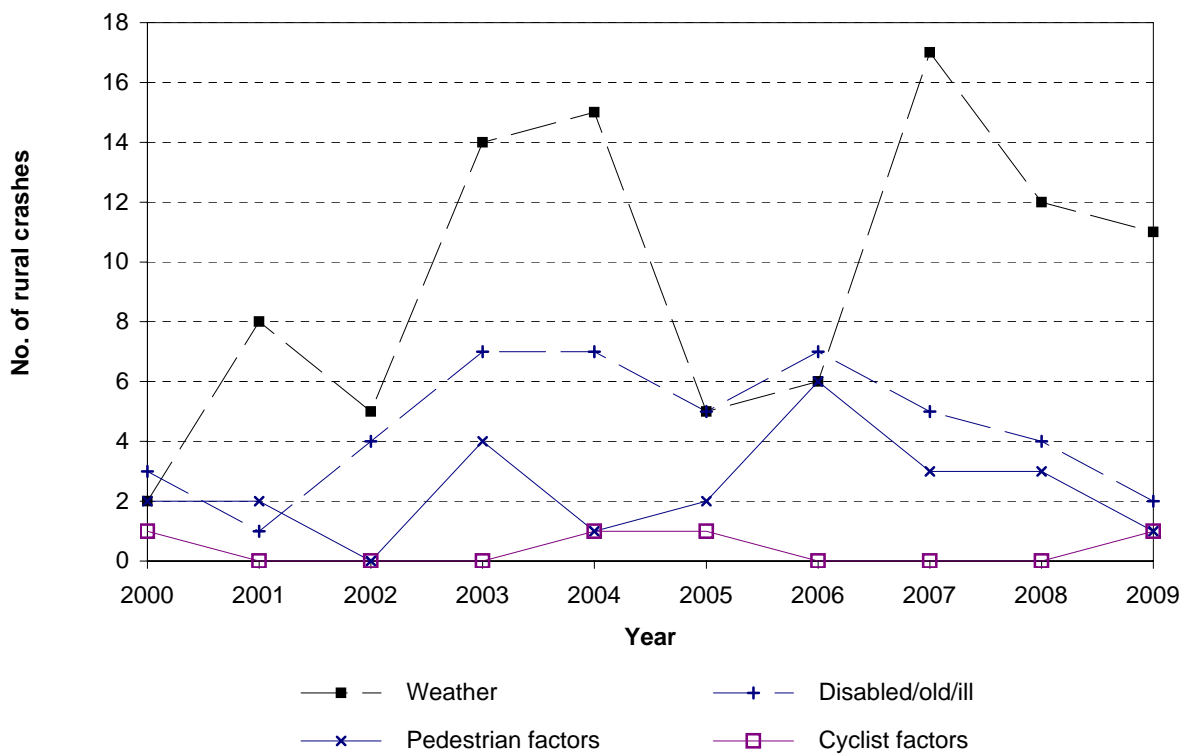
**Figure 5.10 Contributing factor trends  
Far North District - rural roads**



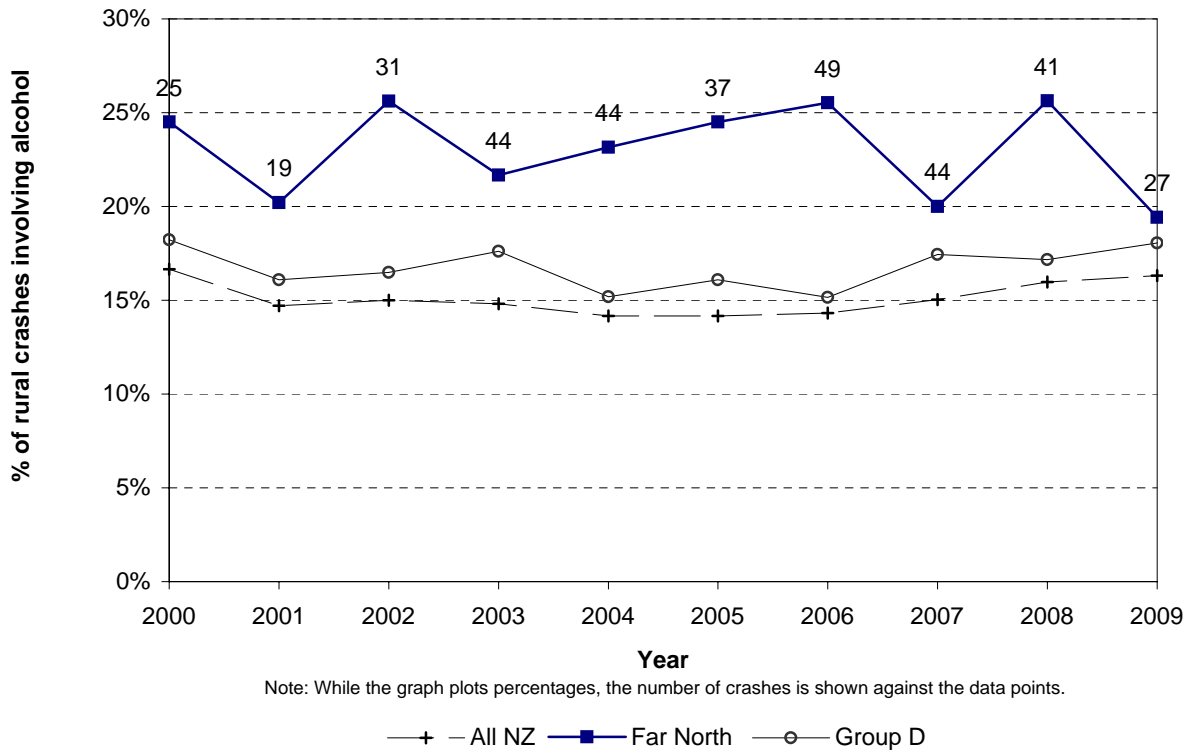
**Figure 5.11 Contributing factor trends  
Far North District - rural roads**



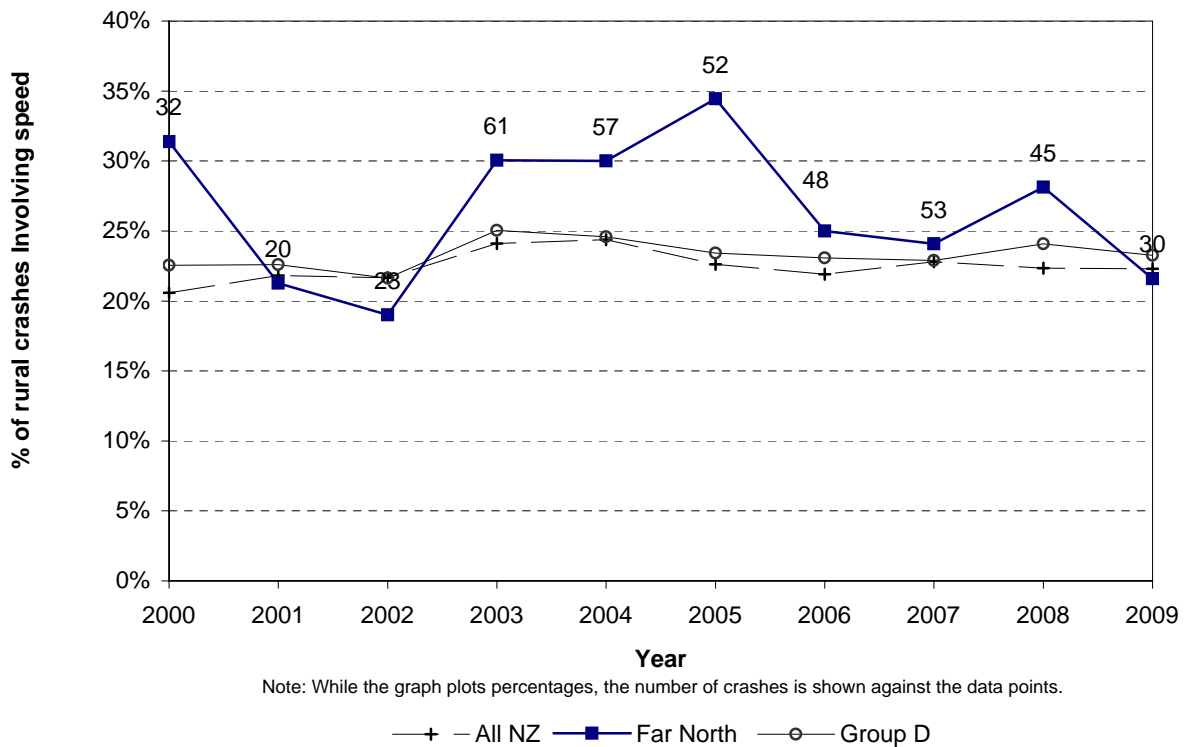
**Figure 5.12 Contributing factor trends  
Far North District - rural roads**



**Figure 5.13 Alcohol involved trend  
Far North District - rural roads**



**Figure 5.14 Speed involved trend  
Far North District - rural roads**



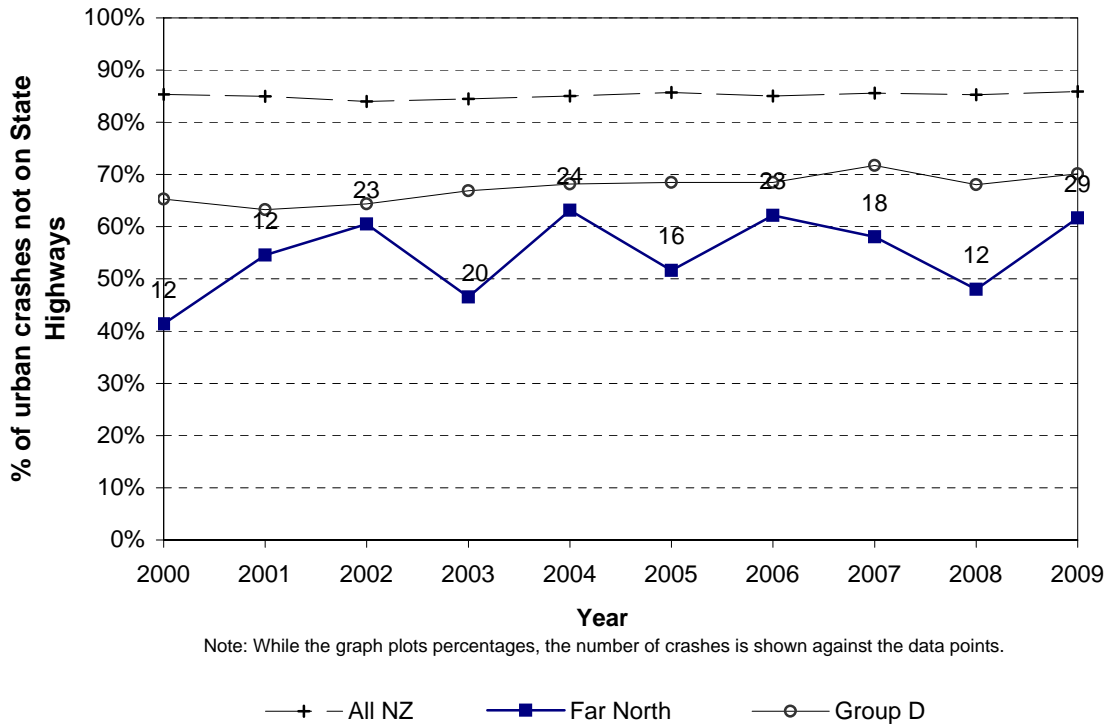


# *Environmental Statistics*

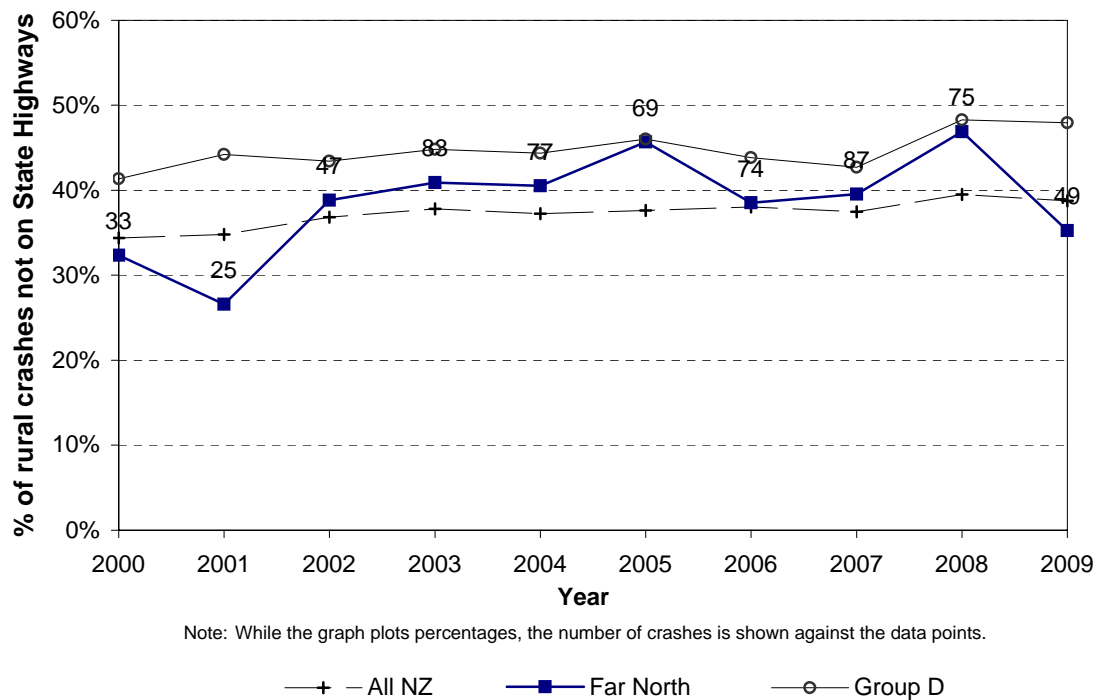




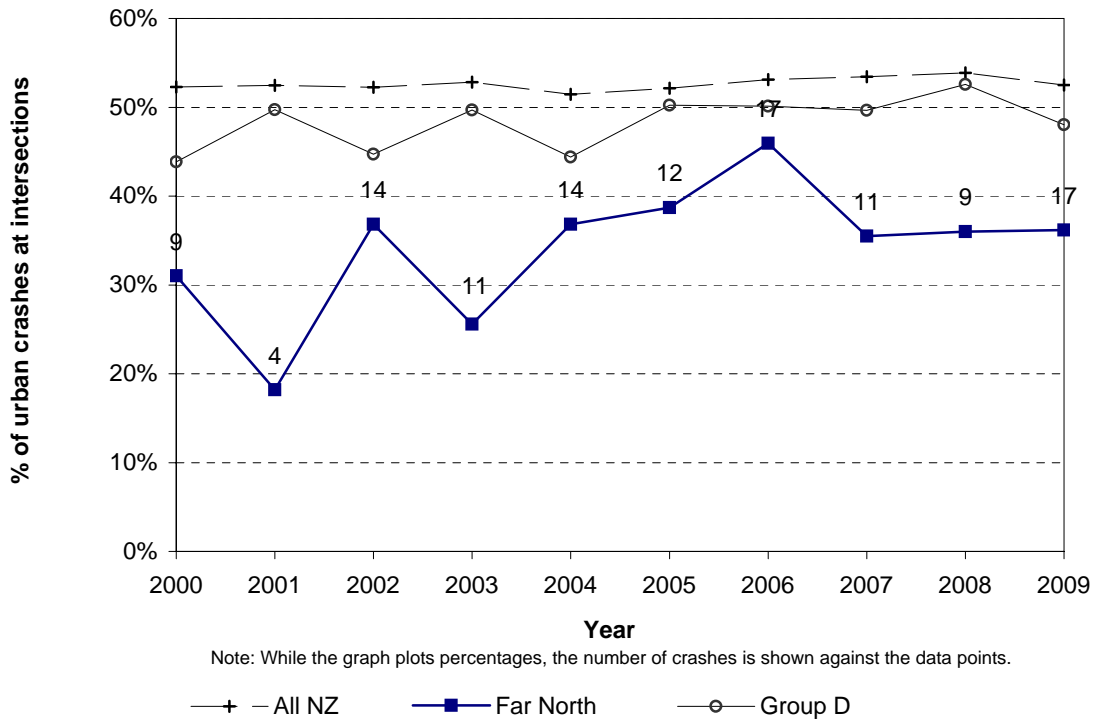
**Figure 6.1 Crashes not on state highways  
Far North District - urban roads**



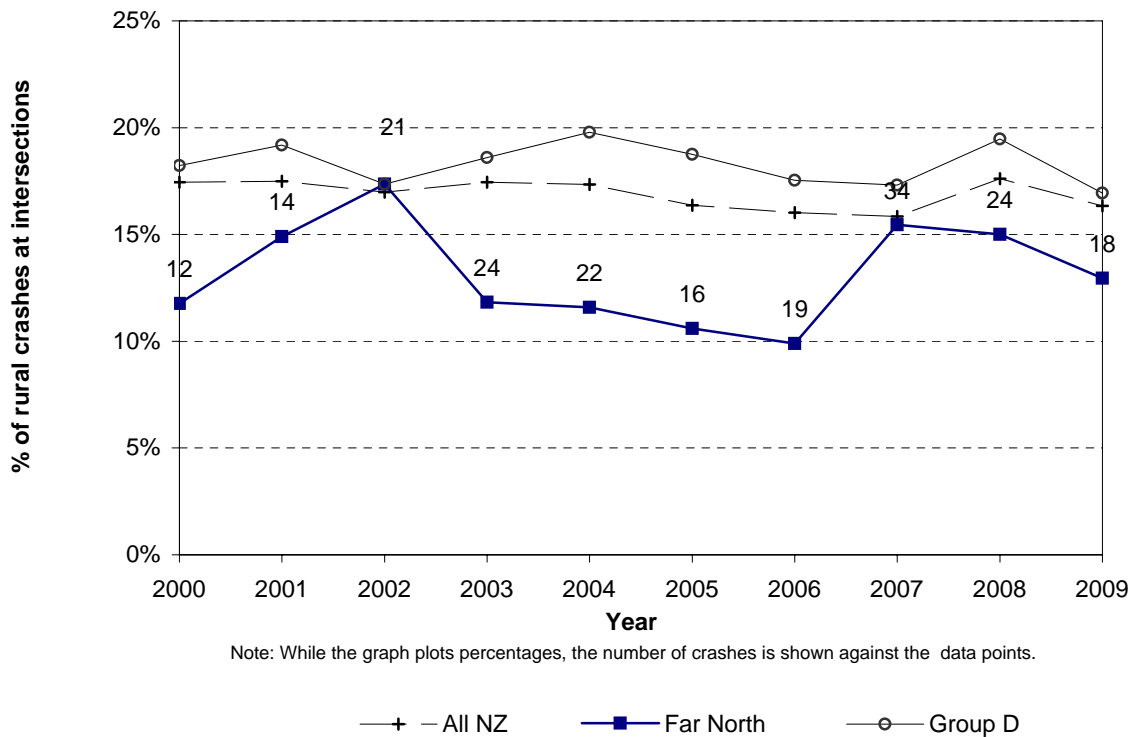
**Figure 6.2 Crashes not on state highways  
Far North District - rural roads**



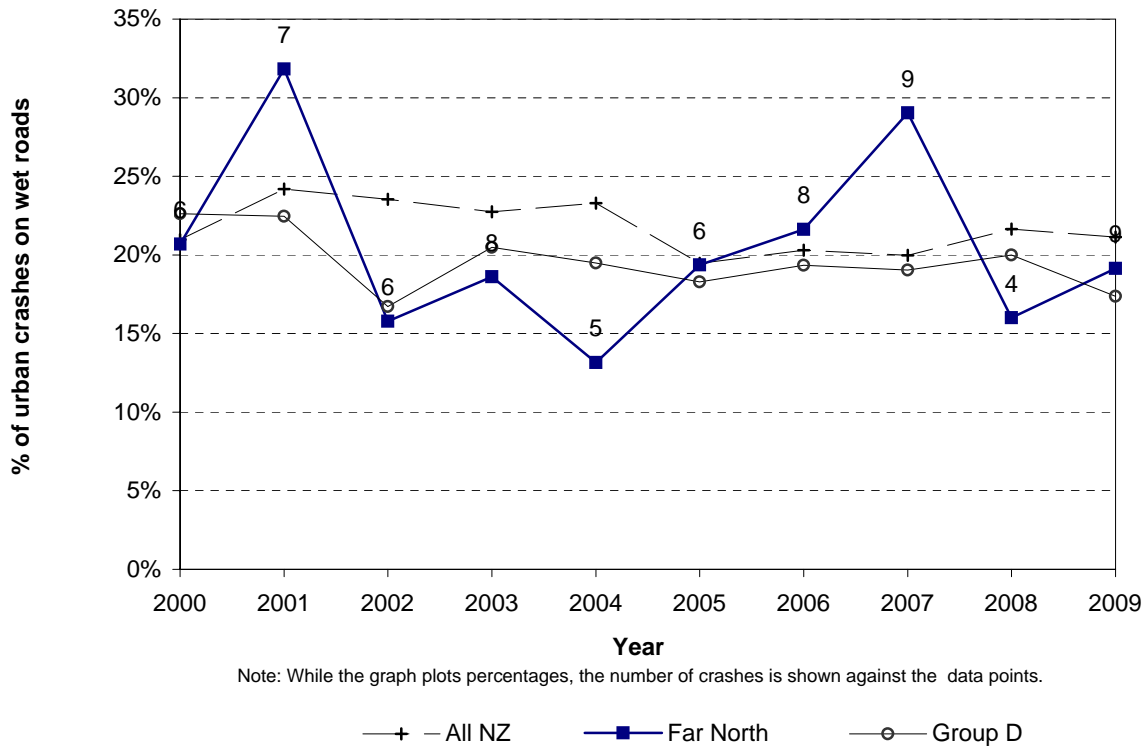
**Figure 6.3 Intersection crashes  
Far North District - urban roads**



