

## **SECTION F1    LEVEL 2 ROADS**

### **SIGNS AND LAYOUT DIAGRAMS**

#### **STATIC OPERATIONS**

- F1.1    TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD: Shoulder Closure – No Temporary Speed Limit
- F1.2    TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD: Shoulder Closure – Temporary Speed Limit
- F1.3    TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD: Other Hazard – Flooding
- F1.4    TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD: One Lane Closure - Manual Traffic Controllers
- F1.5    TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD: One Lane Closure - Portable Traffic Signals
- F1.6    TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD: One Lane Closure - Temporary Two-Lane Diversion
- F1.7    TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD: Work Site in Centre of Road
- F1.8    TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD: Temporary Road Closure – Less than five (5) minutes at a time
- F1.9    TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD: New Chip Seal – Attended work Site
- F1.10   TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD: New Chip Seal - Unattended Work Site
- F1.11   TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD: Road Closure – With Detour
- F1.12   TWO WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD: Footpath Closure – Temporary Footpath Provided
- F1.13   TWO WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD: Cycle Lane Closure – Temporary Cycle Lane Provided
- F1.14   TWO-LANE DIVIDED or TWO-LANE ONE-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD: Left Lane Closure
- F1.15   TWO-LANE DIVIDED or TWO-LANE ONE-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD: Right Lane Closure
- F1.16   TWO-LANE DIVIDED or TWO-LANE ONE-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD: Two Lane Closure - One Lane Temporary Diversion
- F1.17   TWO-LANE DIVIDED or TWO-LANE ONE-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD: One Lane Closure - Two Lane Temporary Diversion
- F1.18   THREE-LANE DIVIDED or THREE-LANE ONE-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD: Left Lane Closure
- F1.19   THREE-LANE DIVIDED or THREE-LANE ONE-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD: Right Lane Closure

- F1.20 THREE -LANE DIVIDED or THREE-LANE ONE-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD:  
Two Lane Closure - Left and Centre Lanes
- F1.21 THREE-LANE DIVIDED or THREE-LANE ONE-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD:  
Two Lane Closure - Right and Centre Lanes
- F1.22 THREE-LANE DIVIDED or THREE-LANE ONE-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD:  
Two Lane Closure - Two Lane Temporary Diversion
- F1.23 DIVIDED or ONE-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD: Site Access
- F1.24 PASSING LANE ON A TWO-LANE TWO-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD: Left  
Lane Closure – With Chicane
- F1.25 PASSING LANE ON A TWO-LANE TWO-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD: Centre  
Lane Closure
- F1.26 PASSING LANE ON A TWO-LANE TWO-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD: Left and  
Centre Lane Closure within the first 600m of a Passing Lane
- F1.27 PASSING LANE ON A TWO-LANE TWO-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD: Centre  
Lane Closure within the first 600m of a Passing Lane
- F1.28 PASSING LANE ON A TWO-LANE TWO-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD: Right  
Lane Closure within the first 600m of a Passing Lane
- F1.29 PASSING LANE ON A TWO-LANE TWO-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD: Right  
Lane Closure with Chicane

This page is intentionally blank

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

**Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management**

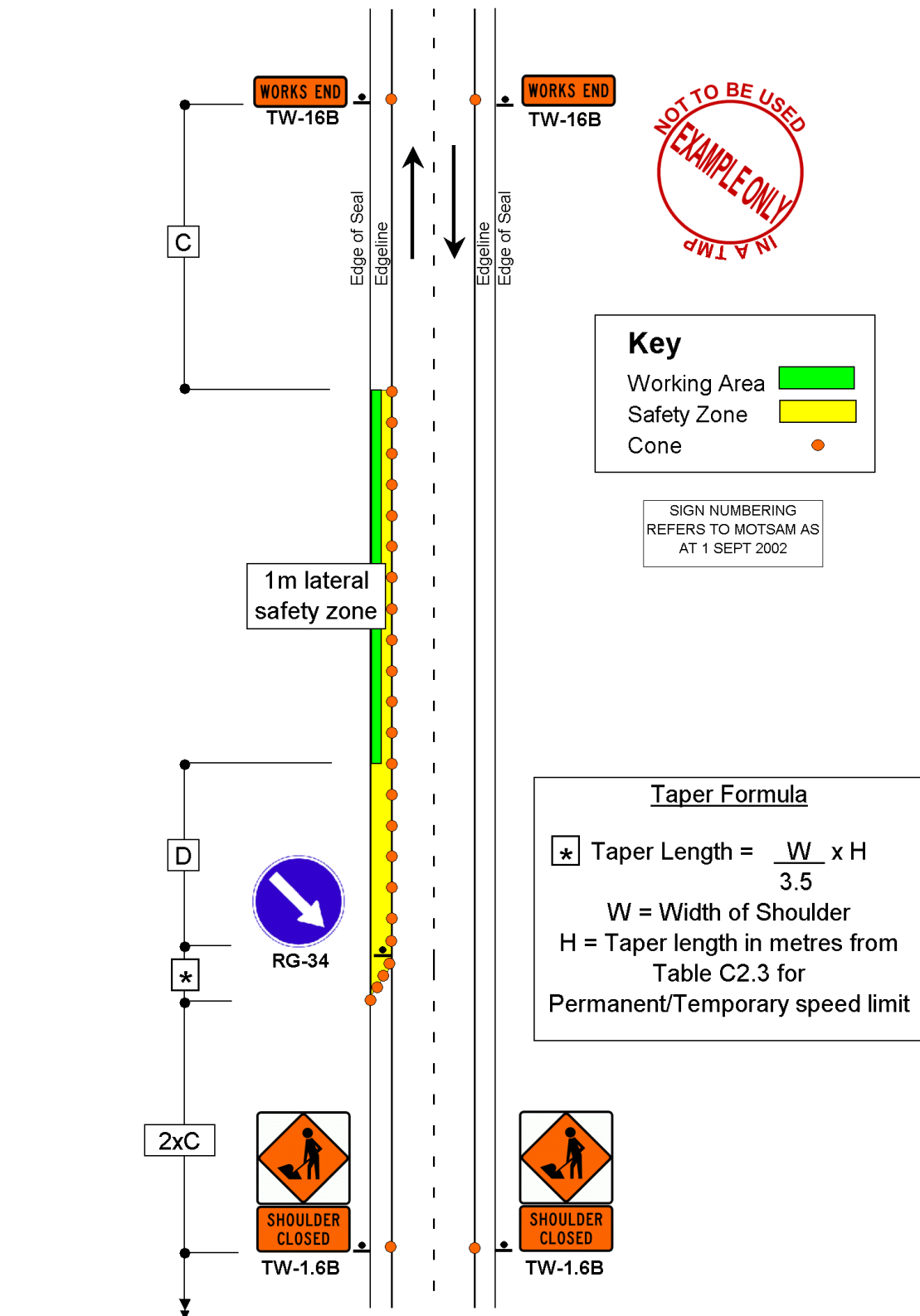
- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m

**Minimum Lane Widths**

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
<b>F</b>	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

**Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths**

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.



### F1.1: TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD

**NOTE:** Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be  $(2xC)$ .

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

**Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management**

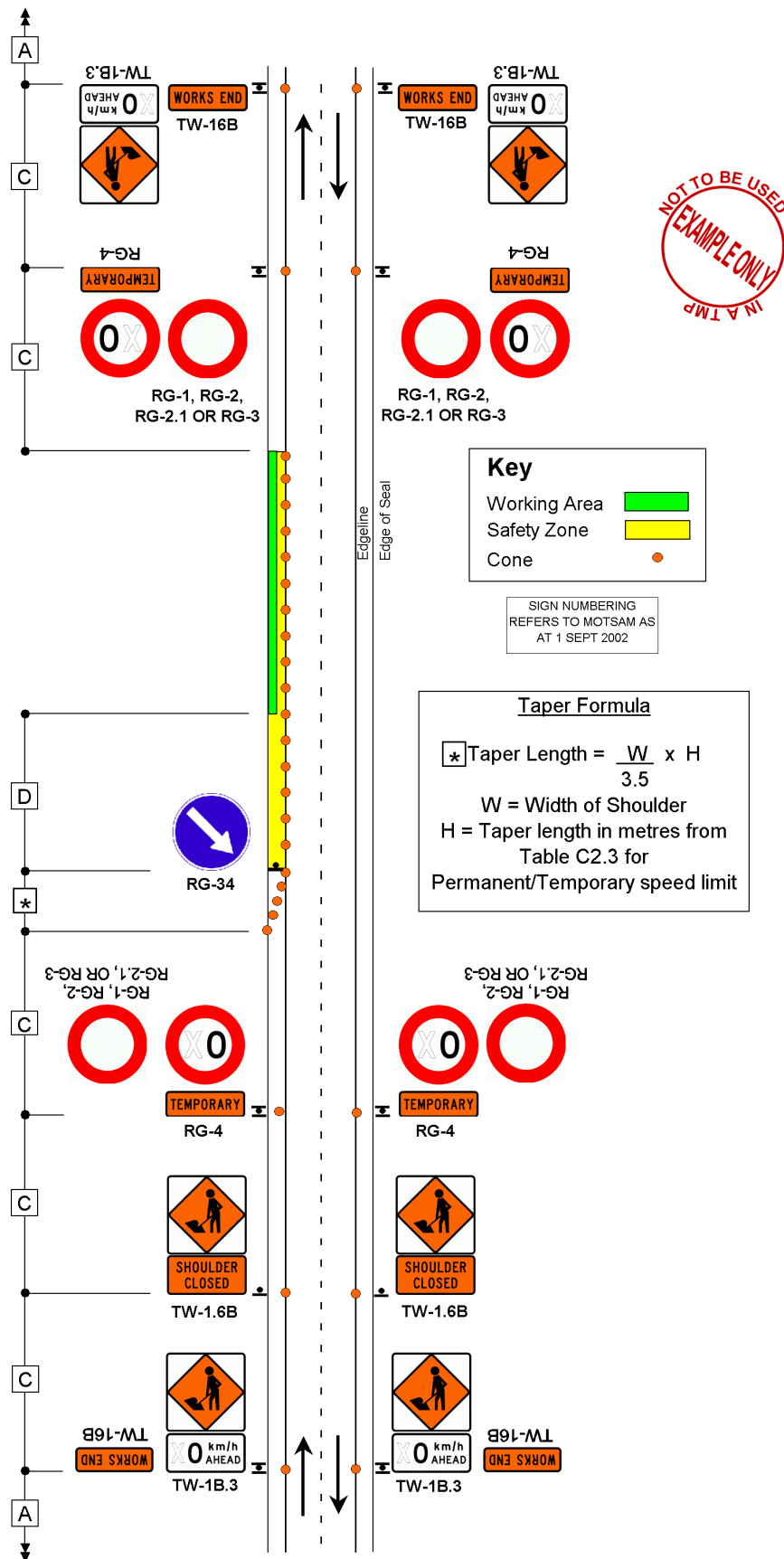
- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

**Minimum Lane Widths**

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
<b>F</b>	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

**Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths**

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.