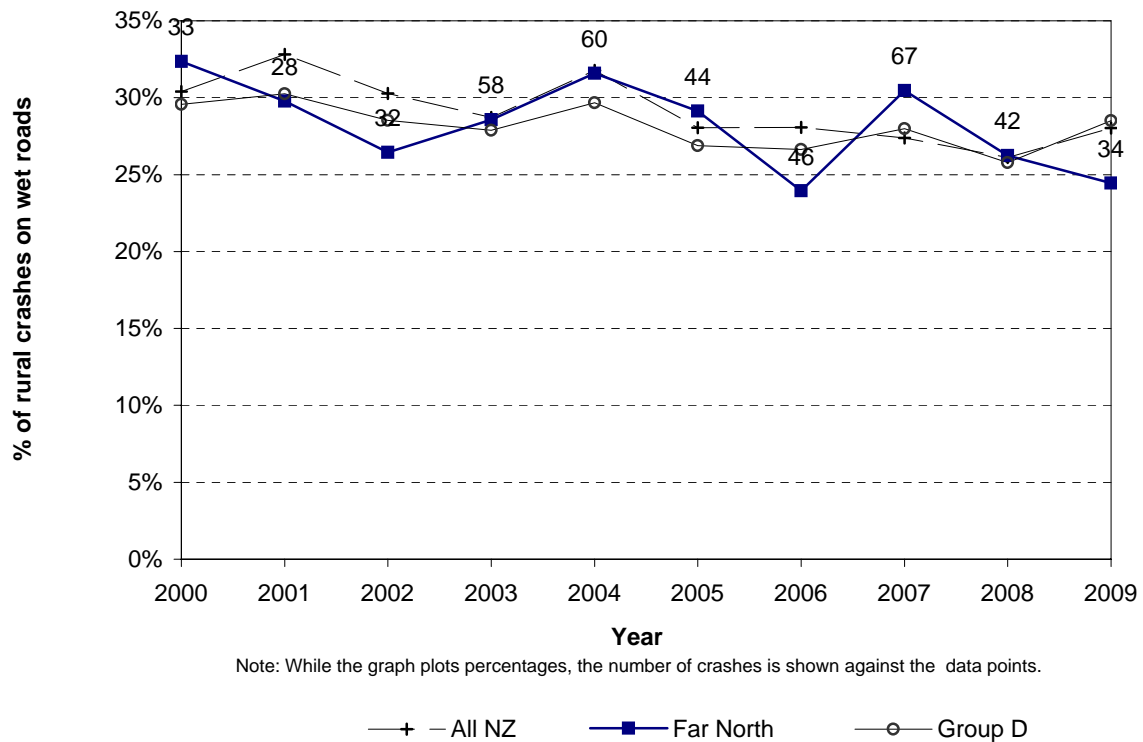
**Figure 6.4 Intersection crashes  
Far North District - rural roads**



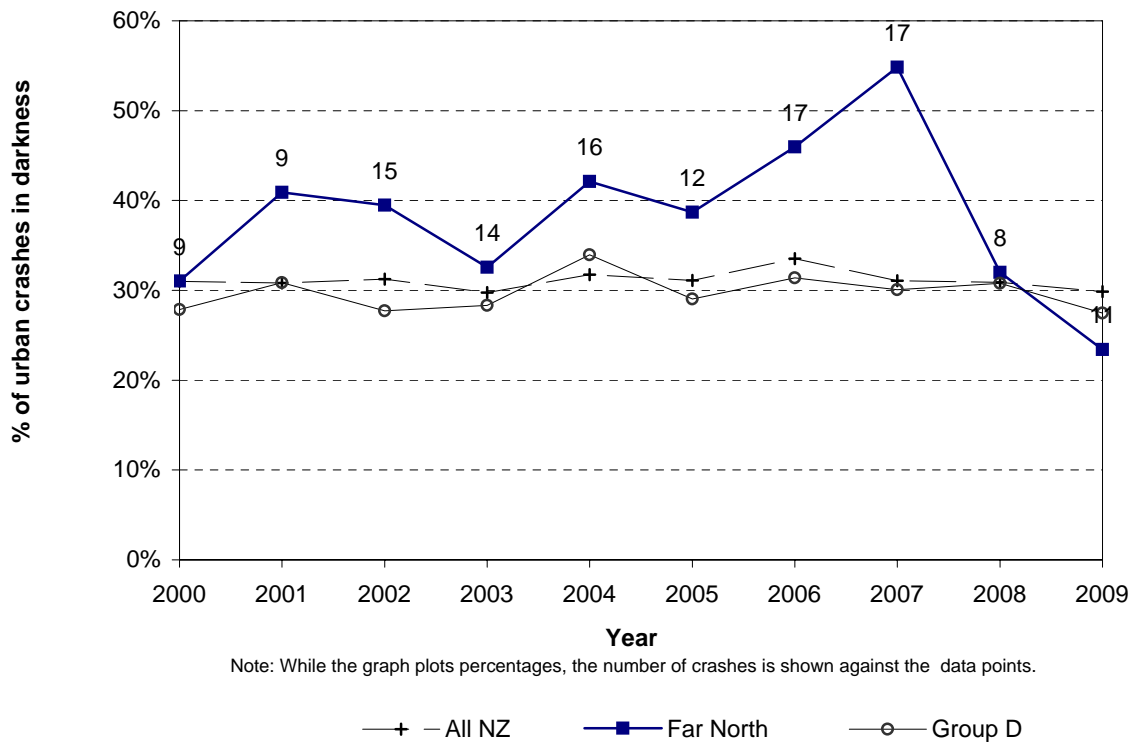
**Figure 6.5 Wet road crashes  
Far North District - urban roads**



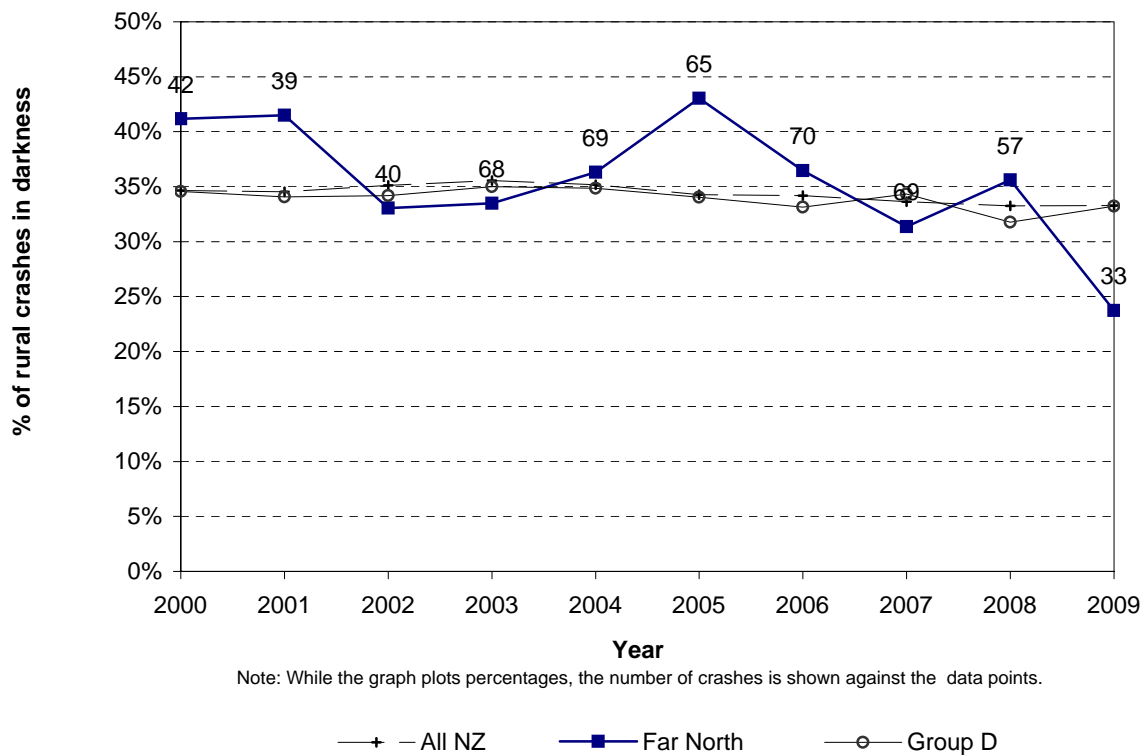
**Figure 6.6 Wet road crashes  
Far North District - rural roads**



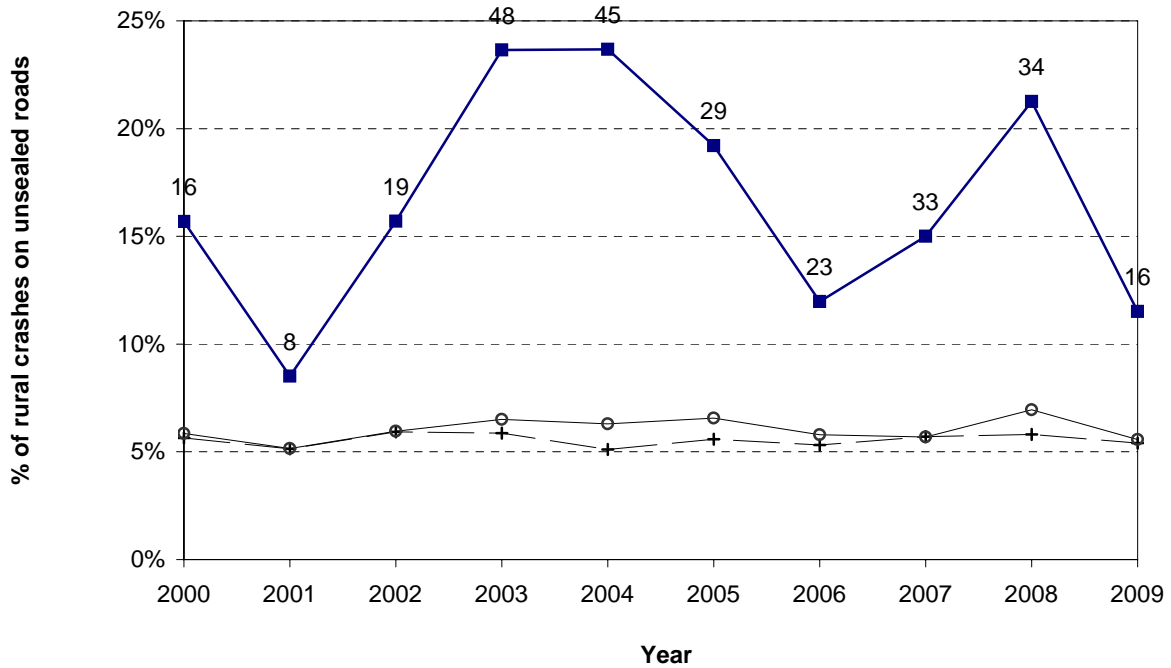
**Figure 6.7 Crashes in darkness  
Far North District - urban roads**



**Figure 6.8 Crashes in darkness  
Far North District - rural roads**



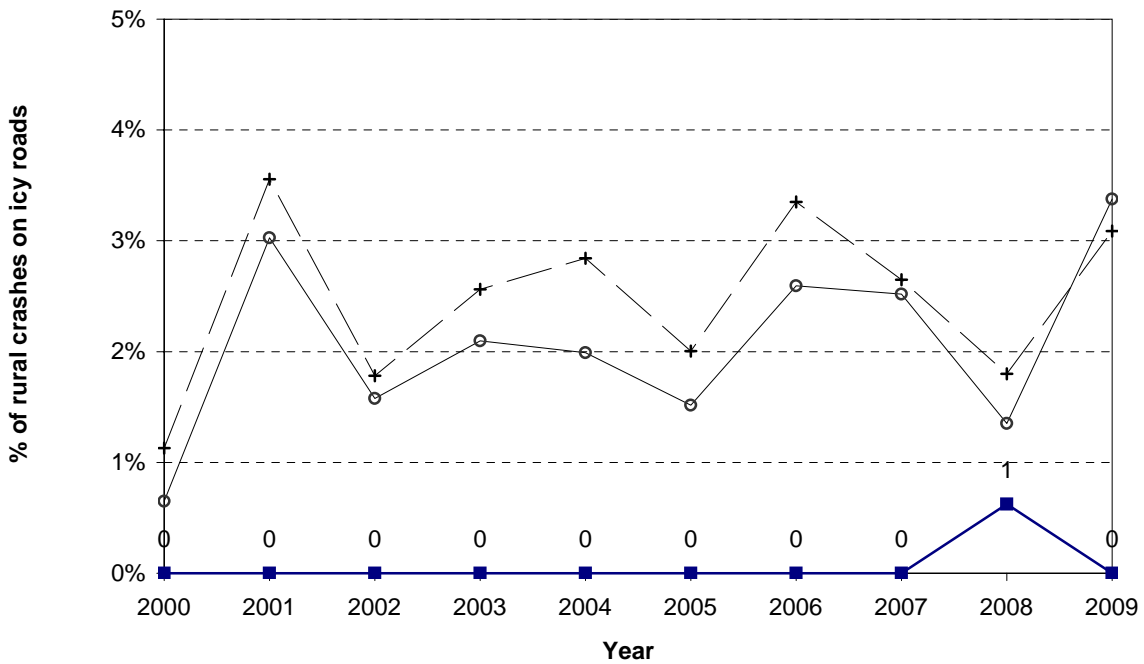
**Figure 6.9 Unsealed road crashes  
Far North District - rural roads**



Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of crashes is shown against the data points.

—+— All NZ —■— Far North —○— Group D

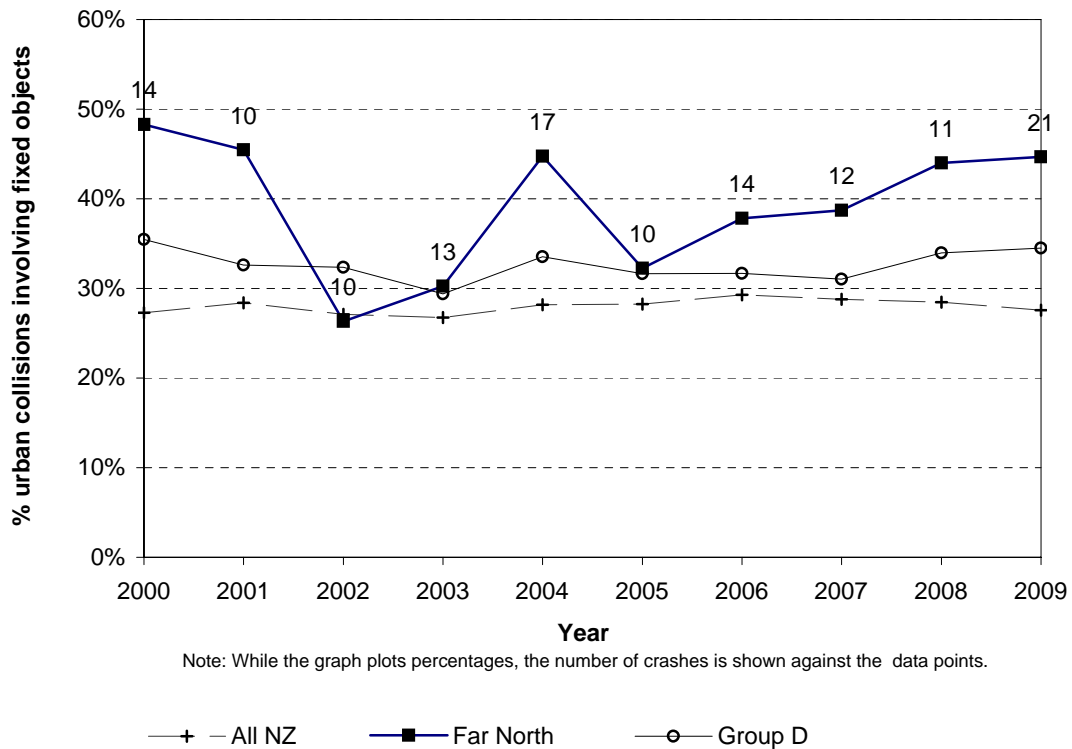
**Figure 6.10 Icy road crashes  
Far North District - rural roads**



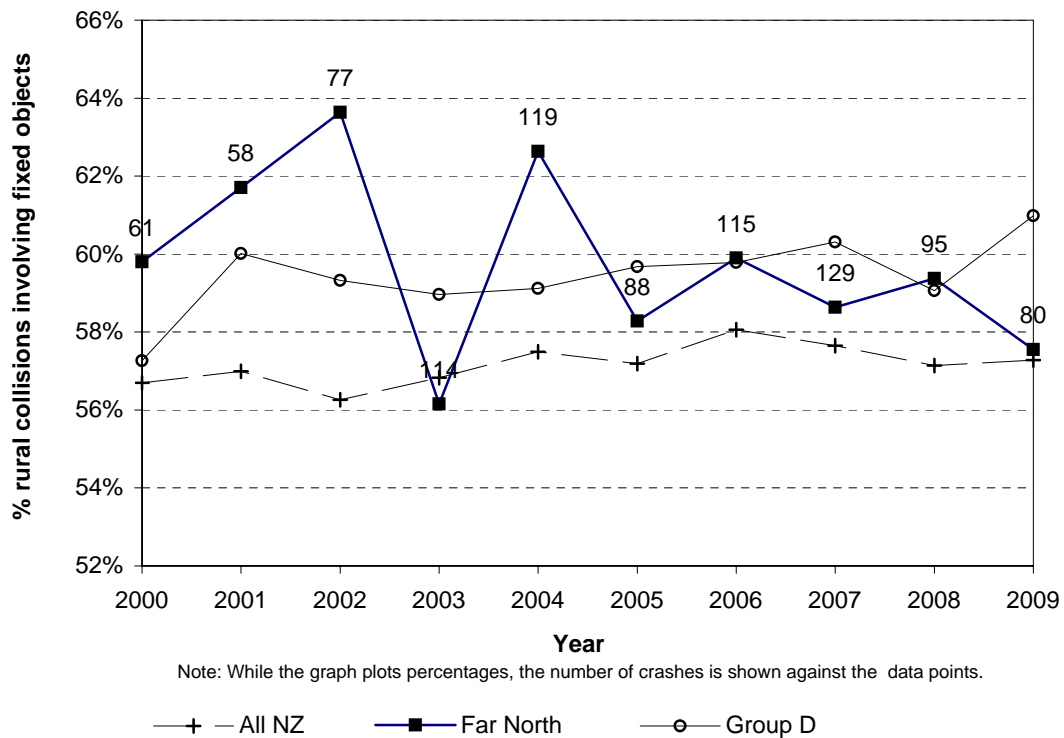
Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of crashes is shown against the data points.

—+— All NZ —■— Far North —○— Group D

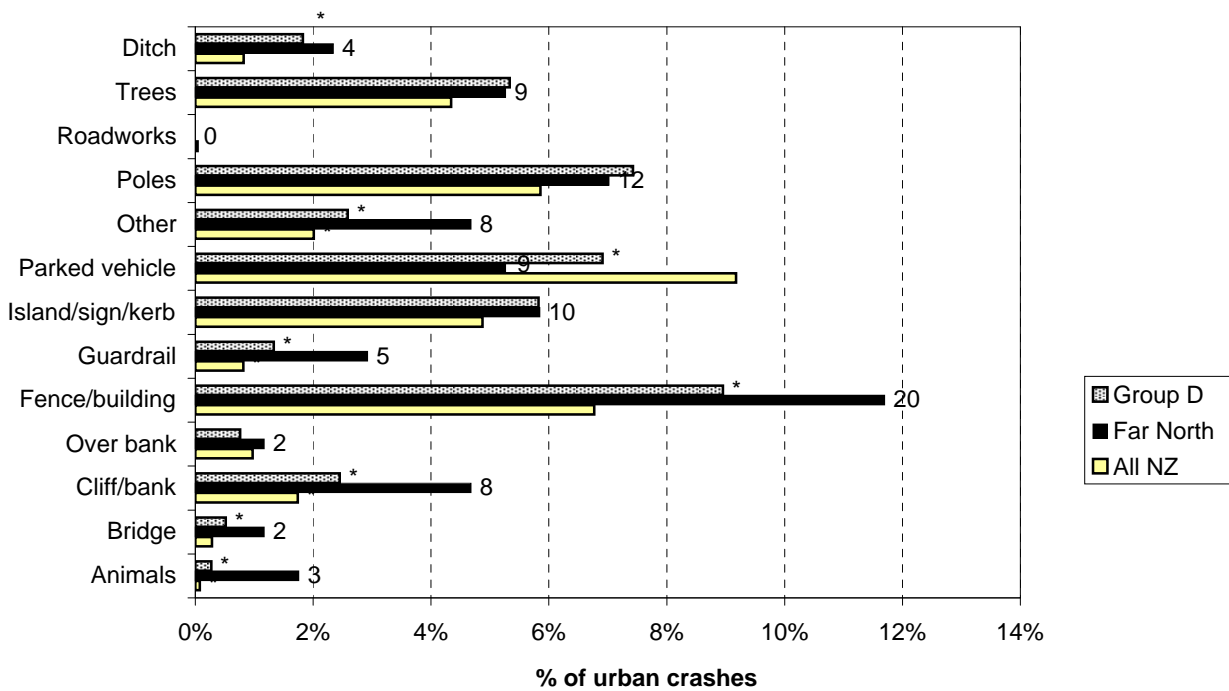
**Figure 6.11 Collisions with objects  
Far North District - urban roads**



**Figure 6.12 Collisions with objects  
Far North District - rural roads**

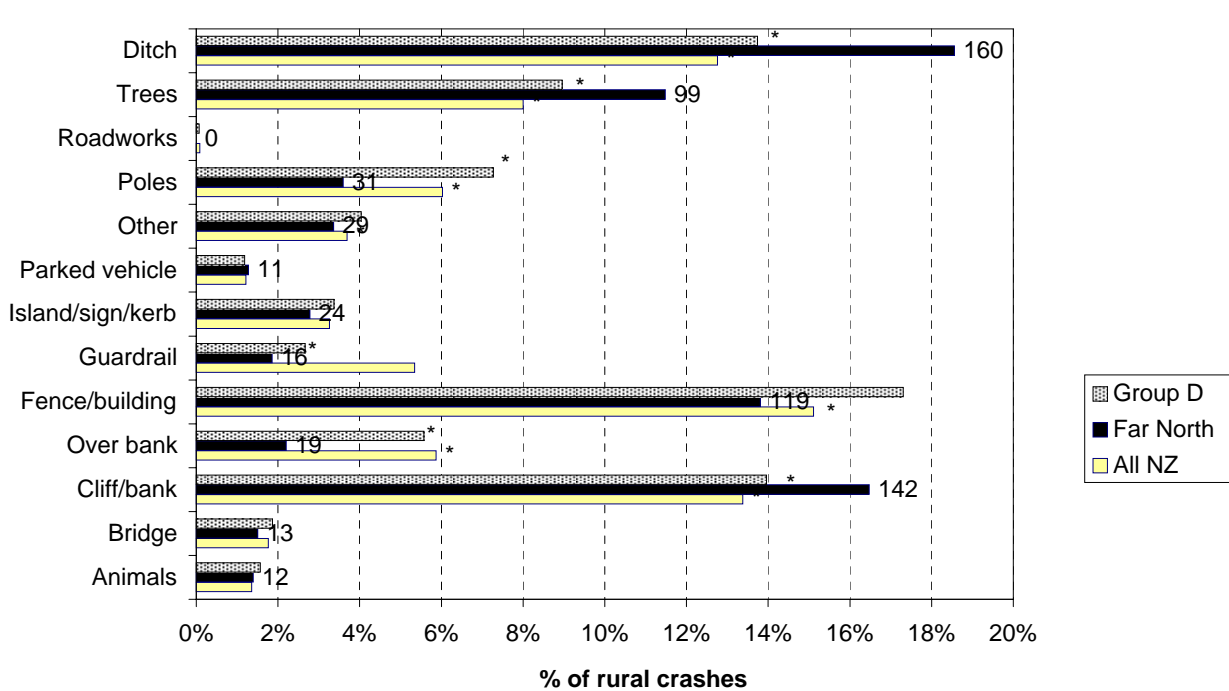


**Figure 6.13 Objects struck - urban  
Far North District (2005-2009)**



Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of crashes is shown against the data points.  
\*Denotes statistically significant difference between Local Authority and National or Peer Group Proportions