**F1.2: TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD  
Shoulder Closure - Temporary Speed Limit**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

**Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management**

- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

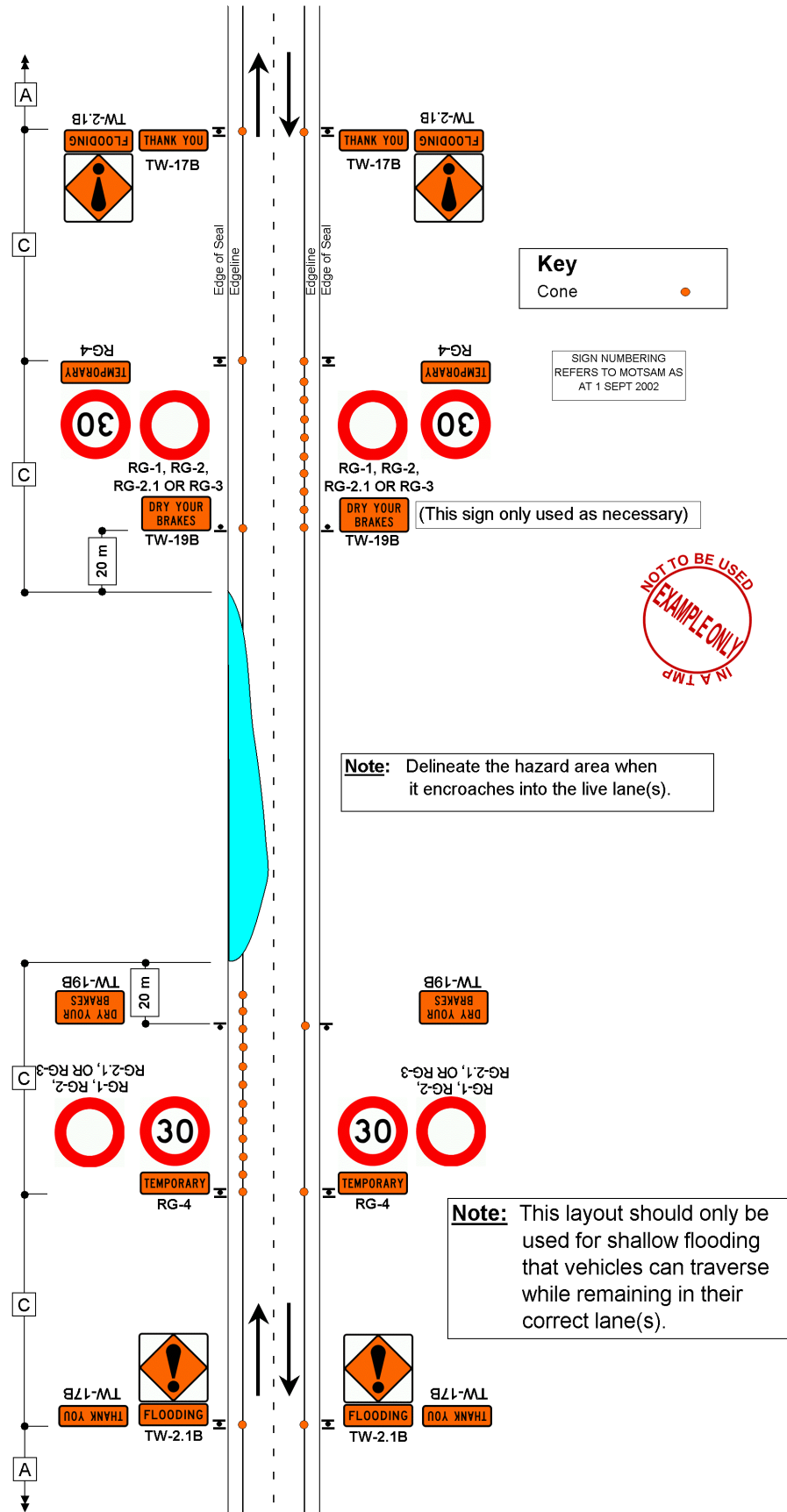
**Minimum Lane Widths**

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
<b>F</b>	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

**Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths**

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.





**F1.3: TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD**  
**Other Hazard – Flooding**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

**Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management**

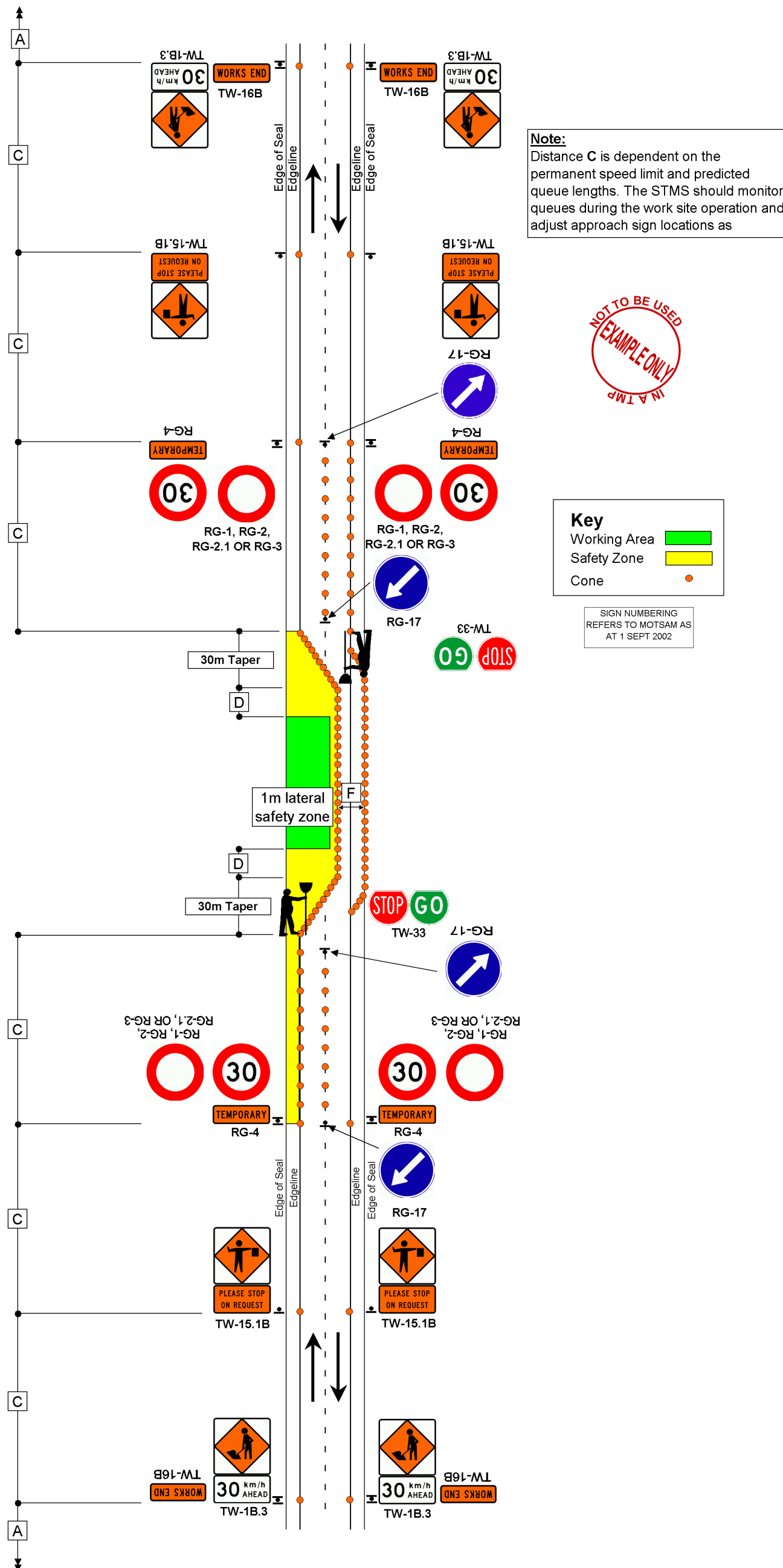
- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

**Minimum Lane Widths**

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
<b>F</b>	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

**Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths**

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.



**F1.4: TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD**  
**One Lane Closure - Manual Traffic Controllers**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management

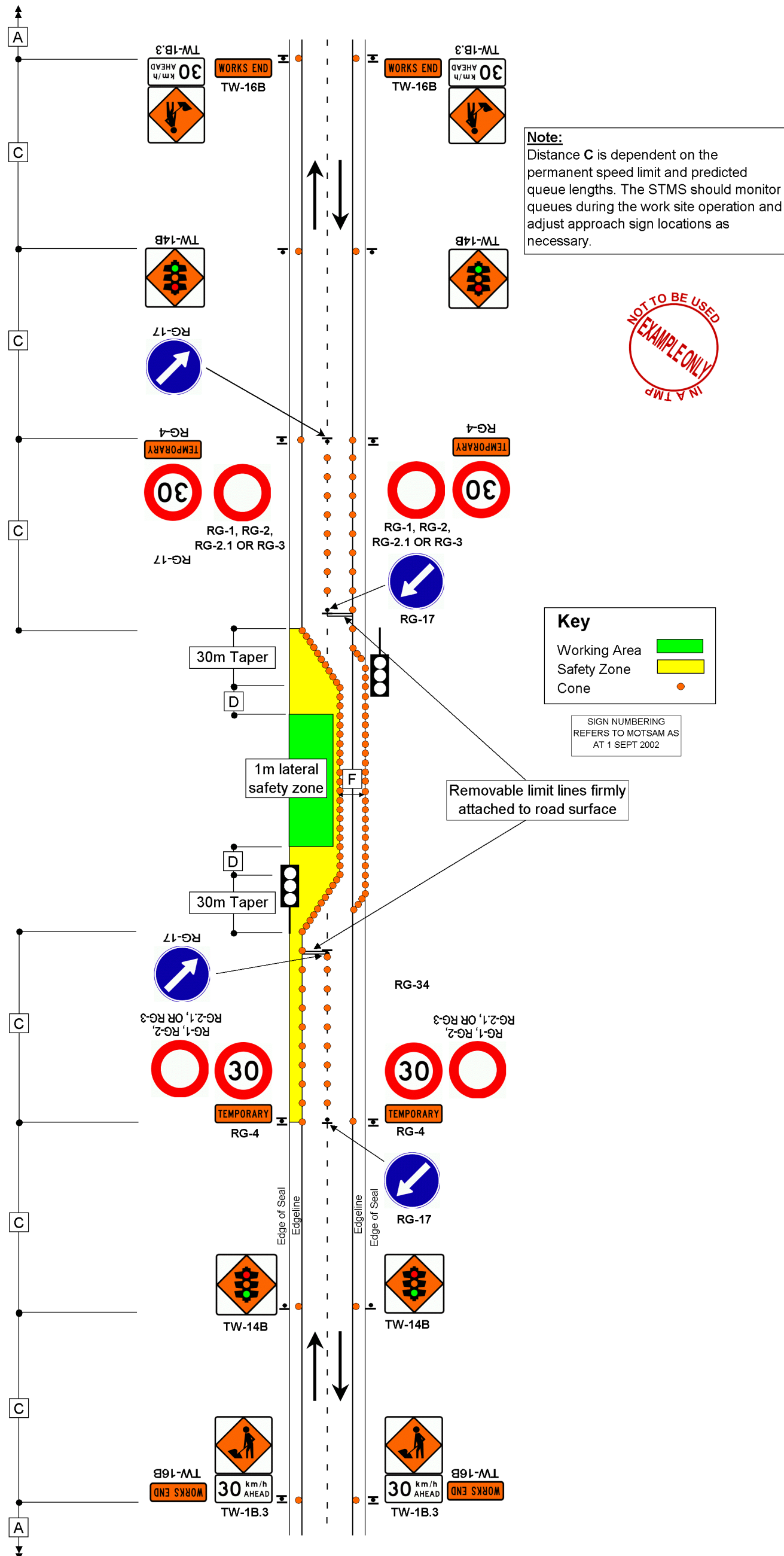
- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

Minimum Lane Widths

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
F	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.