**Figure 6.14 Objects struck - rural  
Far North District (2005-2009)**



Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of crashes is shown against the data points.  
\*Denotes statistically significant difference between Local Authority and National or Peer Group Proportions

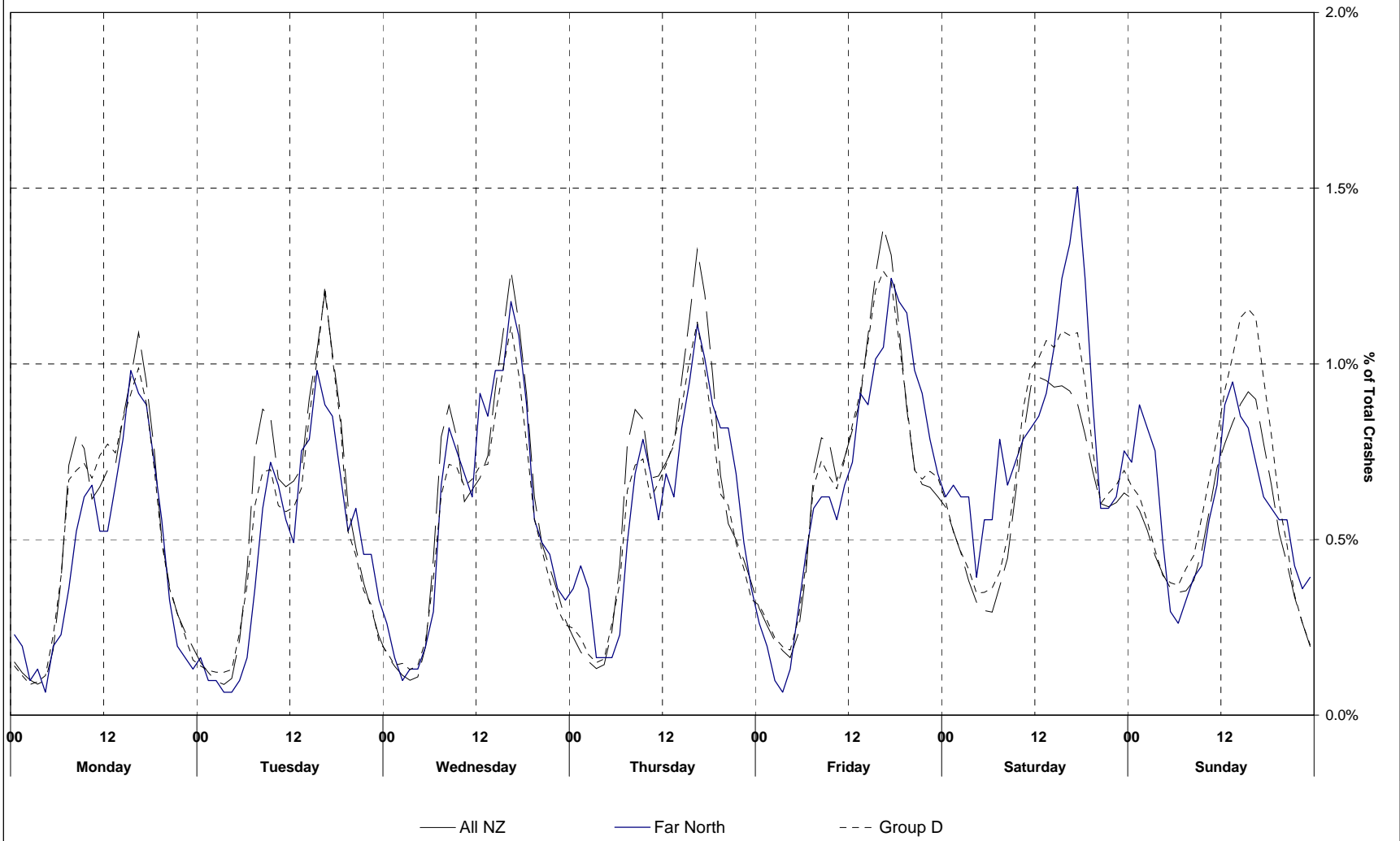




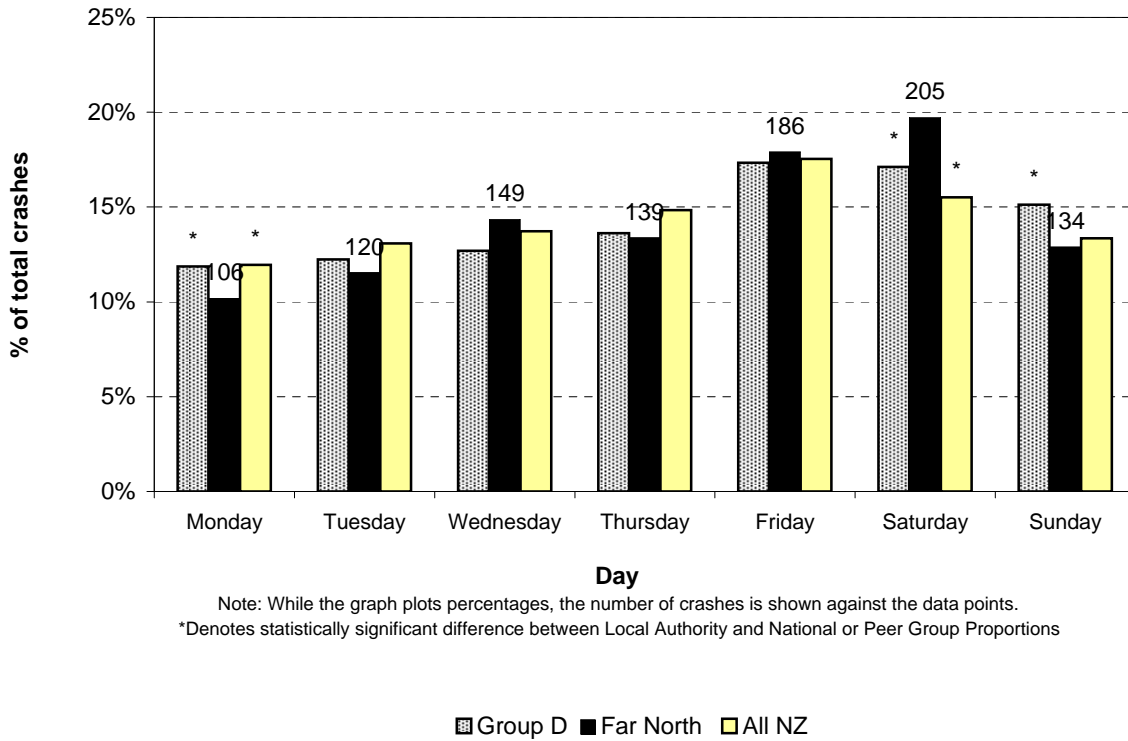
# *Date and Time Statistics*



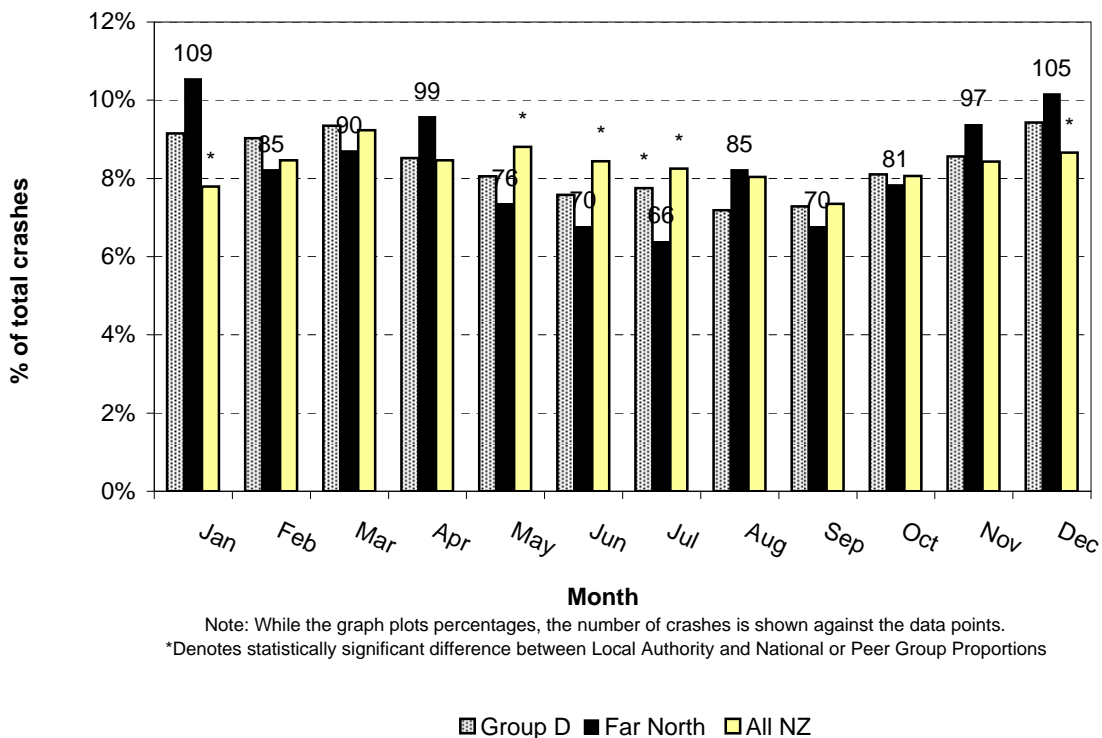
Figure 7.1 Time pattern over average week  
Far North District (2005-2009)



**Figure 7.2 Day of week (6 a.m. to 6 a.m.)  
Far North District (2005-2009)**



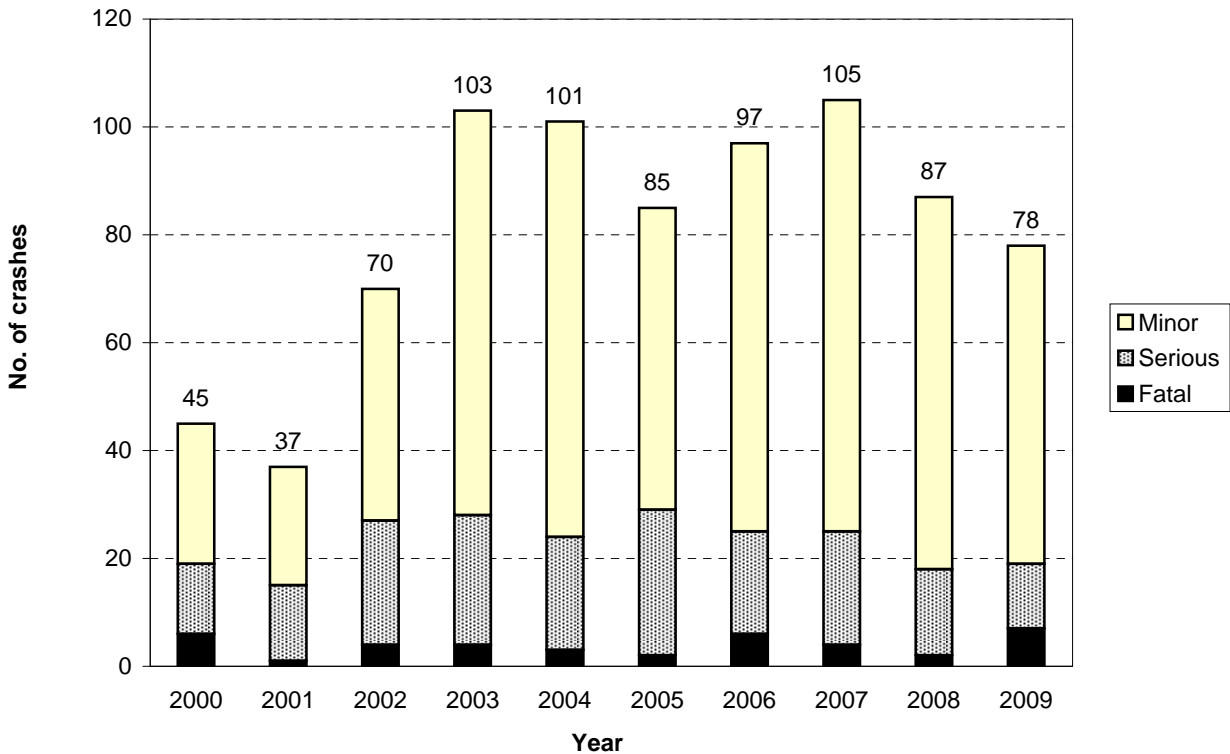
**Figure 7.3 Month of year  
Far North District (2005-2009)**



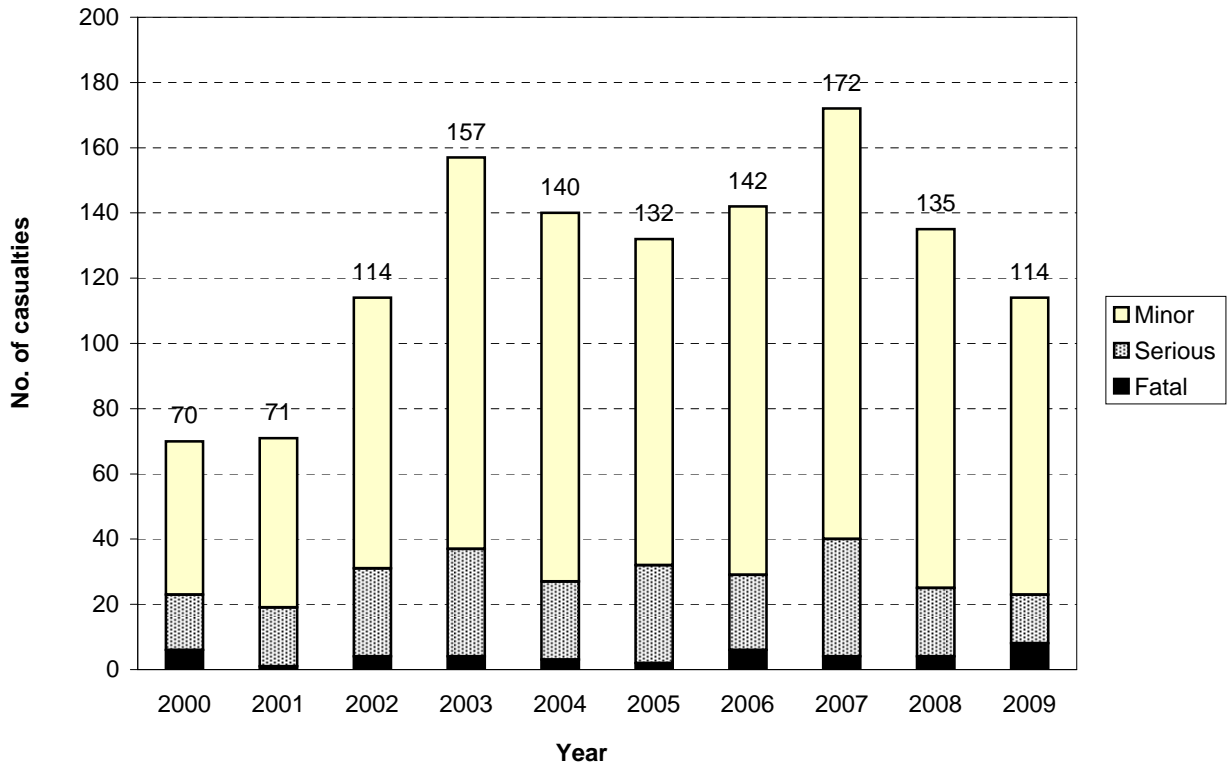
# *Local Road Statistics*



**Figure 8.1 Number of injury crashes**  
Far North District - council roads (urban & rural)

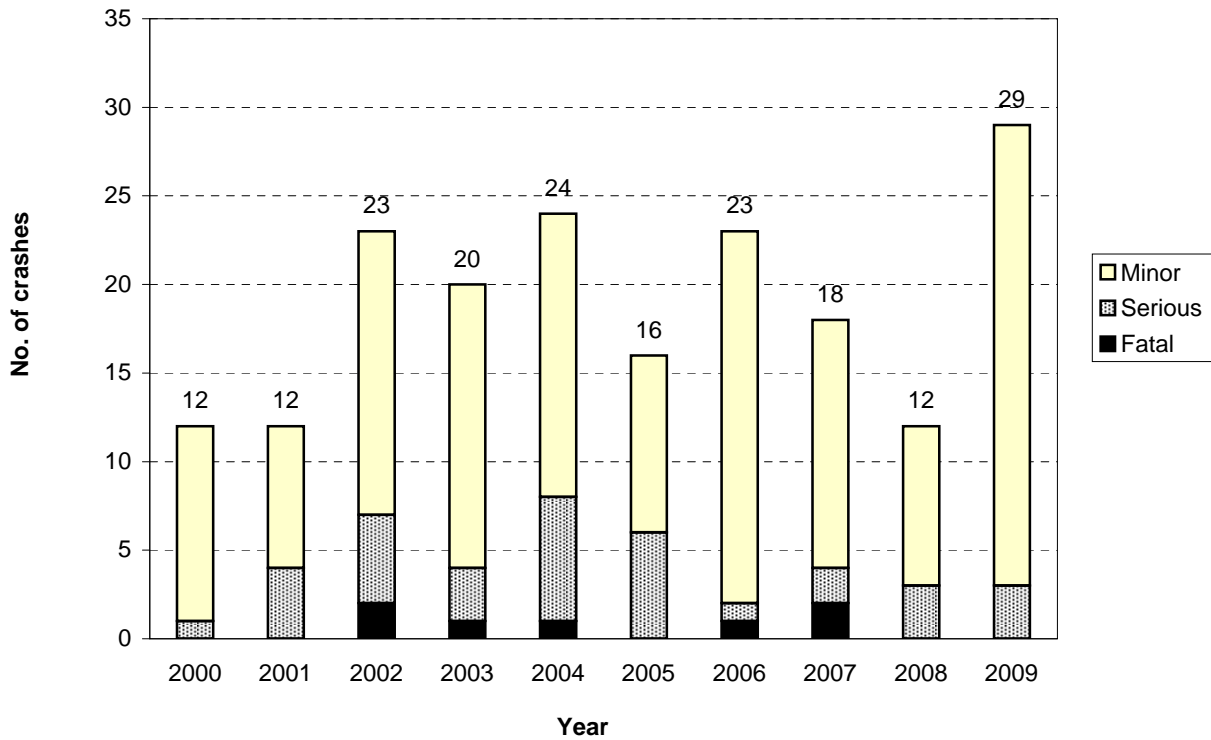


**Figure 8.2 Number of casualties**  
Far North District - council roads (urban & rural)

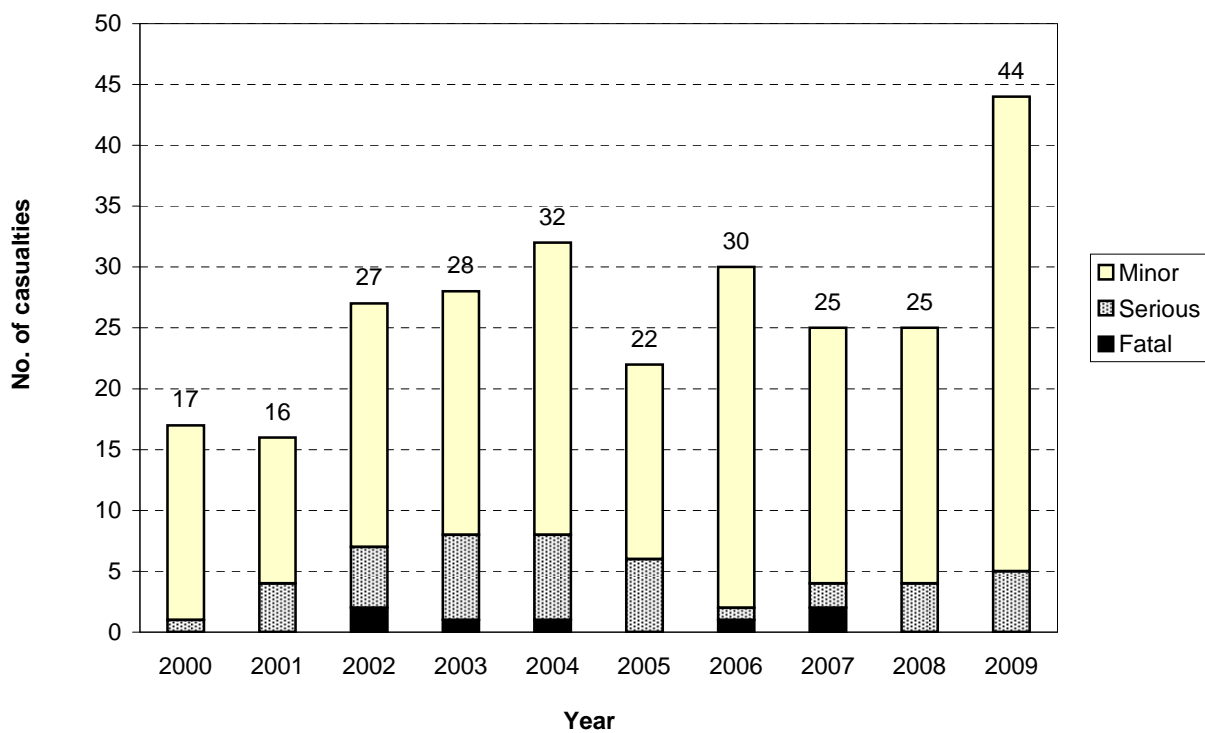




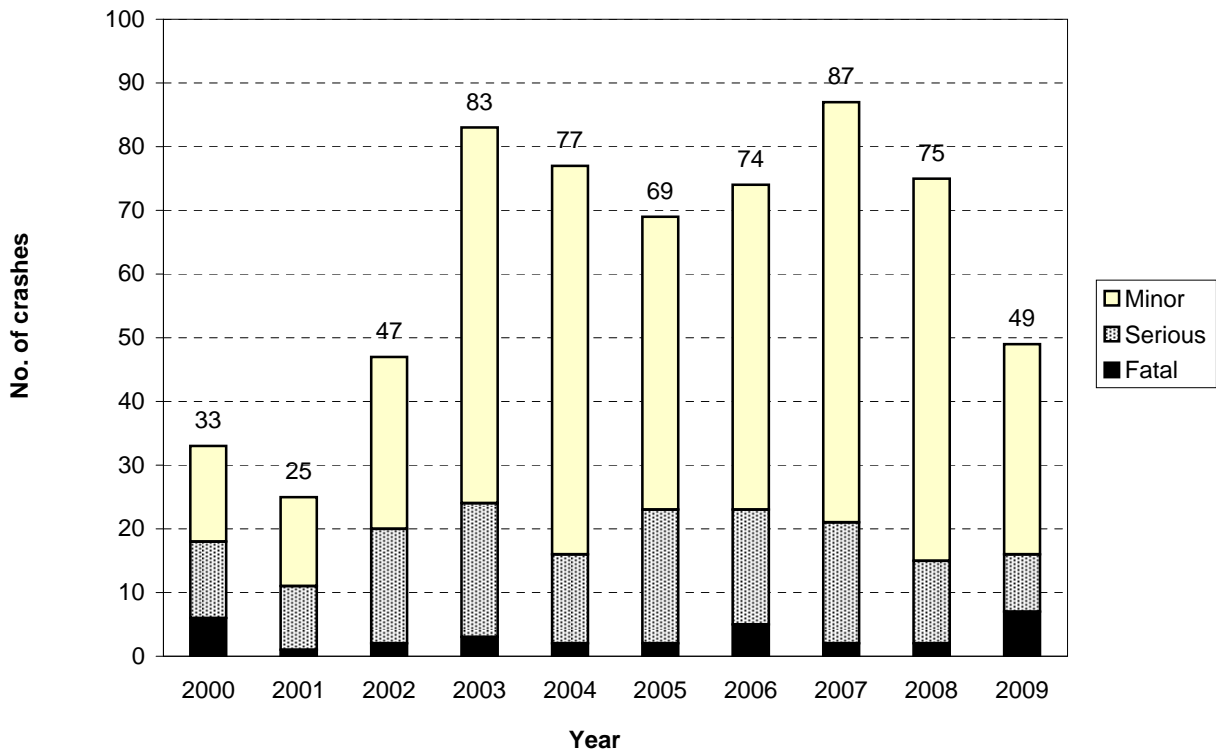
**Figure 8.3 Number of injury crashes  
Far North District - urban council roads**