**F1.5: TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD**  
**One Lane Closure - Portable Traffic Signals**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management

- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

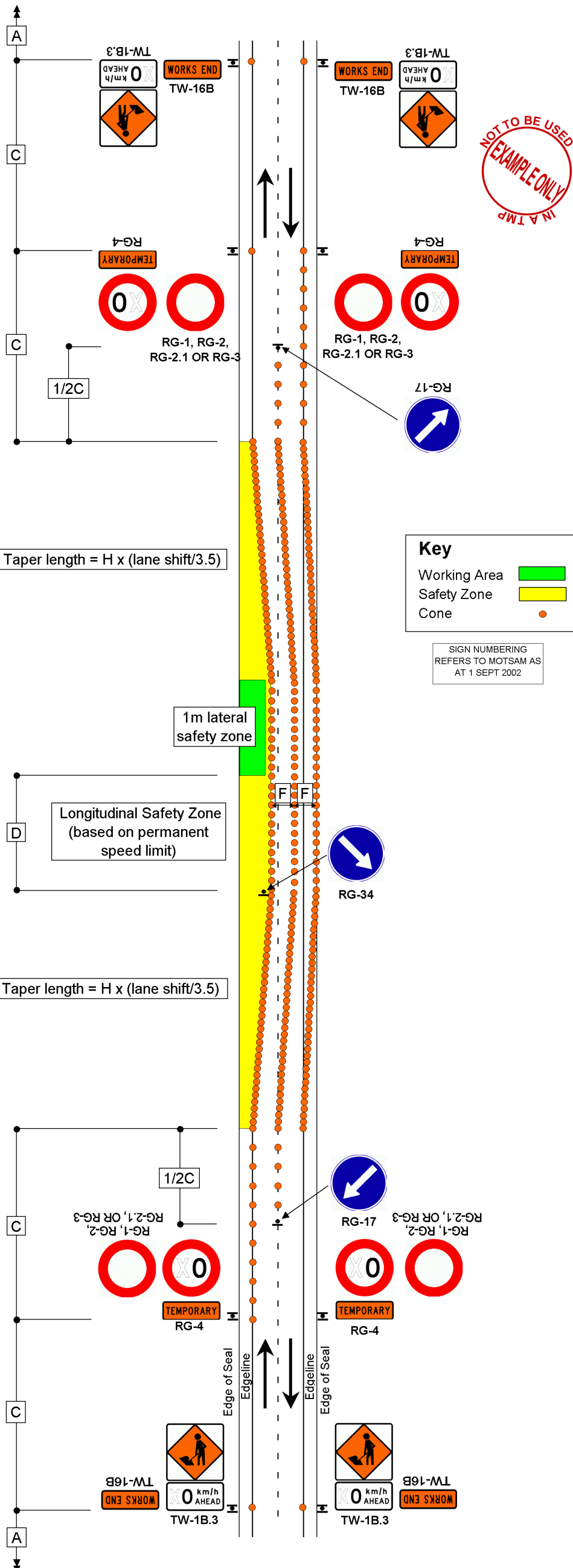
Minimum Lane Widths

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
F	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.