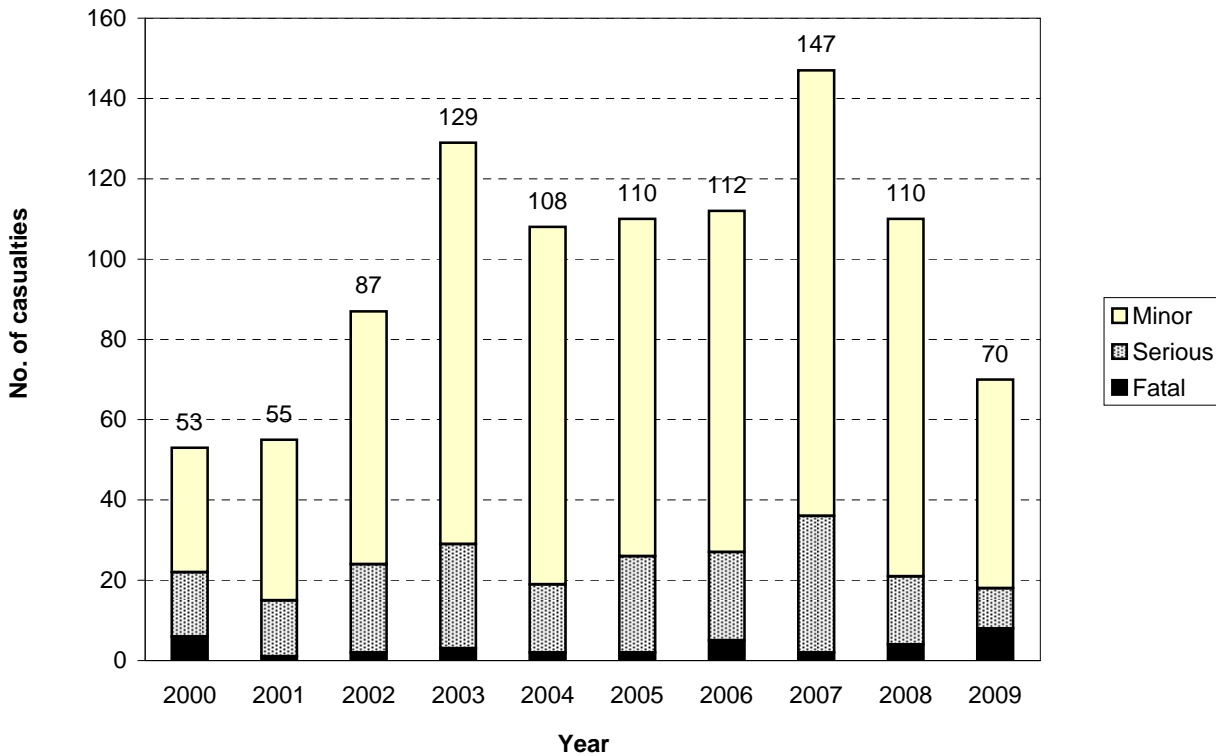
**Figure 8.4 Number of casualties  
Far North District - urban council roads**



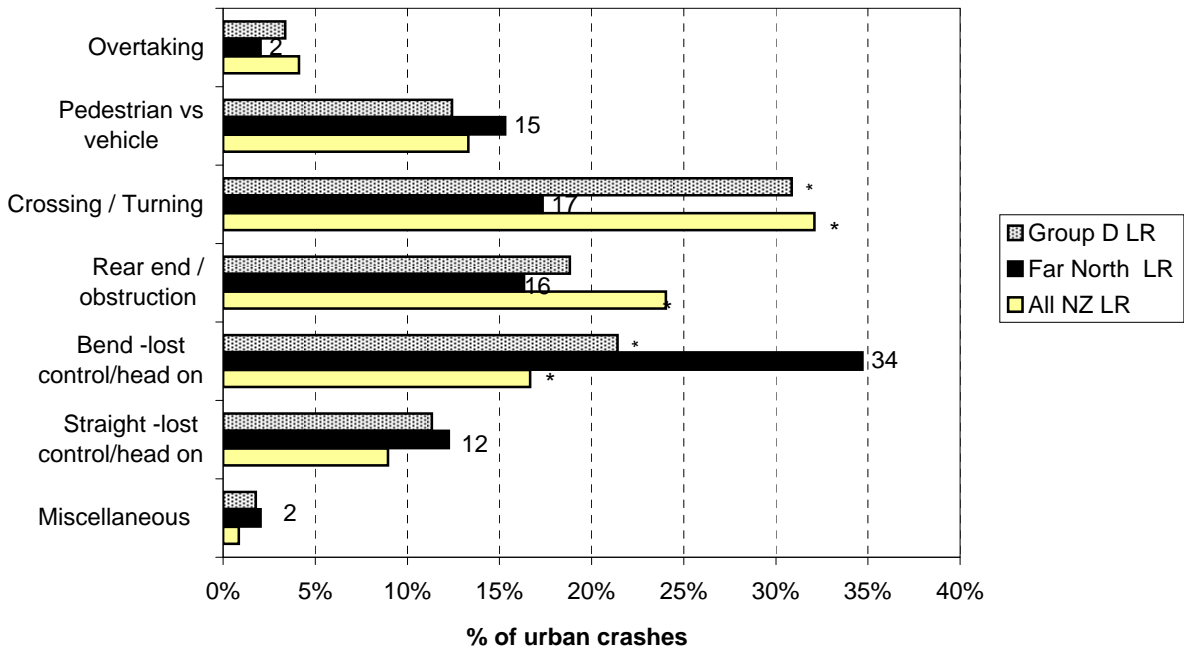
**Figure 8.5 Number of injury crashes  
Far North District - rural council roads**



**Figure 8.6 Number of casualties  
Far North District - rural council roads**

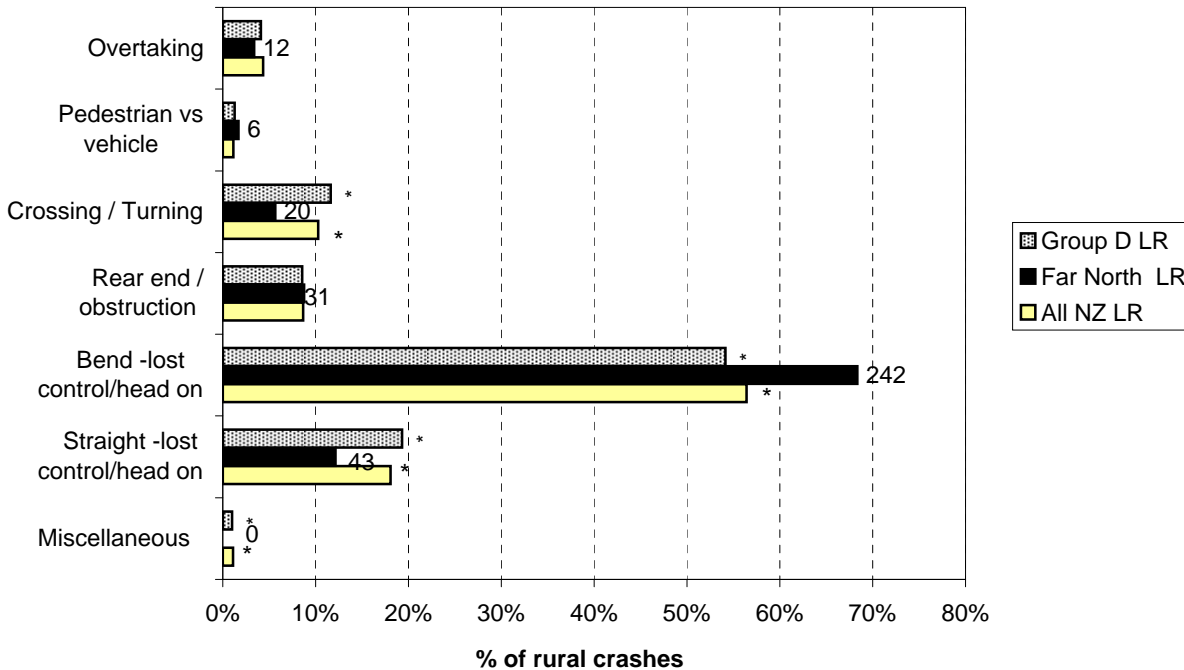


**Figure 8.7 Crash movement type - urban  
Far North District council roads (2005-2009)**



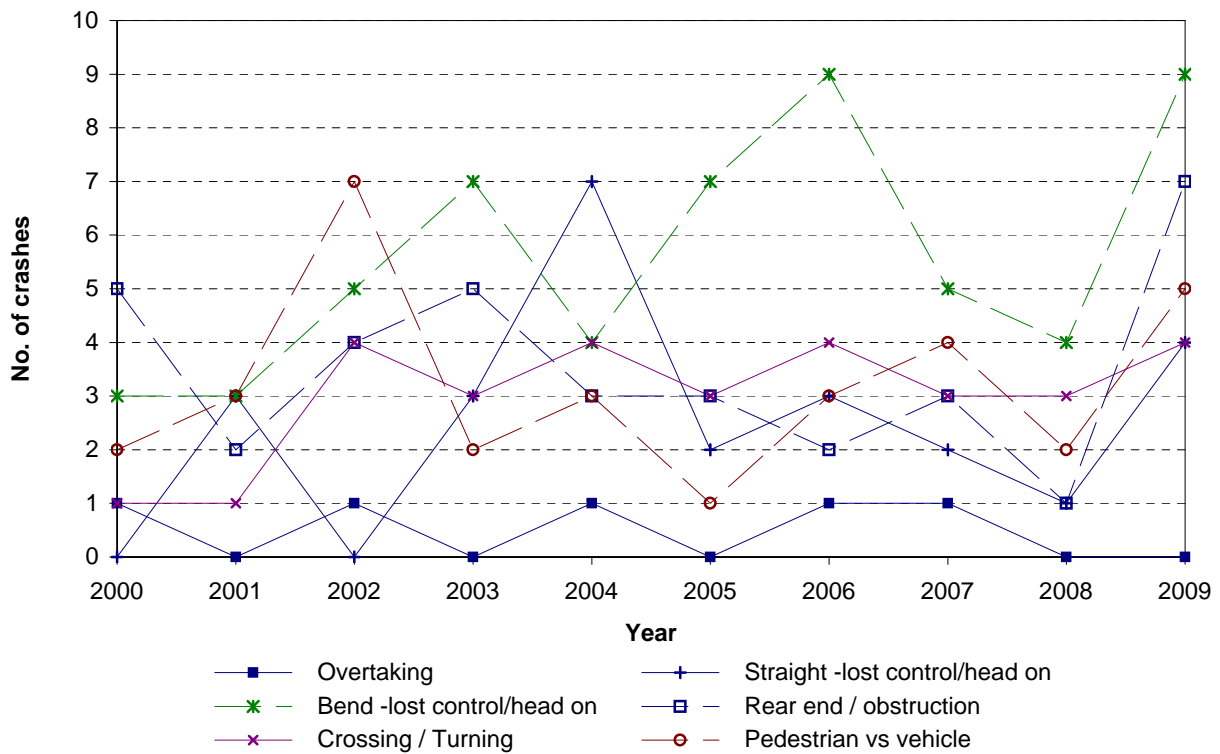
Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of crashes is shown against the data points.  
\*Denotes statistically significant difference between Local Authority and National or Peer Group Proportions

**Figure 8.8 Crash movement type - rural  
Far North District council roads (2005-2009)**

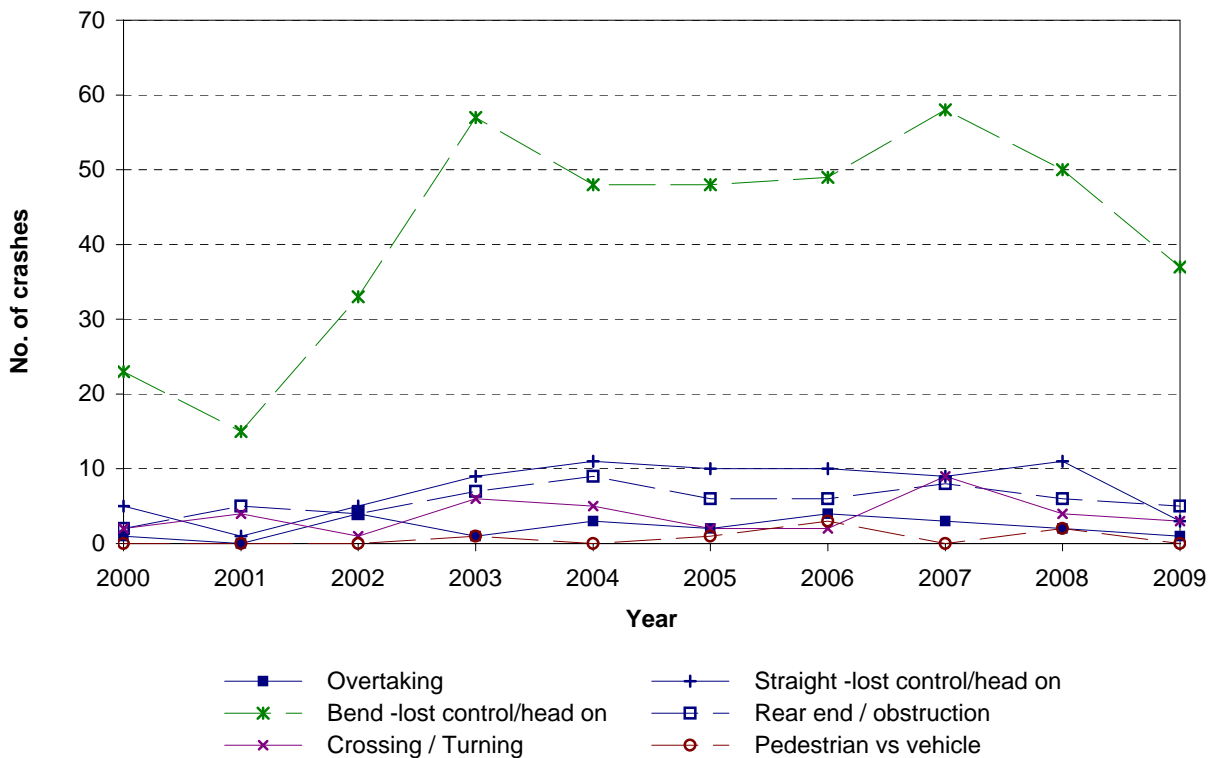


Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of crashes is shown against the data points.  
\*Denotes statistically significant difference between Local Authority and National or Peer Group Proportions

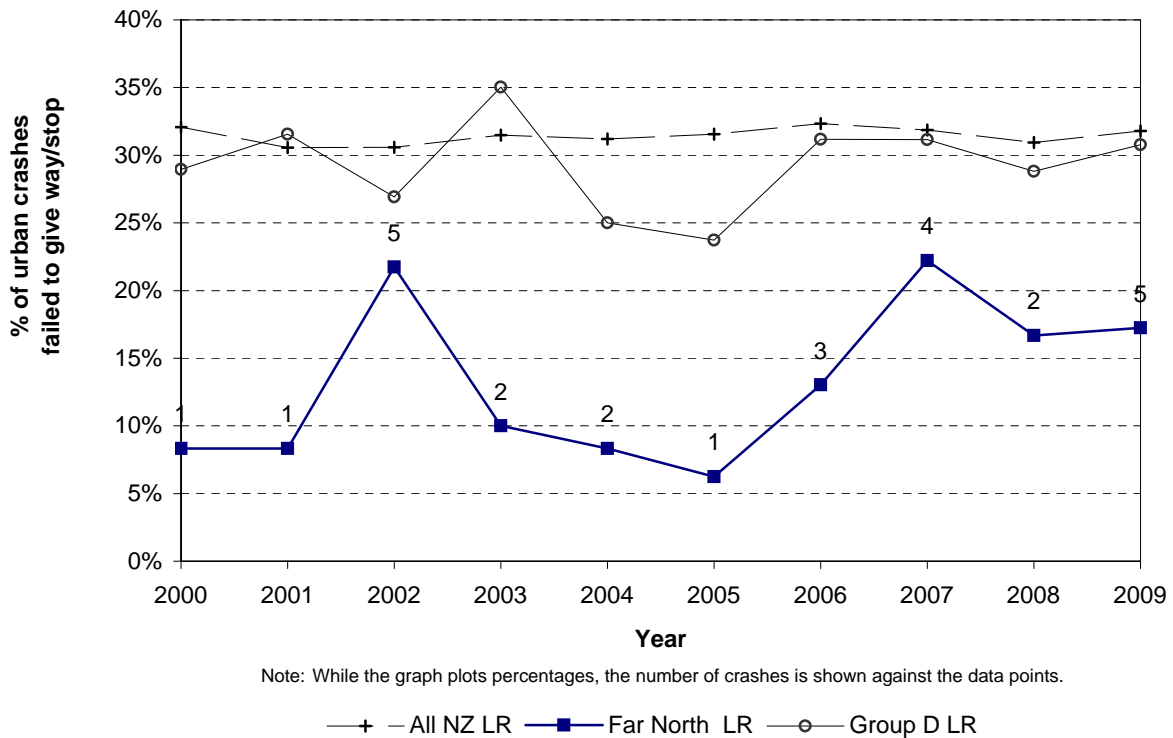
**Figure 8.9 Crash movement type - Trends  
Far North District - urban council roads**



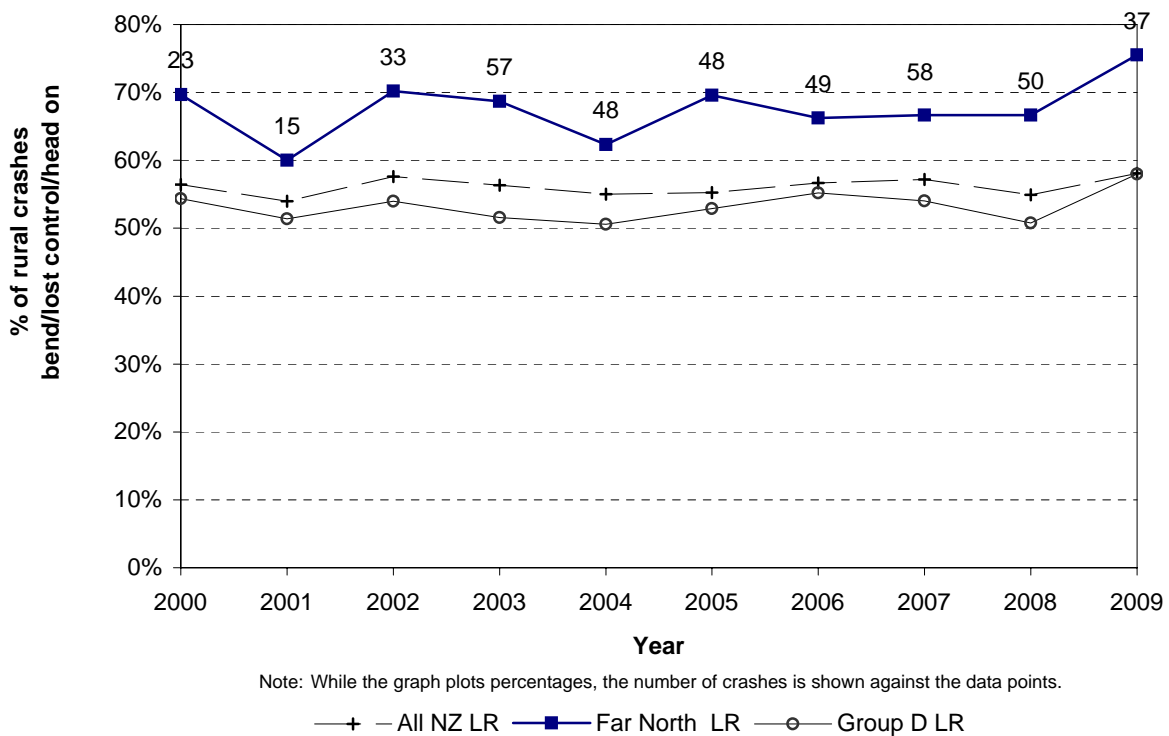
**Figure 8.10 Crash movement type - Trends  
Far North District - rural council roads**



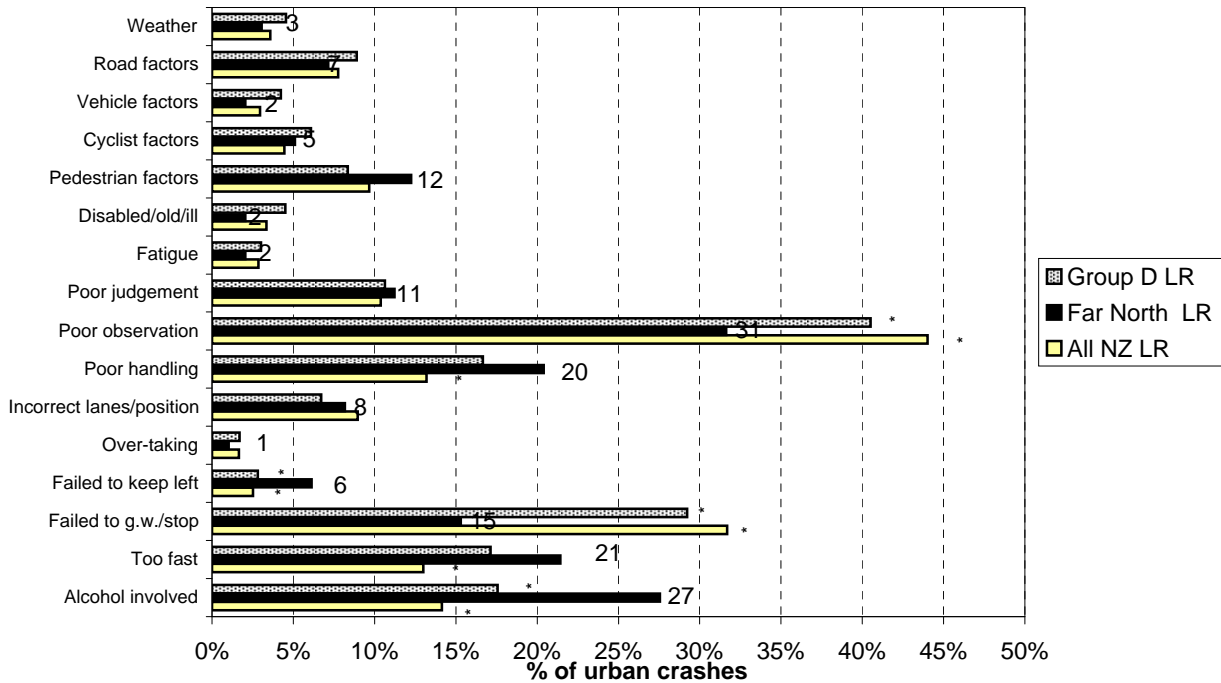
**Figure 8.11 Failed to give way/stop  
Far North District - urban council roads**



**Figure 8.12 Bend - lost control / head - on  
Far North District - rural council roads**

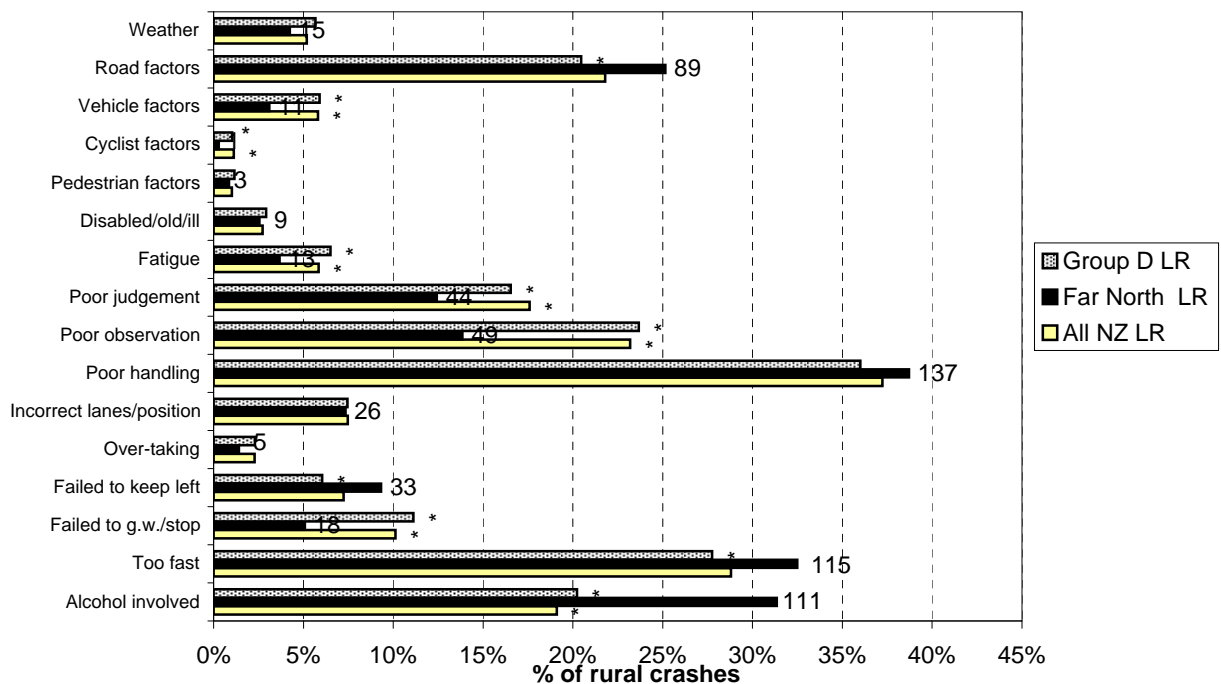


**Figure 8.13 Contributing factors - urban  
Far North District council roads (2005-2009)**



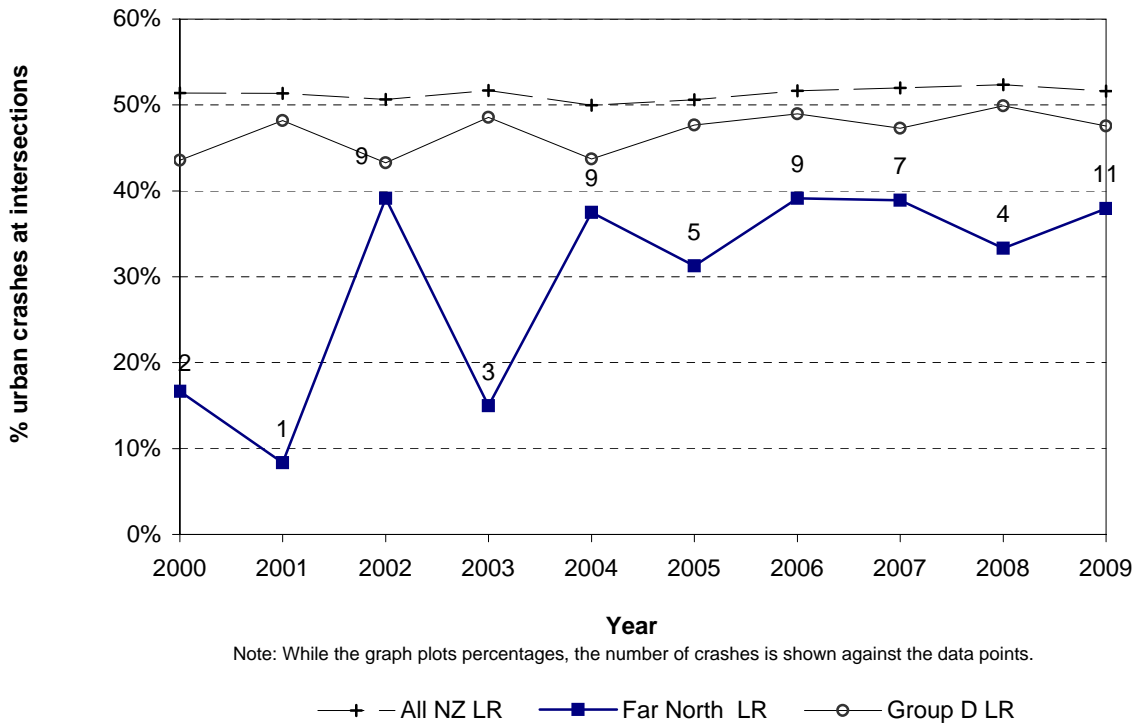
Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of crashes is shown against the data points.  
\*Denotes statistically significant difference between Local Authority and National or Peer Group Proportions

**Figure 8.14 Contributing factors - rural  
Far North District council roads (2005-2009)**

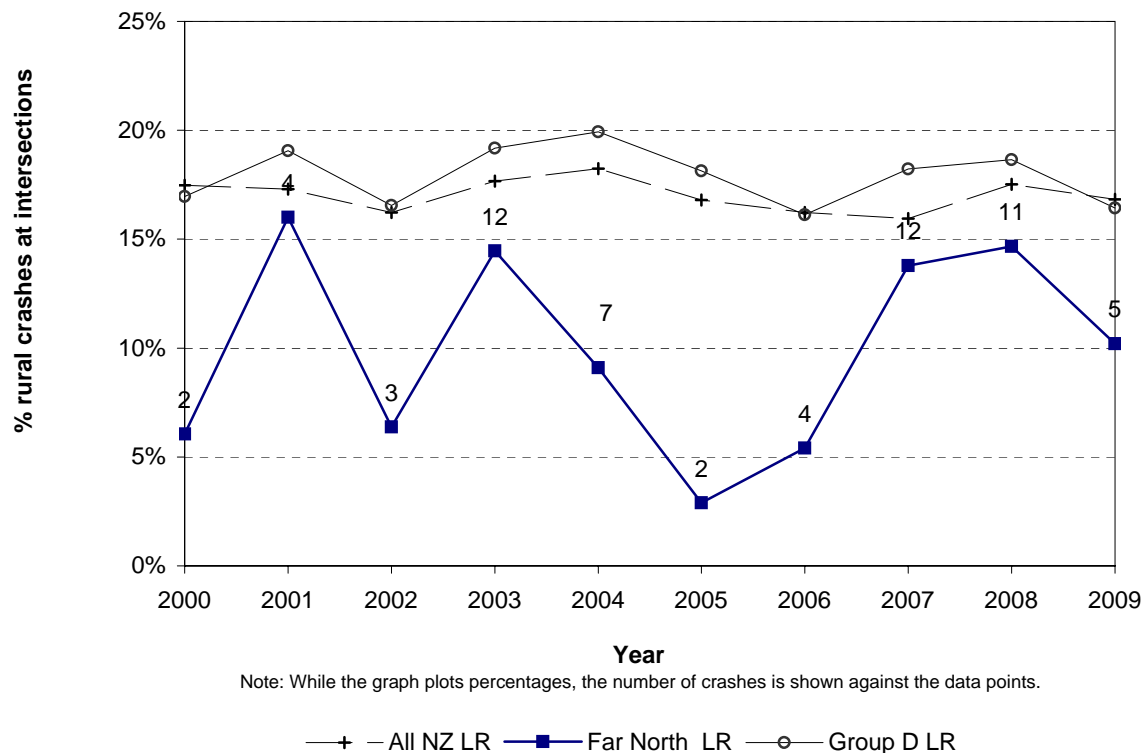


Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of casualties is shown against the data points.  
\*Denotes statistically significant difference between Local Authority and National or Peer Group Proportions

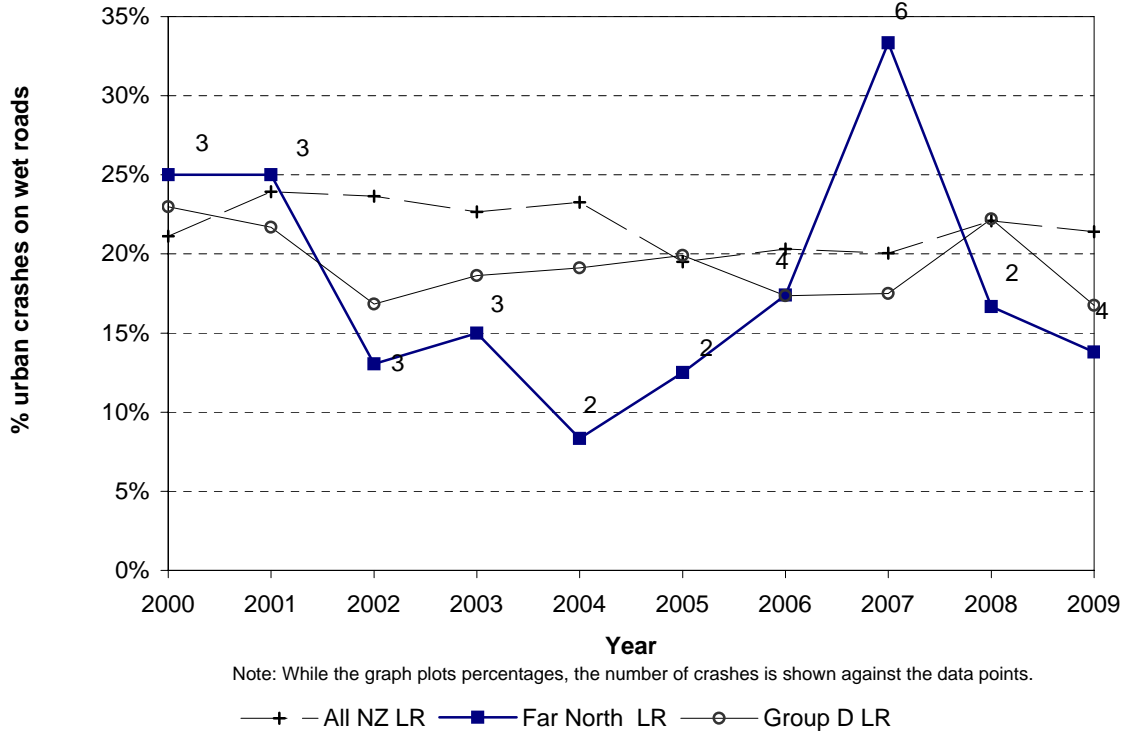
**Figure 8.15 Intersection crashes  
Far North District - urban council roads**



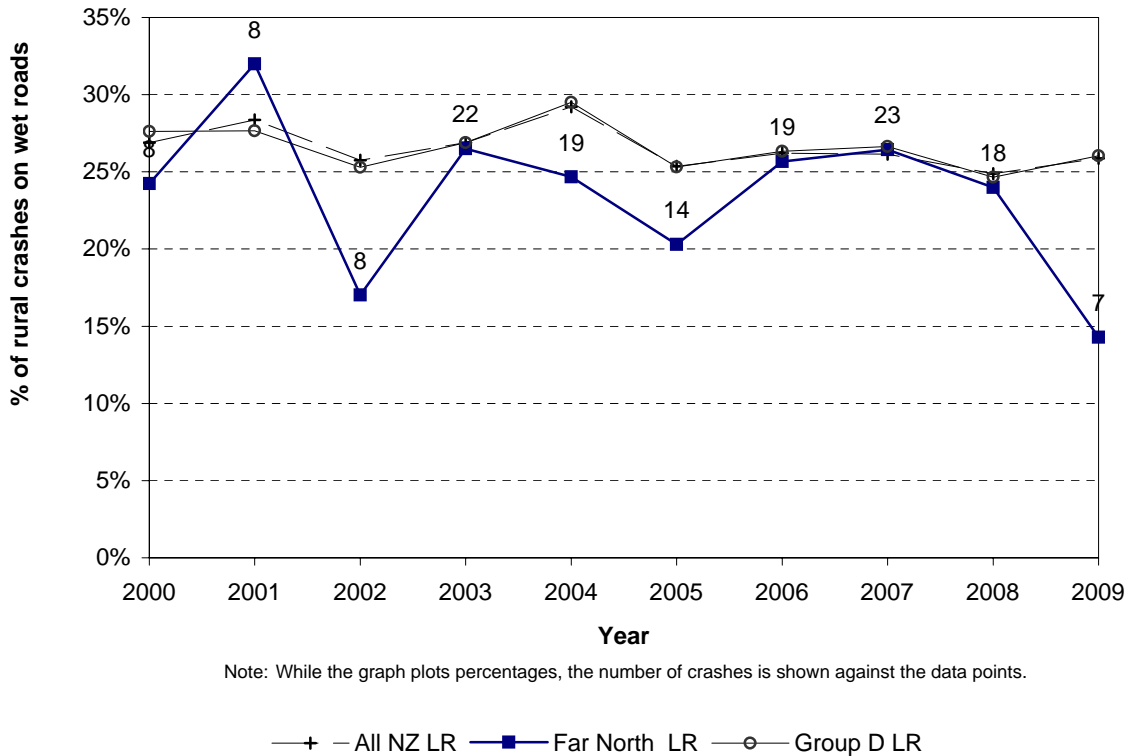
**Figure 8.16 Intersection crashes  
Far North District - rural council roads**



**Figure 8.17 Wet road crashes**  
Far North District - urban council roads

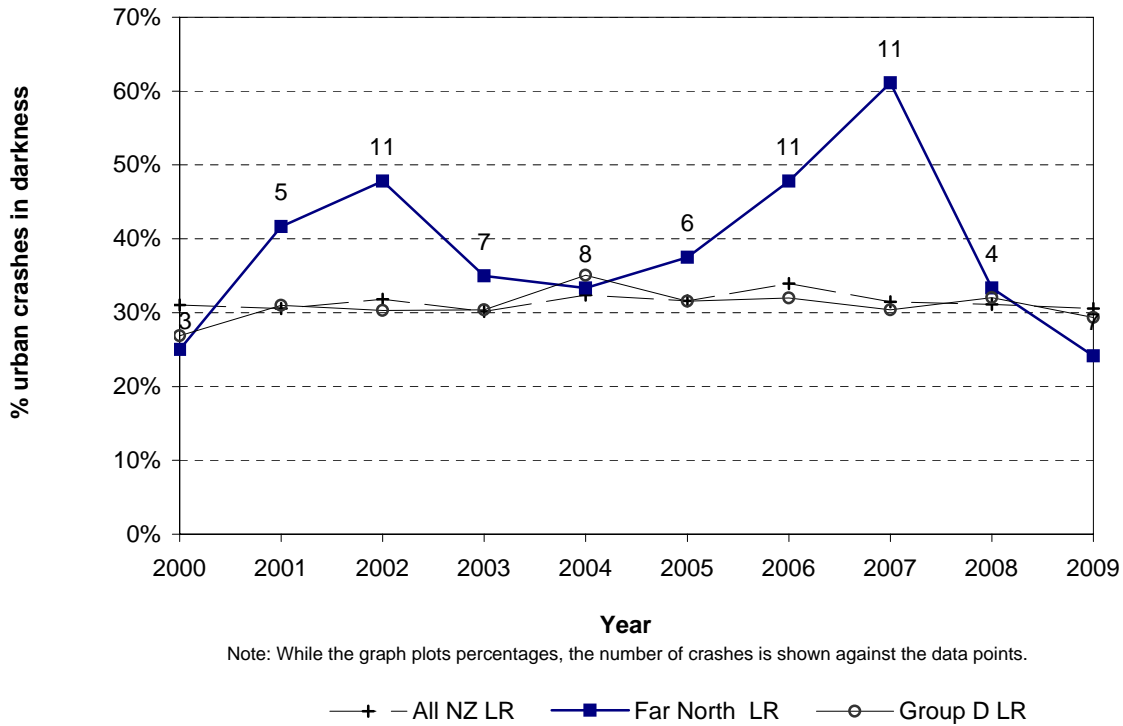


**Figure 8.18 Wet road crashes**  
Far North District - rural council roads

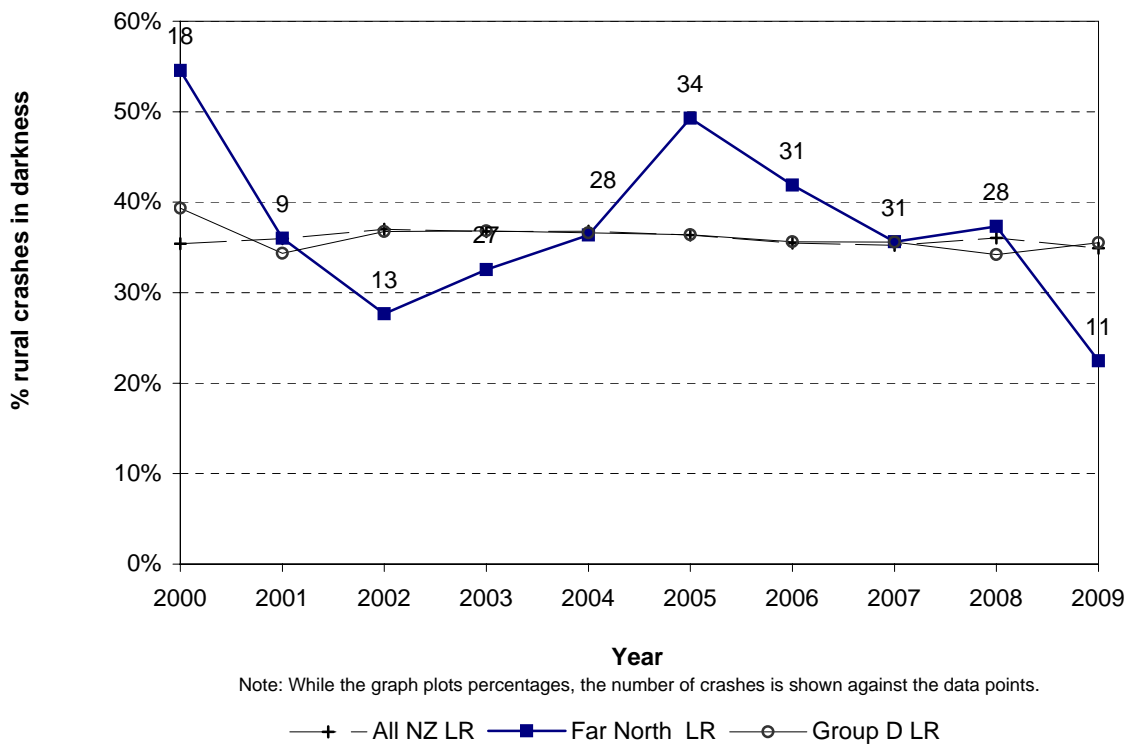




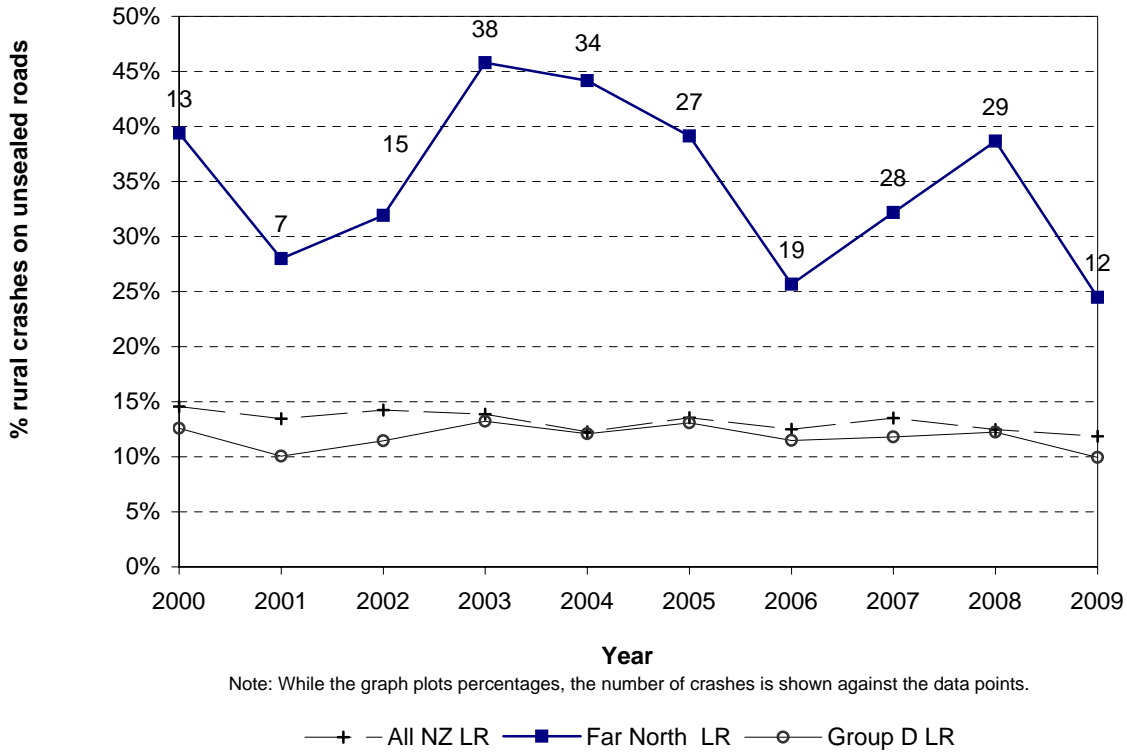
**Figure 8.19 Crashes in darkness  
Far North District - urban council roads**



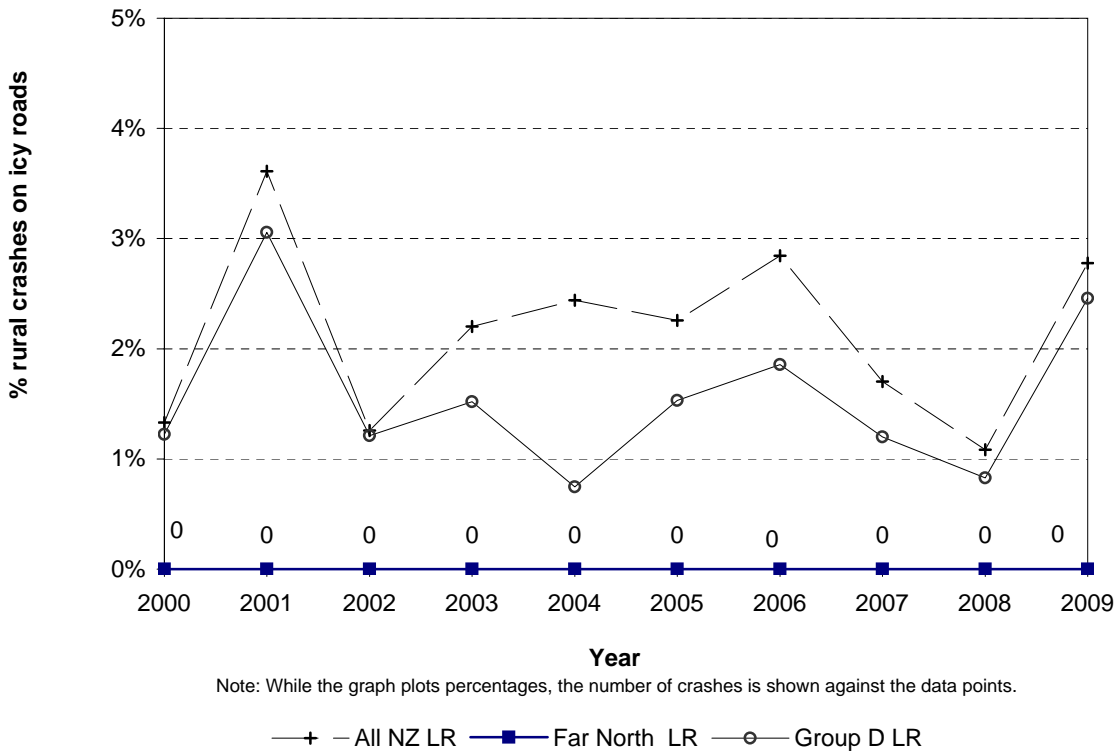
**Figure 8.20 Crashes in darkness  
Far North District - rural council roads**

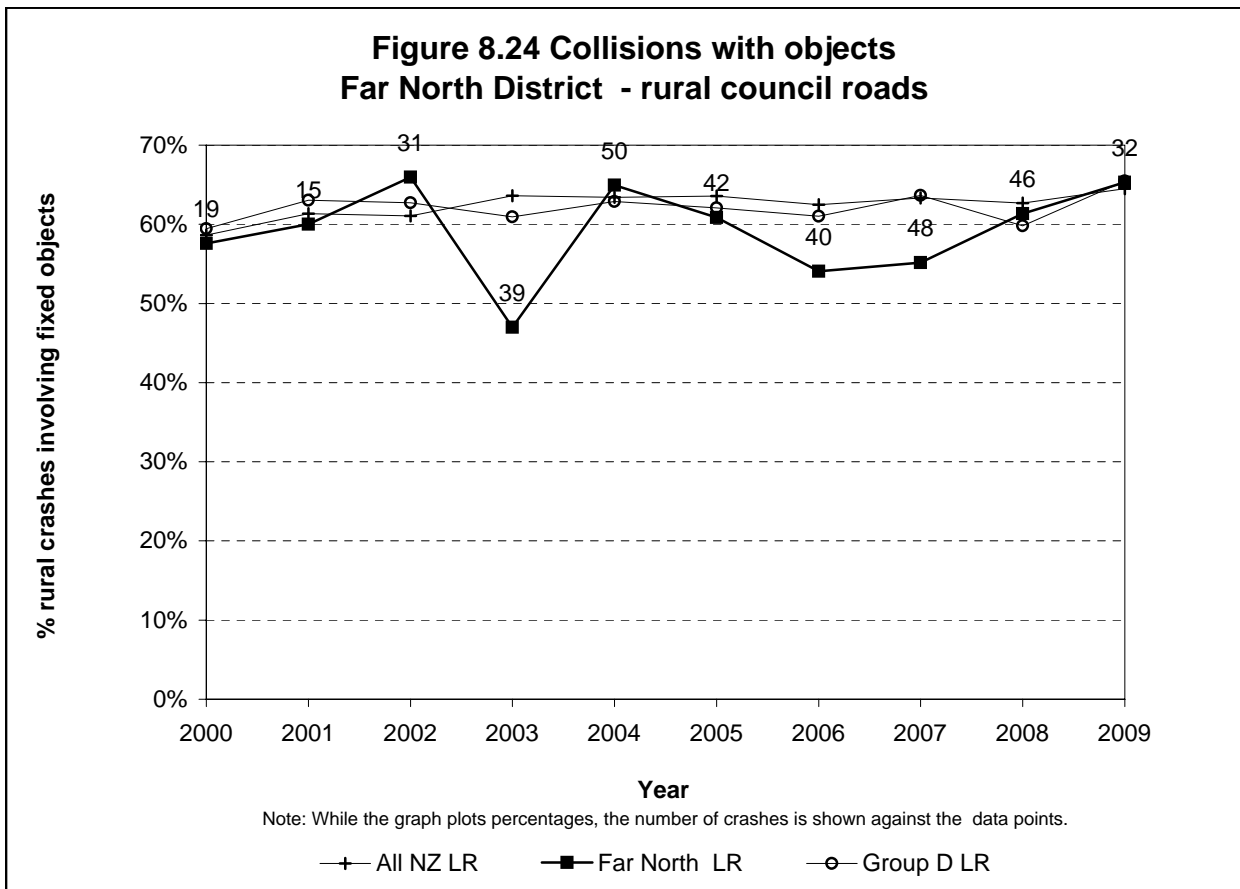
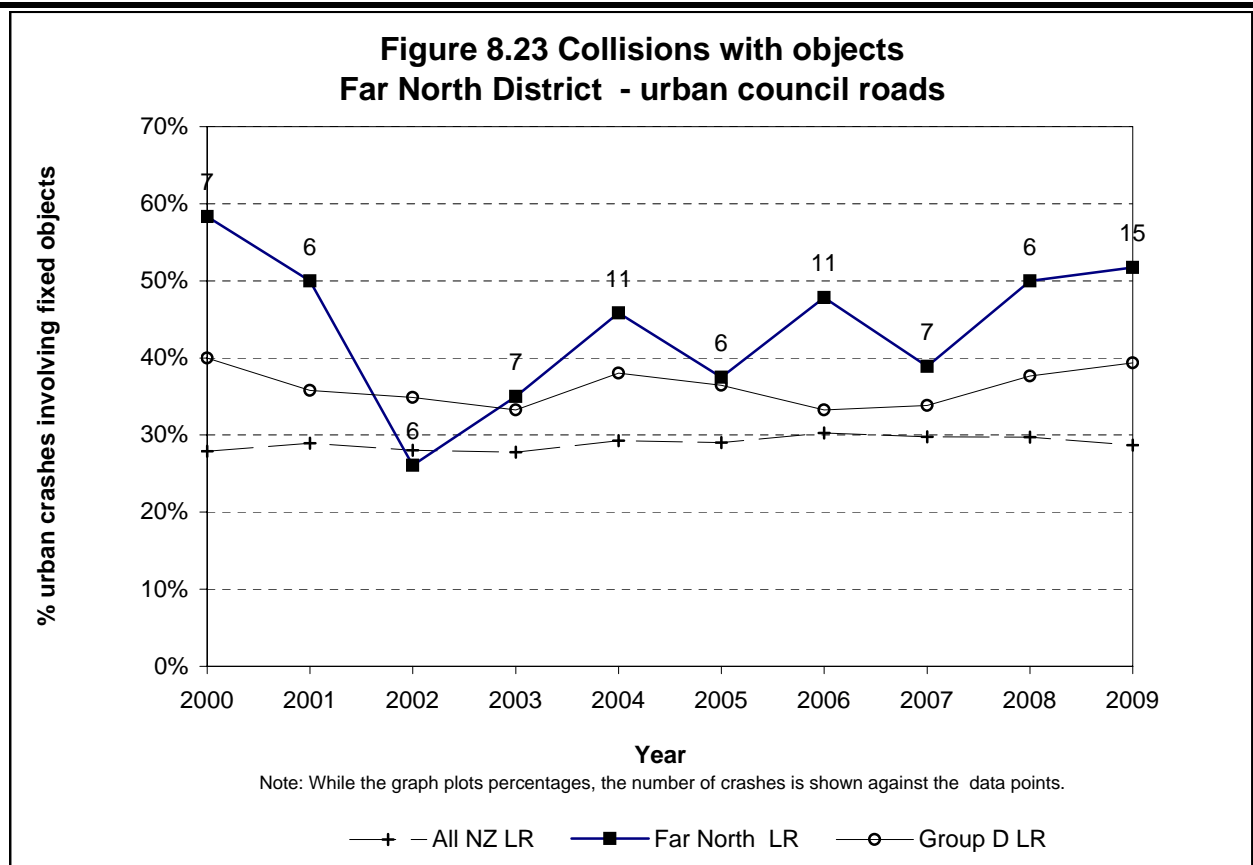


**Figure 8.21 Crashes on unsealed roads  
Far North District - rural council roads**

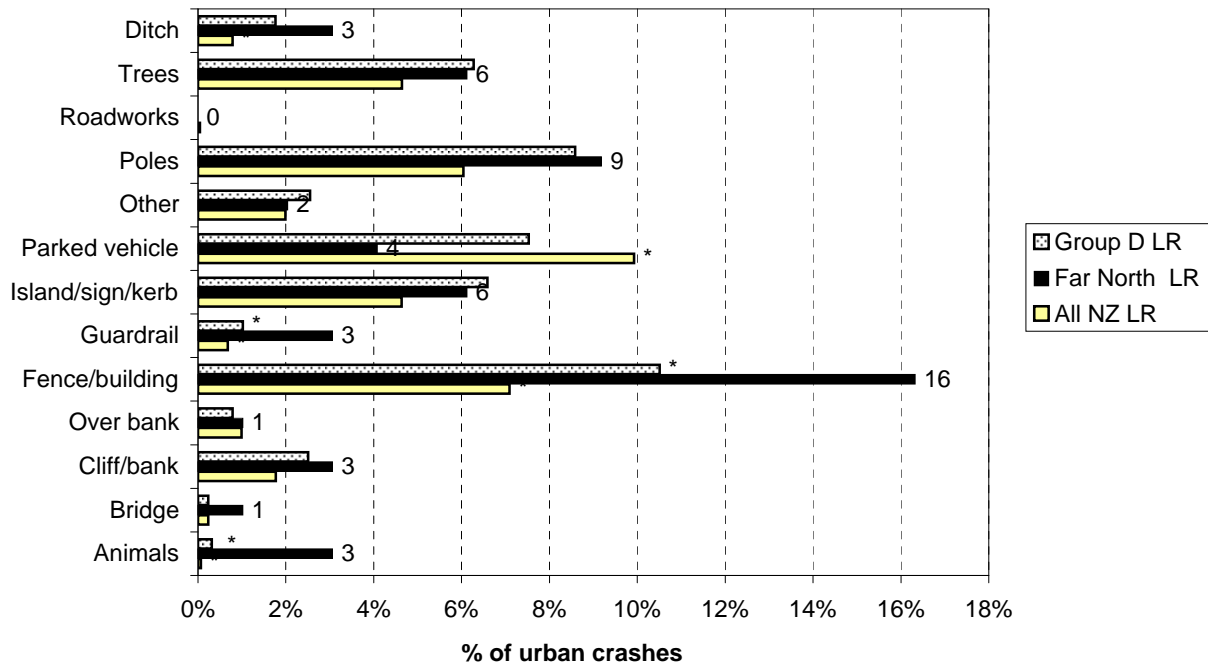


**Figure 8.22 Icy road crashes  
Far North District - rural council roads**



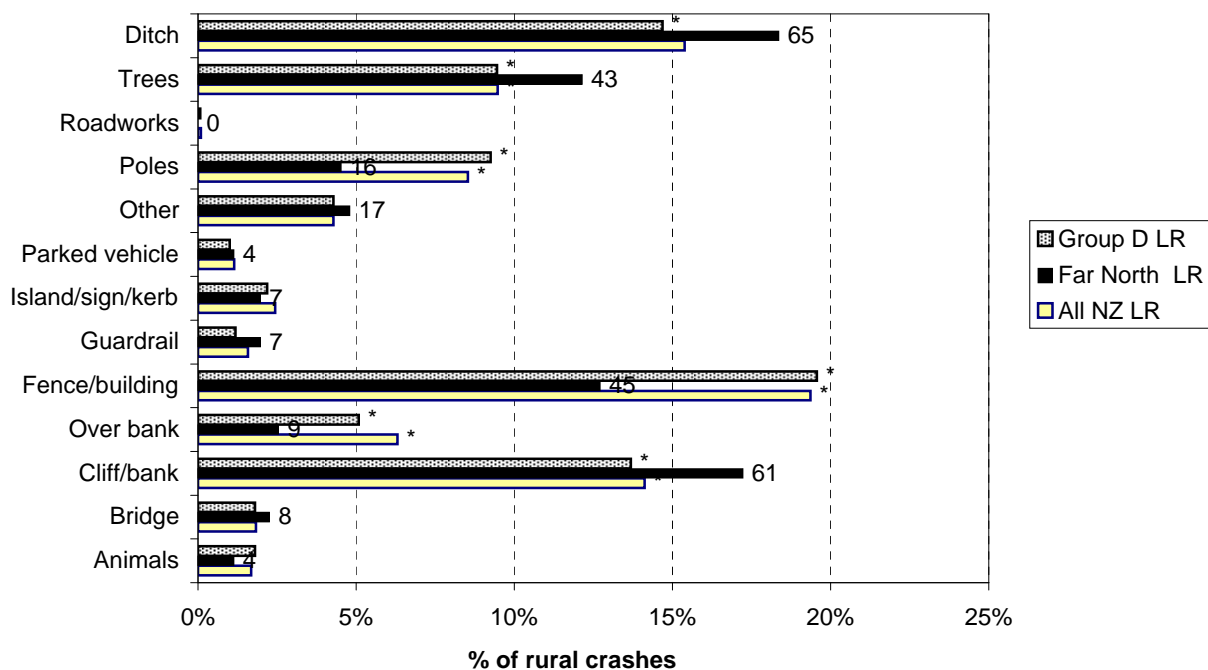


**Figure 8.25 Objects struck - urban  
Far North District council roads (2005-2009)**



Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of crashes is shown against the data points.  
\*Denotes statistically significant difference between Local Authority and National or Peer Group Proportions

**Figure 8.26 Objects struck - rural  
Far North District council roads (2005-2009)**



Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of crashes is shown against the data points.  
\*Denotes statistically significant difference between Local Authority and National or Peer Group Proportions



# *Crash Location Statistics*



**Table 9.1: Council Roads Black Spot List Urban  
(Injury and Non-Injury Crashes)**
**Site Radius = 30 metres**
**Sites with 3 or more injury crashes or more than \$100000 in social costs**

CRASH ROAD		SIDE ROAD	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	TOTAL	Non-Injury	Wet Crash %	Dark Crash %	Crash Costs
NORTH ROAD	I	WATTS ST		1	1	1	1	4	2	50	50	\$3,172,122
KERIKERI ROAD		130 S LANDING ROAD	4	1	1			6	4	50	17	\$1,805,084
KERIKERI ROAD	I	BUTLER ROAD	1	4	1	1	2	9	7	11	22	\$1,129,768
KERIKERI ROAD	I	HONE HEKE ROAD		3			3	6	4		33	\$1,047,504
OTIRIA ROAD	I	SNOWDON AVENUE			1	1	2	4	3		25	\$957,750
FORESHORE ROAD		140 W ROMA ROAD		1	1	1		3	2		33	\$940,422
BANK ST	I	PUCKEY AVENUE	1			1	1	3	2	33	33	\$940,354
RANKIN ST		50 W STATION ROAD	1		1	1		3	2		67	\$864,680
COMMERCE ST		100 S BANK ST	3					3	2		67	\$864,668
MANGAKAHIA ROAD	I	RECREATION ROAD	1	1		1	2	5	2		40	\$248,122
WIHONGI ST	I	DE MERLE ST	1	2	2			5	3	20	40	\$195,914
COMMERCE ST	I	BLENCOWE ST		2	1	3	1	7	6	29	14	\$176,642
HONE HEKE ROAD		50 N JACARANDA PLACE	1		1	1		3	1	33	33	\$161,010
PUCKEY AVENUE	I	BLENCOWE ST		1		1	1	3	1	33	33	\$159,290
COMMERCE ST	I	BANK ST	2	2			1	5	4	20	40	\$143,638
DOMINION ROAD	I	BANK ST			1	3	1	5	4	20	20	\$139,220
KERIKERI ROAD	I	HOMESTEAD ROAD	4	1	1	2		8	8	25	13	\$139,158
COMMERCE ST	I	ALLEN BELL DRIVE		2		1	1	4	3		50	\$121,954
GREY ST	A	MACFARLANE ST		1	2			3	2	100		\$107,020
PUKEPOTO ROAD	I	VEGAR ST		1	2			3	2	67	67	\$107,020
PUKEPOTO ROAD	I	BONNETT ROAD	2	2		1	1	6	6	33	33	\$104,452
KERIKERI ROAD	I	CLARK ROAD				2	1	3	2	33	33	\$104,440
KERIKERI ROAD		200 N RANUI AVENUE	1		1	1		3	2	67	100	\$104,434
KOWHAI AVENUE		20 S SH 12	2				1	3	2	33		\$104,428
HOMESTEAD ROAD	I	FAIRWAY DRIVE	1	1	1	2	1	6	6	33	17	\$104,396
SOUTH ROAD	I	REDAN ROAD	2	1			3	6	6		17	\$104,390



**Table 9.2: Council Roads Black Spot List Rural  
 (Injury and Non-Injury Crashes)**
**Site Radius = 250 metres**
**Sites with 3 or more injury crashes or more than \$200000 in social costs**

CRASH ROAD	SIDE ROAD	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	TOTAL	Non-Injury	Wet Crash %	Dark Crash %	Crash Costs
KAITAIA-AWAROA ROAD I	BRASS ROAD		1	2	2	2	7	4	29	14	\$5,145,926
KAITAIA-AWAROA ROAD I	OKAHU ROAD	1	2		1		4	1	25	50	\$4,257,536
AHIPARA ROAD	1500 W KAITAIA-AWAROA ROAD			1	2		3		67	100	\$4,023,880
STANNERS ROAD	1240 N SH 10	1		1		1	3	1	33	67	\$3,973,417
AUCKS ROAD I	RUSSELL ROAD			1	1	1	3	1		67	\$3,969,497
KAPIRO ROAD I	PURERUA ROAD			1	3	3	7	4	71	57	\$2,366,727
MANGAKAHIA ROAD	670 S NGAPIPITO ROAD	1	2				3				\$2,309,860
WAIPAPA ROAD	820 W WAITOTARA DRIVE		1	2	1	1	5	3	20		\$2,281,951
MANGAMUKA ROAD	2000 S MANGATAIPA ROAD	1		1	1		3		67	67	\$2,223,620
ORURU ROAD	510 S GARTON ROAD	1		1	1	1	4	2	25	50	\$2,219,714
GILL ROAD A	BONNETT ROAD			1	1	1	3	1		67	\$2,165,317
WIROA ROAD I	WAIMATE NORTH ROAD			5	3	2	10	6	20	20	\$1,558,241
KERIKERI ROAD	100 N ACCESS ROAD	1	3	2	1	1	8	4	50	13	\$1,535,606
KAITAIA-AWAROA ROAD	1040 S OKAHU ROAD		2	1	1	1	5	2	20	40	\$1,365,154
WAIPAPA ROAD	100 E RAINBOW FALLS ROAD	2		3		1	6	3	33	33	\$1,363,507
WIROA ROAD	1000 W SH 10	2			2	1	5	2	60	40	\$1,326,750
KERIKERI INLET ROAD	150 W DARWIN ROAD		1	1	2	1	5	2	20	60	\$1,322,034
OTIRIA ROAD I	KINGI ROAD		2	1	1		4	1	25	75	\$1,287,156
WIROA ROAD	500 W WAIMATE NORTH ROAD	1	1			2	4	2	25	25	\$1,248,534
REDCLIFFS ROAD	350 N KAPIRO ROAD	1	1	1			3	2	33	33	\$1,183,670
MANGAKAHIA ROAD	50 S CUMBER ROAD	2			1		3	2	33	67	\$1,158,190
KAITAIA-AWAROA ROAD	370 N OKAHU ROAD	1	1		1		3	2		67	\$1,157,312
TE PUA ROAD I	LAKE ROAD	1		1		1	3	2			\$1,155,434
TE PUA ROAD	210 N SH 12	2		1			3	2	33	33	\$1,143,307
KAITAIA-AWAROA ROAD	450 S OKAHU ROAD	2		2	1	1	6	2	17	67	\$444,750
KAITAIA-AWAROA ROAD	150 W ARAROA ROAD	1	2		1		4	1	50	75	\$317,936
KAITAIA-AWAROA ROAD	660 E ARAROA ROAD	1	1	1	1	1	5	3	20	40	\$297,267
KAITAIA-AWAROA ROAD	450 W TANGONGE ROAD		1	1	3		5	3	60	40	\$294,429
KERIKERI ROAD I	GREENWAY DRIVE		1	2	1	1	5	3	40	40	\$294,429
WIROA ROAD	2000 W SH 10			2	2	1	5	3	40	40	\$292,551
WIROA ROAD	1030 W WAIMATE NORTH ROAD	1	1			1	3				\$279,300
KAPIRO ROAD	500 E ORANGEWOOD ROAD	2	1		1		4	2	25	75	\$264,349
WAIPAPA ROAD I	WAITOTARA DRIVE	2	1		1		4	2	25		\$263,267
KAITAIA-AWAROA ROAD	500 E BRASS ROAD	2			1	1	4	2	50	75	\$262,470
OLD BAY ROAD	1070 S TE AHU AHU ROAD	1	1	1	1		4	2	50	25	\$260,429
REDCLIFFS ROAD	25 S RANGITANE ROAD	2	1	2			5	4	40	40	\$245,560
WATERFRONT DRIVE	1300 N SH 10	1		1	1		3	1	33	33	\$222,957
KAPIRO ROAD I	REDCLIFFS ROAD	1		1		1	3	1	33		\$221,794
WAIMATE NORTH ROAD I	OKOKAKO ROAD			1	2		3	1			\$219,037
KAITAIA-AWAROA ROAD	1660 W TANGONGE ROAD	1	1	2			4	3	100		\$206,127

**Table 9.3: State Highway  
Urban and Rural Black Spot List  
(Injury and Non-Injury Crashes)**

Urban Site Radius = 30 metres  
Rural Site Radius = 250 metres

Sites with 3 or more injury crashes or more than \$250000 in social costs

CRASH ROAD		SIDE ROAD	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	TOTAL	Non-Injury	Wet Crash %	Dark Crash %	Crash Costs
SH 12	I	WAIMATENUI ROAD	2	1	2	0	0	5	0	0	20	\$9,128,700
SH 10	I	PAIRATAHI ROAD	1	3	0	2	2	8	3	38	50	\$6,543,889
SH 12	I	WALLIS ROAD	5	1	2	4	2	14	9	29	36	\$6,541,319
SH 1N	I	AKERAMA ROAD	1	1	2	5	4	13	5	92	15	\$5,831,443
SH 10	I	SH 11	2	8	6	3	7	26	16	15	23	\$5,273,778
SH 10		600 N WAKELIN ROAD	0	4	0	1	2	7	5	57	43	\$5,100,200
SH 12		300 N WHARF ROAD	0	2	1	1	0	4	1	25	75	\$4,662,147
SH 1N		4000 N CALLAGHAN ROAD	1	1	0	1	1	4	2	50	25	\$4,201,192
SH 1N		4910 S SH 11	1	0	0	1	1	3	1	0	0	\$4,162,557
SH 12		500 E WAIMATENUI ROAD	0	2	1	0	2	5	2	0	60	\$4,104,254
SH 10		600 N SH 11	0	1	1	0	3	5	2	0	20	\$4,099,272
SH 1N		5000 S TARAKIHI ROAD	0	1	1	1	1	4	1	25	0	\$4,062,597
SH 10		100 N WAIARE ROAD	3	1	0	1	0	5	3	40	60	\$4,054,323
SH 1N		1380 S FAIRBURN ROAD	1	1	1	1	1	5	3	0	20	\$4,047,646
SH 1N		980 W WAIKARAMU ROAD	0	0	0	2	2	4	2	0	25	\$4,006,254
SH 10		2210 S MCGEES ROAD	1	1	0	1	2	5	4	100	20	\$3,996,284
SH 1N		2000 N RUAPEKAPEKA ROAD	1	1	1	0	0	3	1	0	67	\$3,974,214
SH 1N		1000 E OLD BAY ROAD	0	2	1	0	0	3	1	33	33	\$3,973,336
SH 1N		230 S FORD ROAD	1	0	1	1	1	4	3	50	25	\$3,954,627
SH 10	I	MATAURI LINK ROAD	0	0	1	1	2	4	3	25	50	\$3,951,871
SH 1N	I	WAIKARAMU ROAD	0	0	2	1	1	4	3	50	50	\$3,951,871
SH 1N		2200 S HOUHORA HEADS ROAD	0	1	0	2	0	3	2	0	0	\$3,916,992
SH 10		1000 N ZIDICH ROAD	1	1	1	0	2	5	1	20	60	\$3,340,337
SH 10	I	WAIMATE NORTH ROAD	3	2	1	1	4	11	5	27	18	\$2,705,141
SH 11		3000 E SH 10	1	2	1	2	0	6	2	0	67	\$2,432,190
SH 10		840 N PAIRATAHI ROAD	2	1	0	0	2	5	2	40	20	\$2,343,010
SH 10		500 S WAIPAPA ROAD	0	2	1	0	0	3	0	33	0	\$2,305,940
SH 1N	I	MARSHALL ROAD S	0	2	0	2	0	4	1	50	75	\$2,301,537
SH 1N	I	PERRY ROAD	0	0	0	1	3	4	1	50	25	\$2,256,457
SH 10		1050 N SALVATION ROAD	1	1	0	1	0	3	1	33	33	\$2,226,077
SH 10		1400 W WHANGAROA ROAD	1	0	1	1	0	3	0	33	67	\$2,223,620
SH 11	I	HARURU FALLS ROAD	1	0	0	2	0	3	1	0	100	\$2,135,734
SH 1N	I	SH 10	1	2	1	3	2	9	3	33	22	\$1,651,729
SH 1N		600 N AKERAMA ROAD	1	1	5	0	3	10	5	60	10	\$1,632,143
SH 11		1600 N WAIKARE ROAD	1	2	3	0	2	8	3	100	25	\$1,560,671
SH 1N	I	BARNES ROAD	0	3	1	1	4	9	6	44	11	\$1,495,311
SH 10		400 N OROMAHOE ROAD	1	1	1	2	2	7	3	43	71	\$1,495,011
SH 1N		450 W SNOWDON AVENUE	1	2	3	2	3	11	9	73	36	\$1,492,746
SH 11	I	BRISTOW ROAD	2	2	0	5	0	9	7	44	22	\$1,464,393
SH 10	I	PARAPARA ROAD	0	1	2	0	3	6	2	17	33	\$1,413,174
SH 12		1060 W PUNAKITERE LOOP ROAD	0	2	1	3	0	6	3	67	33	\$1,401,911
SH 10	I	KUMI ROAD	2	0	2	1	2	7	4	14	43	\$1,399,101
SH 11		80 W BROADVIEW ROAD	0	0	4	2	0	6	3	50	67	\$1,356,831
SH 10		500 E PEKERAU ROAD	1	1	1	0	1	4	0	25	25	\$1,343,580
SH 1N		370 N TE RORE ROAD	0	3	1	0	0	4	0	25	25	\$1,343,580
SH 12		590 E WAOKU ROAD	2	1	1	1	0	5	2	40	40	\$1,342,430
SH 1N		1100 E FRYER ROAD	0	2	0	1	1	4	0	0	0	\$1,341,620
SH 11		1790 W NAUTICAL DRIVE	1	1	0	2	1	5	2	40	40	\$1,325,954
SH 10	I	KAHIKATEAROA LANE	2	0	0	2	2	6	3	33	0	\$1,317,867
SH 10	I	KERIKERI ROAD	2	0	2	3	1	8	7	50	25	\$1,307,388

**Table 9.3: State Highway  
Urban and Rural Black Spot List  
(Injury and Non-Injury Crashes)**

Urban Site Radius = 30 metres  
Rural Site Radius = 250 metres

Sites with 3 or more injury crashes or more than \$250000 in social costs

CRASH ROAD	SIDE ROAD	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	TOTAL	Non- Injury	Wet Crash %	Dark Crash %	Crash Costs
SH 12	4000 W RAKAUWAHIA ROAD	0	1	1	1	0	3	0	33	33	\$1,289,680
SH 1N	1600 E FRYER ROAD	1	0	2	1	0	4	1	50	50	\$1,287,237
SH 1N	I RUAPEKAPEKA ROAD	3	1	0	2	0	6	5	100	33	\$1,273,096
SH 10	I PUKETOTARA ROAD	1	0	2	1	1	5	3	20	0	\$1,268,447
SH 12	100 W NGAWHA SPRINGS ROAD	0	0	3	0	2	5	3	60	60	\$1,265,691
SH 10	1200 E KUMI ROAD	1	0	0	2	0	3	0	0	33	\$1,264,200
SH 1N	20 N FAIRBURN ROAD	1	1	1	2	0	5	4	20	40	\$1,257,184
SH 1N	1000 E GILLIES ST	1	1	0	2	2	6	5	17	17	\$1,252,700
SH 12	10000 W RAKAUWAHIA ROAD	1	1	0	2	0	4	2	100	50	\$1,248,452
SH 1N	1000 S FAIRBURN ROAD	1	1	1	0	0	3	1	33	33	\$1,239,217
SH 1N	1900 S PAPANORE ROAD	1	0	1	2	0	4	2	50	25	\$1,232,854
SH 11	I SCHOOL ROAD	0	2	1	0	1	4	1	25	25	\$1,232,276
SH 11	I RUAPEKAPEKA ROAD	2	1	0	1	0	4	3	50	25	\$1,223,184
SH 1N	40 S SH 10	1	0	2	2	2	7	6	43	57	\$1,219,817
SH 12	I REMUERA SETTLEMENT R	3	0	0	0	0	3	1	67	0	\$1,216,494
SH 1N	2900 S KITCHEN ROAD	1	0	0	2	2	5	4	40	20	\$1,214,064
SH 10	300 N STANNERS ROAD	1	0	1	1	0	3	1	67	0	\$1,209,817
SH 12	830 E WALLIS ROAD	1	0	2	0	0	3	1	0	0	\$1,209,817
SH 10	250 E WAIARE ROAD	1	1	0	0	1	3	1	33	67	\$1,197,976
SH 1N	1860 S TAKAHUE ROAD	1	1	1	0	0	3	1	33	0	\$1,196,894
SH 1N	I UNAHI ROAD	2	0	0	0	2	4	3	50	75	\$1,194,947
SH 1N	I MATICH ROAD	0	1	1	0	1	3	1	33	33	\$1,194,137
SH 1N	400 W WHANGAE ROAD	0	0	1	2	0	3	1	0	33	\$1,192,177
SH 1N	1000 E RAHIRI ROAD	1	2	0	0	0	3	2	0	33	\$1,185,549
SH 1N	500 S TARAKIHI ROAD	2	0	1	0	1	4	3	25	25	\$1,180,064
SH 1N	2650 W LUDBROOK ROAD	2	0	1	1	0	4	3	50	25	\$1,180,064
SH 10	2000 N WAKELIN ROAD	1	0	0	1	2	4	3	50	50	\$1,177,307
SH 10	690 N ZIDICH ROAD	0	1	1	2	0	4	3	0	50	\$1,176,429
SH 12	500 E NGAWHA SPRINGS ROAD	1	0	0	1	1	3	2	67	67	\$1,155,434
SH 12	500 S OHURI ROAD	0	2	1	0	0	3	2	0	67	\$1,141,551
SH 11	I FRANKLIN ST	1	0	1	0	1	3	2	33	0	\$1,140,550
SH 12	1130 S RAKAUWAHIA ROAD	1	0	2	0	0	3	2	33	33	\$1,140,550
SH 1N	60 N FRYER ROAD	1	0	2	0	0	3	2	0	33	\$1,140,550
SH 10	60 N POPLAR LANE	0	1	1	0	1	3	2	33	67	\$1,139,672
SH 1N	350 S BROTT ROAD	0	1	1	1	0	3	2	0	33	\$1,139,672
SH 1N	I CLOUGH ROAD	0	1	0	1	1	3	2	0	33	\$1,139,672
RETREAT ROAD	I SH 11	0	0	1	1	1	3	2	0	0	\$1,137,794
SH 11	I YORKE ROAD	2	0	2	0	0	4	3	0	75	\$1,091,376
SH 1N	10 W PLUNKET ST	1	0	1	0	1	3	1	67	33	\$992,624
SH 1N	15 E ALBERT ST	1	0	2	0	0	3	1	33	67	\$916,950
SH 1N	250 E WHANGAE ROAD	1	3	3	3	4	14	10	43	36	\$740,603
SH 1N	60 S HAUTAPU ROAD	0	4	3	3	3	13	9	54	62	\$684,301
SH 12	1750 W PUNAKITERE LOOP ROAD	4	4	1	2	0	11	9	45	45	\$533,960
SH 11	300 S TE HAUMI DRIVE	3	0	1	1	2	7	4	57	71	\$428,718
SH 11	50 N TOHITAPU ROAD	2	4	2	3	0	11	9	36	36	\$398,476
SH 1N	I SMITH ROAD	0	2	1	3	1	7	5	0	43	\$369,822
SH 11	2000 E RIGDEN ROAD	0	0	1	1	2	4	0	25	0	\$364,560
SH 1N	I WAIOMIO ROAD	1	1	2	2	1	7	5	14	29	\$353,841
SH 11	I KAIPATI KI RISE	2	0	2	1	1	6	4	0	17	\$334,821
SH 1N	I WAIPAPAKAURI DOMAIN R	3	0	1	1	2	7	6	100	14	\$319,951

**Table 9.3: State Highway  
Urban and Rural Black Spot List  
(Injury and Non-Injury Crashes)**

Urban Site Radius = 30 metres  
Rural Site Radius = 250 metres

Sites with 3 or more injury crashes or more than \$250000 in social costs

CRASH ROAD		SIDE ROAD	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	TOTAL	Non- Injury	Wet Crash %	Dark Crash %	Crash Costs
SH 1N	I	SH 11	4	0	1	2	1	8	6	38	13	\$319,183
SH 10		1000 E INLAND ROAD	0	0	1	1	2	4	1	25	25	\$310,177
SH 10		1500 S TAKOU BAY ROAD	2	1	0	0	2	5	3	40	40	\$301,106
SH 1N		1800 N MAKENE ROAD	2	0	1	0	2	5	3	60	60	\$300,391
SH 12	I	MANGAKAHIA ROAD	1	1	4	1	1	8	5	25	0	\$298,504
SH 1N		120 S MAROMAKU-TOWAI ROAD	1	0	1	1	2	5	3	60	60	\$296,471
SH 10		2000 S WAIARE ROAD	1	0	2	0	2	5	3	20	40	\$295,307
SH 10		800 N TE AHU AHU ROAD	3	2	0	1	0	6	5	17	33	\$288,115
SH 1N	I	WIRELESS ROAD	3	1	1	0	1	6	5	0	33	\$285,155
SH 11		1200 S RIGDEN ROAD	2	0	1	2	1	6	5	50	33	\$280,438
SH 1N	I	HUPARA ROAD	0	1	2	0	0	3	0	0	67	\$275,380
SH 1N	I	ALLEN BELL DRIVE	4	1	1	0	0	6	3	0	33	\$268,012
SH 12		600 E WAIMA SCHOOL ROAD	2	1	0	1	0	4	2	25	75	\$263,267
SH 10	I	WHANGAROA ROAD	1	0	1	2	2	6	5	33	17	\$260,741
SH 11	I	TIROHANGA ROAD	1	0	0	1	2	4	2	0	25	\$259,714
SH 1N	I	SETTLERS WAY	1	0	3	0	0	4	2	25	25	\$259,714

**Table 9.4 : Urban Council Road Crash Sites  
with a Significant Increase in Crashes in 2009  
(Injury and Non-Injury Crashes)**

**Site Radius =  
30 metres**

CRASH ROAD		SIDE ROAD	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	TOTAL	Non-Injury	Wet Crash %	Dark Crash %
KERIKERI ROAD	I	HONE HEKE ROAD	1	0	3	0	0	3	7	5	0	43
SOUTH ROAD	I	REDAN ROAD	1	2	1	0	0	3	7	6	0	14

**Table 9.4a : Rural Council Road Crash Sites  
with a Significant Increase in Crashes in 2009  
(Injury and Non-Injury Crashes)**

**Site Radius =  
250 metres**

CRASH ROAD		SIDE ROAD	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	TOTAL	Non-Injury	Wet Crash %	Dark Crash %
KAPIRO ROAD	I	PURERUA ROAD	0	0	0	1	3	3	7	4	71	57

**Table 9.5 : State Highway Crash Sites  
with a Significant Increase in Crashes in 2009  
(Injury and Non-Injury Crashes)**

Urban Site Radius = 30 metres  
Rural Site Radius = 250 metres

CRASH ROAD		SIDE ROAD	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	TOTAL	Non-Injury	Wet Crash %	Dark Crash %
SH 1N	I	BARNES ROAD	1	0	3	1	1	4	10	6	50	20
SH 10		440 S KAPIRO ROAD	1	0	0	0	1	4	6	4	50	33
SH 10	I	PARAPARA ROAD	0	0	1	2	0	3	6	2	17	33
SH 10		600 N SH 11	0	0	1	1	0	3	5	2	0	20
SH 1N		2500 N CALLAGHAN ROAD	1	0	0	0	1	3	5	3	80	40
SH 1N	I	PERRY ROAD	0	0	0	0	1	3	4	1	50	25
SH 1N	I	CALLAGHAN ROAD	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	1	33	33
SH 11		1500 E RIGDEN ROAD	0	0	0	1	0	2	3	2	100	0
SH 1N	I	LEAITY STREET	0	1	0	0	0	2	3	3	33	33
SH 11	I	WILLIAMS ST	0	1	0	0	0	2	3	2	67	33
SH 12		700 E DUDDY ROAD	0	1	0	0	0	2	3	3	0	67
SH 1N		900 S TARAKIHI ROAD	0	0	1	0	0	2	3	2	67	67
SH 10		300 S KERIKERI ROAD	0	1	0	0	0	2	3	3	33	33

# appendix

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- Groupings of crash types
- Grouping of contributing factors
- General factor list
- General movement types





## Explanatory notes for the appendix

1. Each traffic crash report has a diagram and a description of what happened. These are used to classify the movements the vehicles were making when they crashed eg 'collided with parked vehicle', or 'lost control while overtaking'. In this report, crash types are grouped into seven categories. The following page shows the types of crashes which are included in each group.
2. Traffic crash reports also include information on why the crash occurred, or on factors contributing to the crash. In this report the hundreds of contributing factor codes used by New Zealand Transport Agency have been condensed into 16 groups for practical reasons. Lists of the factor groups used in this report, and of all the contributing factors used by New Zealand Transport Agency, are shown on the following pages.
3. Note that in the year 2000 there were some minor changes to the contributing factor groups. The most significant change was that 'inattention' was grouped with 'inadequate check' to form 'poor observation'. This allowed a more accurate assessment of 'fatigue' as a contributing factor, as it now has its own grouping.
4. The factor group 'poor handling' includes factor codes that were only introduced in 1998. This could explain why there may have been a sudden change at this time.
5. The coding of the factors contributing to a crash is subjective. Therefore analysis using contributing factor groups needs to be interpreted with caution. Also, to effectively target safety or enforcement campaigns more analysis of the specific contributing factors involved may be needed.
6. It should be noted that a traffic crash generally has more than one contributing factor. Therefore, adding the number of crashes on graphs showing the number of crashes with a given factor or factor group will be greater than the total number of crashes in the city or district.

# Groupings of crash types

Overtaking	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG
	 PULLING OUT OR CHANGING LANE TO RIGHT	 HEAD ON	 CUTTING IN OR CHANGING LANE TO LEFT	 LOST CONTROL (OVERTAKING VEHICLE)	 SIDE ROAD	 LOST CONTROL (OVERTAKEN VEHICLE)	 WEAVING IN HEAVY TRAFFIC
Straight - Lost control / Head on	GE	GB	BA	CA	CB	CC	BE
	 OVERTAKING VEHICLE	 LEFT SIDE SIDE SWIPE	 ON STRAIGHT	 OUT OF CONTROL ON ROADWAY	 OFF ROADWAY TO LEFT	 OFF ROADWAY TO RIGHT	 LOST CONTROL ON STRAIGHT
Bend - Lost control / Head on	DA	DB	DC	BB	BC	BD	BF
	 LOST CONTROL TURNING RIGHT	 LOST CONTROL TURNING LEFT	 MISSED INTERSECTION OR END OF ROAD	 CUTTING CORNER	 SWINGING WIDE	 BOTH OR UNKNOWN	 LOST CONTROL ON CURVE
Rear end / Obstruction	EA	EB	EC	ED	EE	FA	FB
	 PARKED VEHICLE	 ACCIDENT OR BROKEN DOWN	 NON VEHICULAR OBSTRUCTIONS (INCLUDING ANIMALS)	 WORKMANS VEHICLE	 OPENING DOOR	 SLOWER VEHICLE	 CROSS TRAFFIC
Crossing / Turning	FC	FD	FE	FF	GA	GD	GF
	 PEDESTRIAN	 QUEUE	 SIGNALS	 OTHER	 REAR OF LEFT TURNING VEHICLE	 NEAR CENTRE LINE	 TWO TURNING
Pedestrian vs Vehicle	MA	MB	MC	MD	ME	MF	MG
	 PARKING OR LEAVING	 'U' TURN	 'U' TURN	 DRIVEWAY MANOEUVRE	 PARKING OPPOSITE	 ENTERING OR LEAVING	 REVERSING ALONG ROAD
Miscellaneous	GC	HA	JA	JC	KA	KB	KC
	 STOPPED OR TURNING FROM LEFT SIDE	 RIGHT ANGLE (70° TO 110°)	 RIGHT TURN RIGHT SIDE	 TWO TURNING	 LEFT TURN IN	 RIGHT TURN IN	 TWO TURNING
Pedestrian vs Vehicle	LA	LB	NA	NB	NC	ND	NE
	 STOPPED WAITING TO TURN	 MAKING TURN	 LEFT SIDE	 RIGHT SIDE	 LEFT TURN LEFT SIDE	 RIGHT TURN RIGHT SIDE	 LEFT TURN RIGHT SIDE
Miscellaneous	NF	NG	PA	PB	PC	PD	PE
	 RIGHT TURN LEFT SIDE	 MANOEUVRING VEHICLE	 WALKING WITH TRAFFIC	 WALKING FACING TRAFFIC	 WALKING ON FOOTPATH	 CHILD PLAYING (TRICYCLE)	 ATTENDING TO VEHICLE
Miscellaneous	QF	QG	QA	QB	QC	QD	QE
	 ENTERING OR LEAVING VEHICLE	 TRAILER OR LOAD	 FELL WHILE BOARDING OR ALIGHTING	 FELL FROM MOVING VEHICLE	 TRAIN	 PARKED VEHICLE RAN AWAY	 EQUESTRIAN

## Groupings of contributing factors

Factor group	Factor codes included
<b>Alcohol involved</b>	100 – 101 103 – 109
<b>Too fast</b>	110 – 119 430 – 432
<b>Failed to give way or stop</b>	300 – 314 320 – 328
<b>Failed to keep left</b>	120 – 128 205
<b>Overtaking</b>	150 – 161
<b>Incorrect lanes or position</b>	129 170 – 183 200 – 204 206 – 209 440 – 448
<b>Poor handling</b>	130 – 134 137 – 149 420 – 429
<b>Poor observation</b>	330 – 360 370 – 379
<b>Poor judgement</b>	380 – 387 400 – 407
<b>Fatigue</b>	410 – 415
<b>Disabled, old age or illness</b>	500 – 507
<b>Pedestrian factors</b>	700 – 731
<b>Cyclist factors</b>	Any factor coded against a cyclist
<b>Vehicle factors</b>	136, 600 – 699
<b>Road factors</b>	135, 800 – 899
<b>Weather</b>	900 – 909

Note:

The following factor codes are not included as they do not fit adequately into any of the above groupings: 102, 106, 190–198, 433, 434, 510–534 and 910–999.

# VEHICLE MOVEMENT CODING SHEET

For use with crash data from CAS (Version 2.8 May 2010)

	TYPE	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	O
A	OVERTAKING AND LANE CHANGE	PULLING OUT OR CHANGING LANE TO RIGHT	HEAD ON	CUTTING IN OR CHANGING LANE TO LEFT	LOST CONTROL (OVERTAKING VEHICLE)	SIDE ROAD	LOST CONTROL (OVERTAKEN VEHICLE)	WEAVING IN HEAVY TRAFFIC	OTHER
B	HEAD ON	ON STRAIGHT	CUTTING CORNER	SWINGING WIDE	BOTH OR UNKNOWN	LOST CONTROL ON STRAIGHT	LOST CONTROL ON CURVE		OTHER
C	LOST CONTROL OR OFF ROAD (STRAIGHT ROADS)	OUT OF CONTROL ON ROADWAY	OFF ROADWAY TO LEFT	OFF ROADWAY TO RIGHT					OTHER
D	CORNERING	LOST CONTROL TURNING RIGHT	LOST CONTROL TURNING LEFT	MISSED INTERSECTION OR END OF ROAD					OTHER
E	COLLISION WITH OBSTRUCTION	PARKED VEHICLE	CRASH OR BROKEN DOWN	NON VEHICULAR OBSTRUCTIONS (INCLUDING ANIMALS)	WORKMANS VEHICLE	OPENING DOOR			OTHER
F	REAR END	SLOWER VEHICLE	CROSS TRAFFIC	PEDESTRIAN	QUEUE	SIGNALS T	OTHER		OTHER
G	TURNING VERSUS SAME DIRECTION	REAR OF LEFT TURNING VEHICLE	LEFT TURN SIDE SIDE SWIPE	STOPPED OR TURNING FROM LEFT SIDE	NEAR CENTRE LINE	OVERTAKING VEHICLE	TWO TURNING		OTHER
H	CROSSING (NO TURNS)	RIGHT ANGLE (70° TO 110°)							OTHER
J	CROSSING (VEHICLE TURNING)	RIGHT TURN RIGHT SIDE	OPPOSING RIGHT TURNS	TWO TURNING					OTHER
K	MERGING	LEFT TURN IN	RIGHT TURN IN	TWO TURNING					OTHER
L	RIGHT TURN AGAINST	STOPPED WAITING TO TURN	MAKING TURN						OTHER
M	MANOEUVRING	PARKING OR LEAVING	"U" TURN	"U" TURN	DRIVEWAY MANOEUVRE	ENTERING OR LEAVING FROM OPPOSITE SIDE	ENTERING OR LEAVING FROM SAME SIDE	REVERSING ALONG ROAD	OTHER
N	PEDESTRIANS CROSSING ROAD	LEFT SIDE	RIGHT SIDE	LEFT TURN LEFT SIDE	RIGHT TURN RIGHT SIDE	LEFT TURN RIGHT SIDE	RIGHT TURN LEFT SIDE	MANOEUVRING VEHICLE	OTHER
P	PEDESTRIANS OTHER	WALKING WITH TRAFFIC	WALKING FACING TRAFFIC	WALKING ON FOOTPATH	CHILD PLAYING (INCLUDING TRICYCLE)	ATTENDING TO VEHICLE	ENTERING OR LEAVING VEHICLE		OTHER
Q	MISCELLANEOUS	FELL WHILE BOARDING OR ALIGHTING	FELL FROM MOVING VEHICLE	TRAIN	PARKED VEHICLE RAN AWAY	EQUESTRIAN	FELL INSIDE VEHICLE	TRAILER OR LOAD	OTHER

\* = Movement applies for left and right hand bends, curves or turns

## FACTORS PROBABLY CONTRIBUTING TO CRASHES (Version 1.8- 2 November 2009)

### DRIVER CONTROL

#### 100 Alcohol or drugs

- 101 Alcohol suspected
- 102 Alcohol test below limit
- 103 Alcohol test above limit or test refused
- 104 Alcohol test result unknown
- 105 Intoxicated non-driver (pedestrian / cyclist / passenger)
- 106 (MOT only) dead driver not suspect, tested neg
- 107
- 108 Drugs suspected
- 109 Drugs proven

#### 110 Too fast for conditions

- 111 Cornering
- 112 On straight
- 113 To give way at intersection
- 114 Approaching railway crossing
- 115 When passing stationary school bus
- 116 At temporary speed limit
- 117 At crash or emergency

#### 120 Failed to keep left

- 121 Swung wide on bend
- 122 Swung wide at intersection
- 123 Cutting corner on bend
- 124 Cutting corner at intersection
- 125 On straight section
- 126 Vehicle crossed raised median
- 127 Driving or riding abreast (cyclists more than 2 abreast)
- 128 Wandering or wobbling
- 129 Too far left / right

#### 130 Lost control

- 131 When turning
- 132 Under heavy braking
- 133 Under heavy acceleration
- 134 While returning to seal from unsealed shoulder
- 135 Due to road conditions (requires road series code)
- 136 Due to vehicle fault (requires vehicle series code)
- 137 Avoiding another vehicle, pedestrian, party or obstacle on roadway
- 138 On unsealed road
- 139 End of seal

#### 140 Failed to signal in time

- 141 When moving to left, pulling over to left
- 142 When turning left
- 143 When pulling out or moving to the right
- 144 When turning right
- 145 Incorrect Signal

#### 150 Overtaking

- 151 Overtaking line of traffic or queue
- 152 Deliberately in the face of oncoming traffic
- 153 Failed to notice oncoming traffic
- 154 Misjudged speed or distance of oncoming traffic
- 155 At no passing line
- 156 With insufficient visibility
- 157 At an intersection without due care
- 158 On left without due care
- 159 Cut in after overtaking
- 160 Vehicle signalling right turn
- 161 Without care at a pedestrian crossing

#### 170 Wrong lane or turned from wrong position

- 171 Turned right from incorrect lane
- 172 Turned left from incorrect lane
- 173 Travelled straight ahead from turning lane or flush median
- 174 Turned right from left side of road
- 175 Turned left from near centre line
- 176 Turned into incorrect lane
- 177 Weaving or cut in on multi-lane roads
- 178 Moved left to avoid slow vehicle
- 179 Long vehicle tracked outside lane

#### 180 In line of traffic

- 181 Following too closely
- 182 Travelling unreasonably slowly
- 183 Motorist crowded cyclist
- 184 Incorrect merging /diverging manoeuvre

#### 190 Sudden action

- 191 Braked
- 192 Turned left
- 193 Turned right
- 194 Swerved to avoid pedestrian
- 195 Swerved to avoid animal
- 196 Swerved to avoid crash or broken down vehicle
- 197 Swerved to avoid vehicle
- 198 Swerved to avoid object or for unknown reason
- 199 Avoiding approaching emergency vehicle

#### 200 Forbidden movements

- 201 Wrong way in one way street, motorway or roundabout
- 202 When turning or U turning contrary to a sign
- 203 Contrary to "in" or "out" only driveway sign
- 204 Driving or riding on footpath
- 205 On incorrect side of island or median
- 206 Contrary to "no entry" sign
- 207 In Car Park
- 208 Motor vehicle in cycle lane
- 209 Bus / Transit lane
- 210 Cyclist riding on ped-xing / ped signals

### VEHICLE CONFLICTS

#### 300 Failed to give way

- 301 At Stop sign
- 302 At Give Way sign
- 303 When turning to non-turning traffic
- 304 When deemed turning by markings, not geometry
- 305 When turning left, to opposing right turning traffic
- 306 To pedestrian on a crossing
- 307 When turning at signals to pedestrians
- 308 When entering roadway from driveway
- 309 To traffic approaching or crossing from the right
- 310 Failed to give way at one lane bridge / road
- 311 Failed to give way to pedestrian on footpath or verge
- 312 Entering roadway not from driveway or intersection
- 313 To emergency vehicle
- 314 Driver waved through

#### 320 Did not stop

- 321 At stop sign
- 322 At steady red light
- 323 At steady red arrow
- 324 At steady amber light
- 325 At steady amber arrow
- 326 At flashing red lights (Rail Xing, Fire Stn etc)
- 327 For police or flag-person
- 328 For school patrol / kea crossing

#### 330 Inattentive: failed to notice

- 331 Vehicle slowing, stopping or stationary in front
- 332 Bend in road
- 333 Indication of vehicle in front
- 334 Traffic lights
- 335 Intersection or its Stop / Give Way control
- 336 Other regulatory sign / markings
- 337 Warning sign
- 338 Direction, information signs / markings
- 339 Road-works signs
- 340 Lane use arrows / markings?
- 341 Obstructions on Roadway

#### 350 Attention diverted by:

- 351 Passengers
- 352 Scenery or persons outside vehicle
- 353 Other traffic
- 354 Animal or insect in vehicle
- 355 Trying to find intersection, house number, destination
- 356 Advertising or signs
- 357 Emotionally upset /road rage
- 358 Cigarette, radio, heater, AC, glove box, obj under drivers feet/pedals etc
- 359 Cell phone
- 360
- 361 Navigation device
- 362 CB radio/ non cell comms device
- 363 Driver dazzled

#### 370 Did not see or look for another party until too late

- 371 Behind when reversing / manoeuvring
- 372 Behind when changing lanes position or direction (includes U-turns)
- 373 Behind when pulling out from parked position
- 374 Behind when opening door or leaving vehicle
- 375 When required to give way to traffic from another direction
- 376 When required to give way to pedestrians.
- 377 When visibility obstructed by other vehicles
- 378 When visibility limited by roadside features
- 379 When first in queue on receiving green light

#### 380 Misjudged speed, distance, size or position of:

- 381 Other vehicle coming from behind or alongside
- 382 Other vehicle coming from another direction with right of way
- 383 Pedestrian movement or intention
- 384 Towed vehicle, or while towing a vehicle
- 385 Size or position of fixed object or obstacle
- 386 Of own vehicle
- 387 Misjudged intentions of another party

### GENERAL DRIVER

#### 400 Inexperience

- 401 In driving in fast, complex or heavy traffic
- 402 New driver showed inexperience
- 403 Driving unfamiliar vehicle
- 404 Overseas / migrant driver fails to adjust to NZ road rules and road conditions
- 405 Driver under instruction
- 406 At towing trailer / other vehicle
- 407 Driver over-reacted
- 408 Unsupervised cyclist

#### 410 Fatigue (drowsy, tired, fell asleep)

- 411 Long trip
- 412 Lack of sleep
- 413 Exhaust fumes
- 414 Worked long hours before driving
- 415 Exceeded driving hours

#### 420 Incorrect use of vehicle controls

- 421 Started in gear
- 422 Stalled engine
- 423 Wrong pedal
- 424 Footrest, stand
- 425 Ignition turned off (steering locked)
- 426 Lights not switched on
- 427 Foot slipped or caught under pedal
- 428 Parking brake not fully applied
- 429 Trailer coupling or safety chain not secured

#### 430 Showing off

- 431 Racing
- 432 Playing chicken
- 433 Wheel spins / wheelies / doughnuts / drifting
- 434 Intimidating driving

#### 440 Parked or stopped

- 441 Inadequately lit at night: (not lit by street lights or park lights off)
- 442 At point of limited visibility
- 443 Not as close as practicable to side of road
- 444 On incorrect side of road
- 445 Double parked
- 446 In 'No Stopping' area
- 447 Not clear of rail crossing
- 448 In cycle or Transit lane

### GENERAL PERSON

#### 500 Illness and disability

- 501 Illness with no warning e.g. heart attack, unexpected epilepsy)
- 502 Physically disabled
- 503 Defective vision
- 504 Medical illness (not sudden) flu, diabetes
- 505 Mental illness (depression, psychosis)
- 506 Suicidal (but not successful)
- 507 Impaired ability due to old age

#### 510 Intentional or criminal

- 511 Deliberate homicide (only if succeeded)
- 512 Intentional collision
- 513 Committed suicide (only if succeeded)
- 514 Evading enforcement
- 515 Object deliberately thrown at or dropped on vehicle / shot at
- 516 Object thrown from vehicle
- 517 Stolen vehicle

#### 520 Driver or passenger, boarding, leaving , in vehicle

- 521 Boarding moving vehicle
- 522 Intentionally leaving moving vehicle
- 523 Riding in insecure position
- 524 Interfered with driver
- 525 Opened door inadvertently
- 526 Overloaded vehicle (with passengers)
- 527 Child playing in parked vehicle

#### 530 Miscellaneous person

- 531 Casualty drowned
- 532 Casualty thrown from vehicle
- 533 Equestrian not keeping to verge
- 534 Cyclist or M/cyclist wearing dark clothing

## VEHICLES

### **600 Lights and reflectors at fault or dirty**

- 601 Dazzling headlights
- 602 Headlights inadequate or no headlights
- 603 Headlights failed suddenly
- 604 Brake-lights or indicators faulty or not fitted
- 605 Tail-lights inadequate or no tail-lights
- 606 Reflectors inadequate or no reflectors
- 607 Lights or reflectors obscured

### **610 Brakes**

- 611 Parking brake failed
- 612 Parking brake defective
- 613 Service brake failed
- 614 Service brake defective
- 615 Jack-knifed

### **620 Steering**

- 621 Defective
- 622 Failed suddenly

### **630 Tyres**

- 631 Puncture or blow-out
- 632 Worn tread on tyre
- 633 Incorrect tyre type
- 634 Mixed treads / space savers

### **640 Windscreen or mirror**

- 641 Shattered windscreen
- 642 Windscreen or rear window dirty
- 643 Rear vision mirror not adjusted correctly
- 644 No rear vision mirror
- 645 Windscreen or rear window misted/frosted
- 646 Inadequate or no sun-visors
- 647 Inadequate or no windscreen wipers
- 648 Cycle / Motorcycle visor, glasses, goggles or screen

### **650 Mechanical**

- 651 Engine failure
- 652 Transmission failure (including chains and gears)
- 653 Accelerator or throttle jammed

### **660 Body or chassis**

- 661 Body, chassis or frame (cycle, m/c) failure
- 662 Suspension failure
- 663 Failure of door catch or door not shut
- 664 Inadequate mudguards
- 665 Inadequate tow coupling
- 666 Inadequate or no safety chain
- 667 Bonnet catch failed
- 668 Wheel off
- 669 Broken axle
- 670 Inconspicuous colour
- 671 Blind spot
- 672 Seat belt / restraint failed
- 673 Air-bag failed to inflate (fully)

### **680 Load**

- 681 Load interferes with driver
- 682 Not well secured or load moved
- 683 Over-hanging
- 684 Load obscured vision
- 685 Excess dimensions not adequately indicated
- 686 Over dimension vehicle or load
- 687 Load too heavy
- 688 Towed vehicle or trailer too heavy or incompatible

### **690 Miscellaneous vehicle**

- 691 Emergency Vehicle attending emergency
- 692 Vehicle caught fire
- 693 Being towed
- 694 Air-bag contributed to crash or injury
- 695 Seatbelt / restraint absent or unusable
- 696 Dangerous goods

## PEDESTRIANS

### **700 Walking along road**

- 701 Not keeping to footpath
- 702 Not keeping to side of road
- 703 Not facing oncoming traffic
- 704 Not on outside of blind curve
- 705 Wheeled ped inconsiderate or dangerous on footpath

### **710 Crossing road**

- 711 Walking heedless of traffic
- 712 Stepping out from behind vehicles
- 713 Running heedless of traffic
- 714 Failed to use pedestrian crossing when one within 20 metres
- 715 Waiting on roadway for moving traffic
- 716 Confused by traffic or stepped back
- 717 Suddenly stepped onto pedestrian crossing
- 718 Not complying with traffic signals or school patrols
- 719 Misjudged speed and / or distance of vehicle

### **720 Miscellaneous**

- 721 Pushing, working on or unloading vehicle
- 722 Playing on road or unnecessarily on road
- 723 Working on road
- 724 Wearing dark clothing
- 725 Vision obscured by umbrella or clothing
- 726 Child escaped from supervision
- 727 Unsupervised child
- 728 Sitting / lying on road
- 729 Pedestrian to /from school bus
- 730 Pedestrian behind reversing / manoeuvring vehicle
- 731 Overseas pedestrian
- 732 Pedestrian attention diverted eg cigarette, cell phone, music player

## ROAD

### **800 Slippery**

- 801 Rain
- 802 Frost or ice
- 803 Snow or hail
- 804 Loose material on seal
- 805 Mud
- 806 Oil / Diesel / Fuel
- 807 Painted markings
- 808 Recently graded
- 809 Surface bleeding / defective

### **810 Surface**

- 811 Potholed
- 812 Uneven
- 813 Deep loose metal
- 814 High crown
- 815 Curve not well banked
- 816 Edge badly defined or gave way
- 817 Under construction or maintenance
- 818 Unusually narrow
- 819 Broken glass

### **820 Obstructed**

- 821 Fallen tree or branch
- 822 Slip or subsidence
- 823 Flood waters, large puddles, ford
- 824 Road works not adequately lighted
- 825 Road works not adequately signposted
- 826 Roadside object fell on vehicle
- 827 Object flicked up by vehicle

### **830 Visibility limited**

- 831 Curve
- 832 Crest
- 833 Building
- 834 Trees
- 835 Hedge or fence
- 836 Scrub or long grass
- 837 Bank
- 838 Temporary obstruction, dust or smoke
- 839 Parked vehicle

### **840 Signs and signals**

- 841 Damaged, removed or malfunction
- 842 Badly located
- 843 Ineffective or inadequate
- 844 Necessary
- 845 Signals turned off

### **850 Markings**

- 851 Faded
- 852 Difficult to see under weather conditions
- 853 Markings necessary
- 854 Not visible due to geometry or vehicles
- 855 Old markings not adequately removed

### **860 Street lighting**

- 861 Failed
- 862 Inadequate
- 863 Glare on wet road
- 864 Pedestrian crossing not adequately lighted

### **870 Raised islands and roundabouts**

- 871 Traffic island(s) difficult to see
- 872 Traffic island(s) ineffective, badly located or designed
- 873 Cyclist squeeze point

## MISCELLANEOUS

### **900 Weather**

- 901 Heavy rain
- 902 Dazzling sun
- 903 Strong wind
- 904 Fog or mist
- 905 Snow, sleet or hail

### **910 Animals**

- 911 Household pet rushed out or playing
- 912 Farm animal straying
- 913 Farm animal attended, but inadequate warning or unexpected
- 914 Farm animal attended, but out of control
- 915 Wild animal

### **920 Entering or leaving land use**

- 921 Roadside stall
- 922 Service station
- 923 Specialised liquor outlet
- 924 Take away foods
- 925 Shopping complex
- 926 Car parking building / area
- 927 Other commercial
- 928 Industrial site
- 929 Private house / farm
- 930 Other non-commercial
- 931 Mobile shop or vendor

### **999 Unknown**