### F1.6: TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD

#### One Lane Closure -Temporary Two Lane Diversion

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management

- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

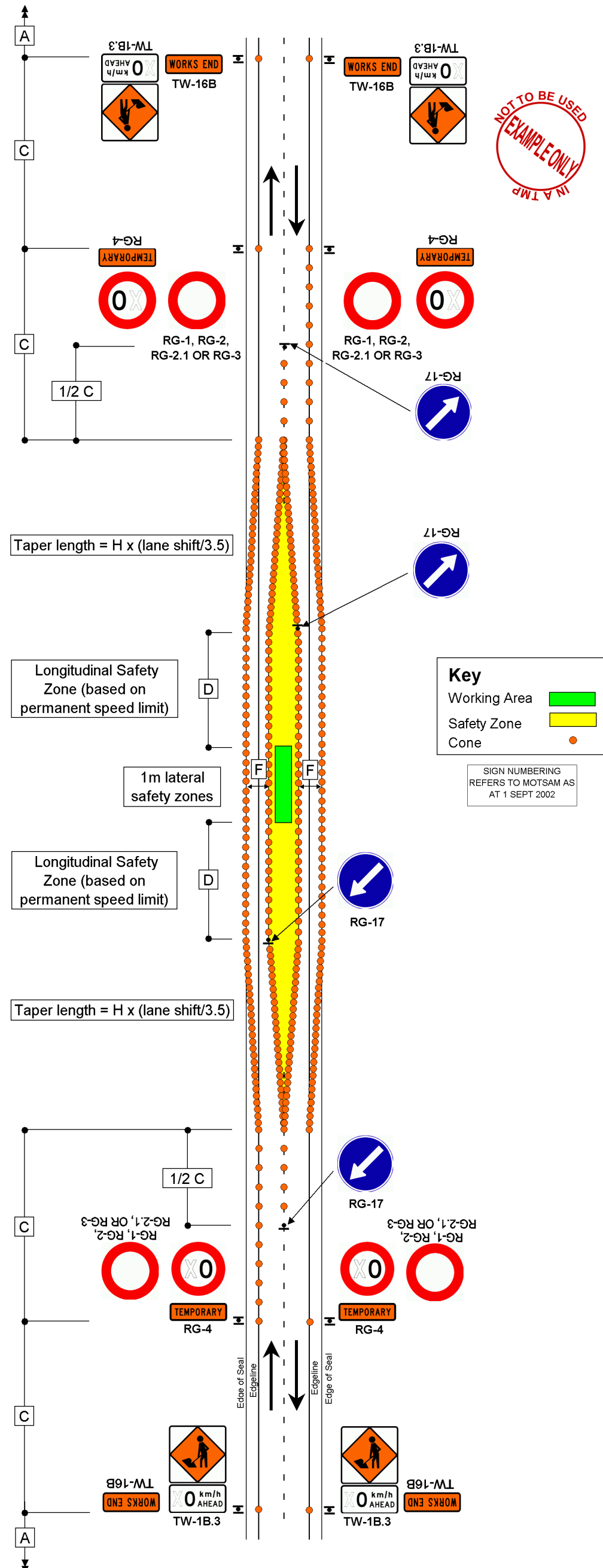
Minimum Lane Widths

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
F	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.





**F1.7: TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD**  
**Work Site in Centre of Road**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management

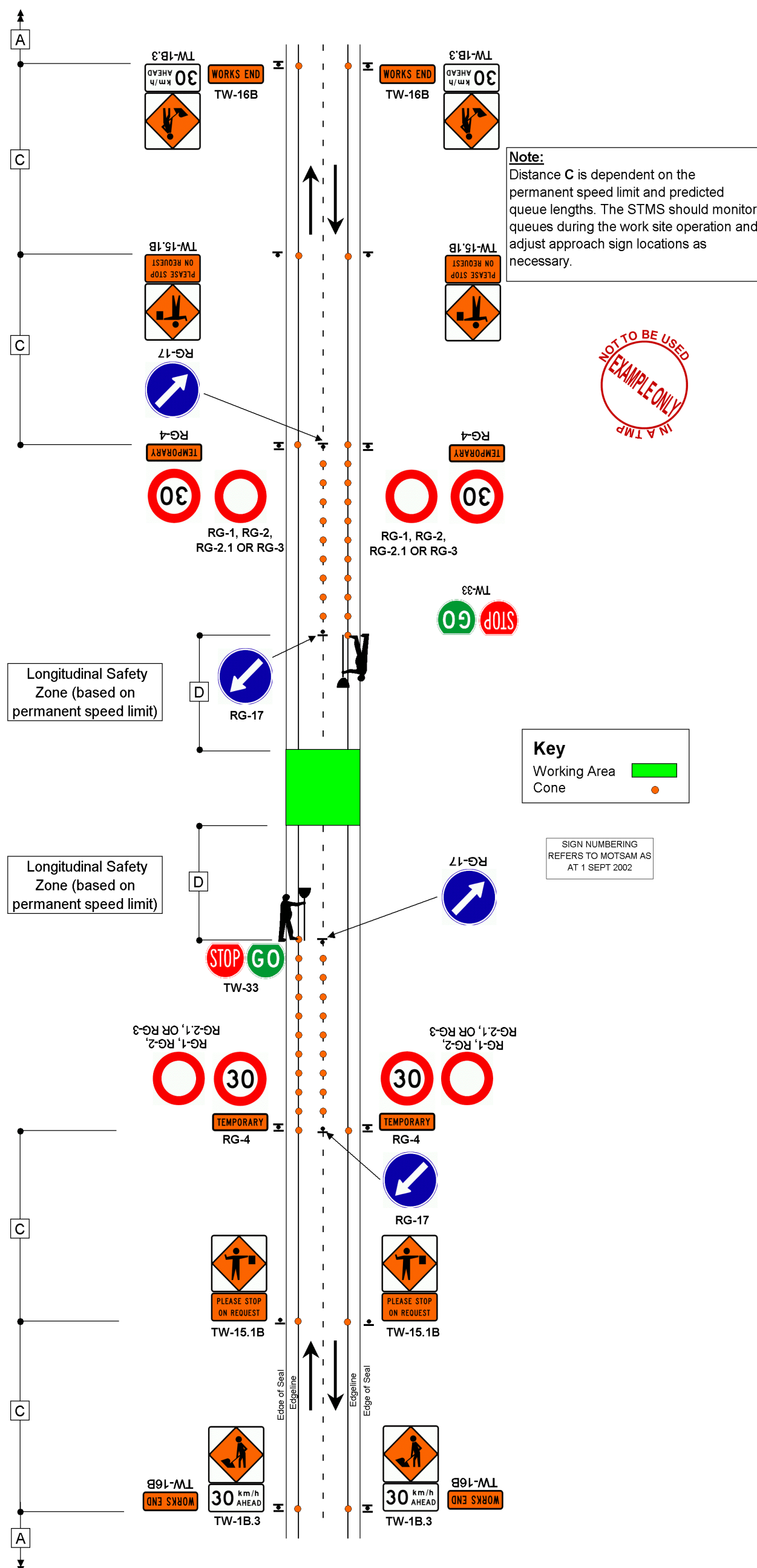
- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

Minimum Lane Widths

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
F	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.



Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management

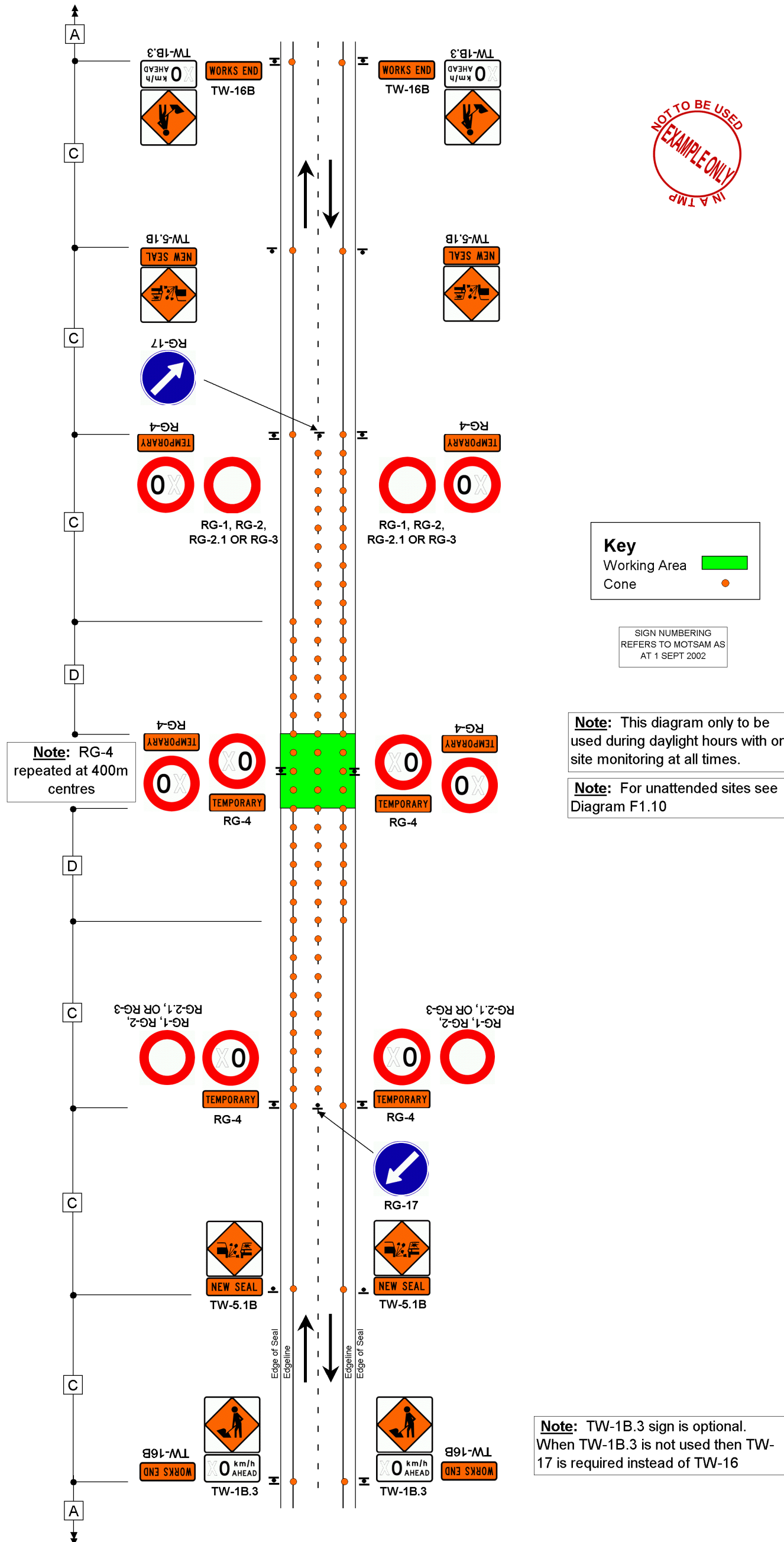
- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

Minimum Lane Widths

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
F	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.



**F1.9: TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD**  
**New Chip Seal - Attended Work Site**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management

- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

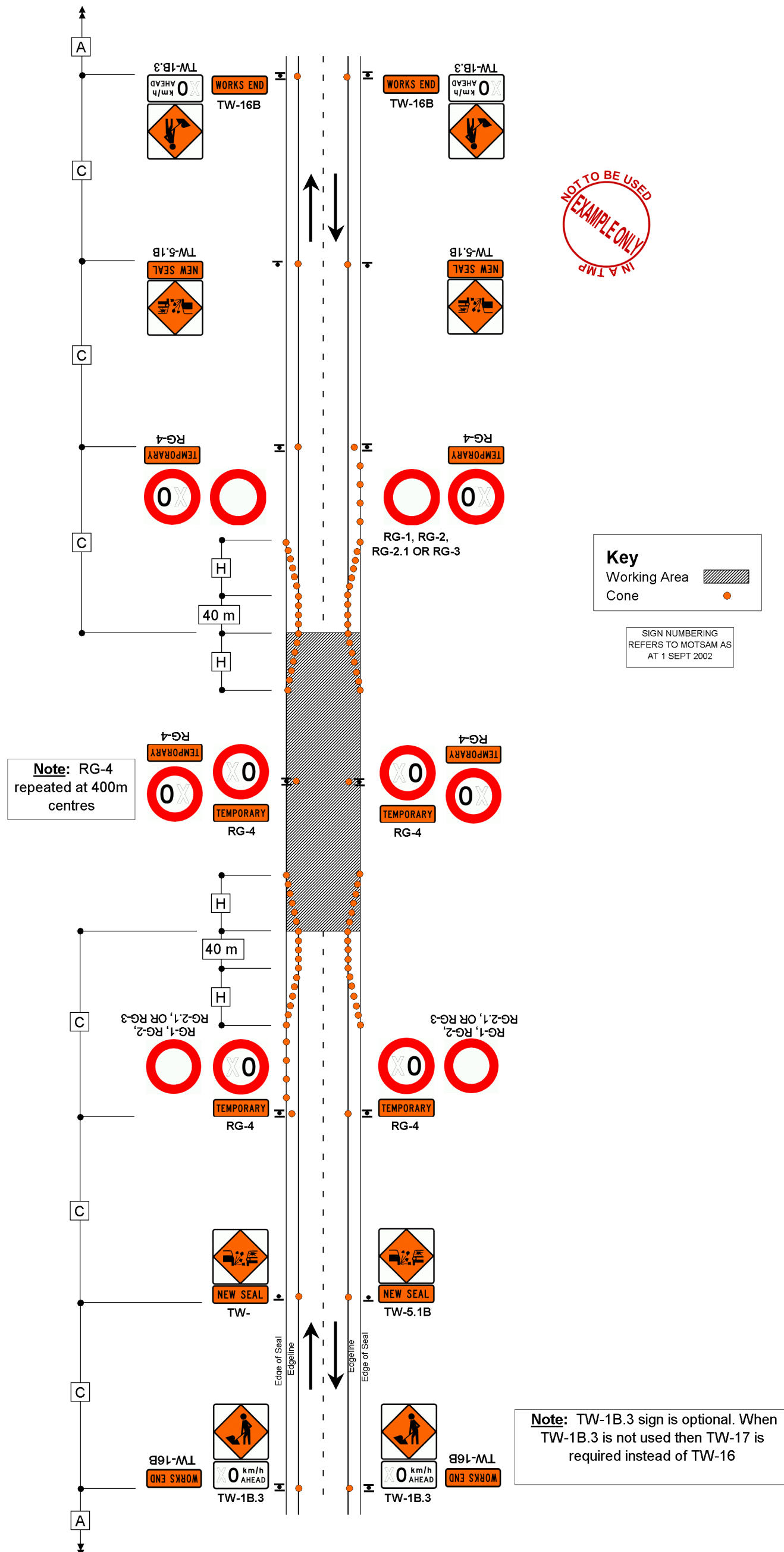
Minimum Lane Widths

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
F	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.





**F1.10: TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD**  
**New Chip Seal - Unattended Work Site**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management

- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

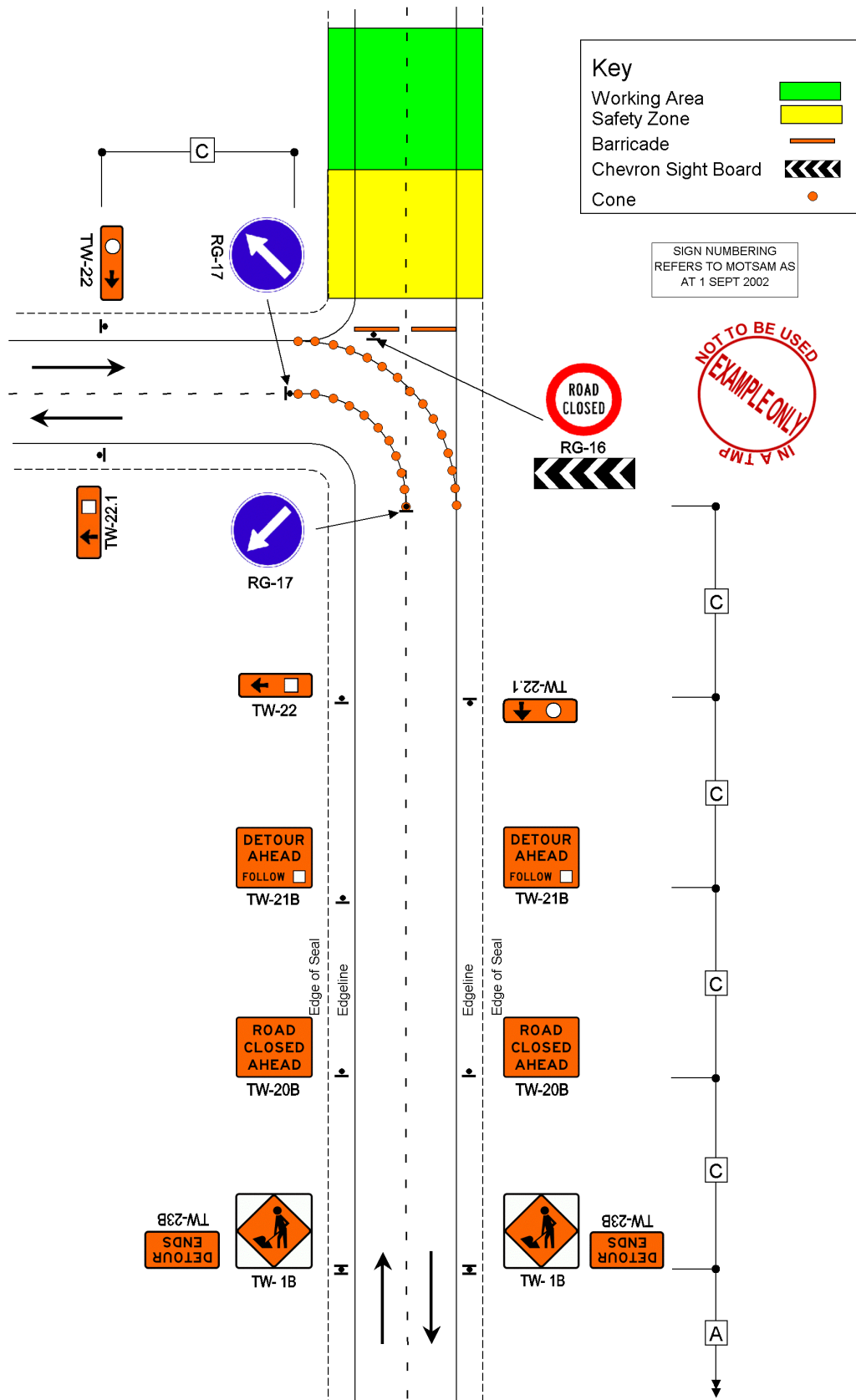
Minimum Lane Widths

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
F	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.





**F1.11: TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD**  
**Road Closure - With Detour**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing *	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management

- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

Minimum Lane Widths

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
F	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.

**F1.12: TWO-WAY TWO-LANE LEVEL 2 ROAD**  
**Footpath Closure - Temporary Footpath Provided**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management

- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

Minimum Lane Widths

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
F	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.



Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

**Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management**

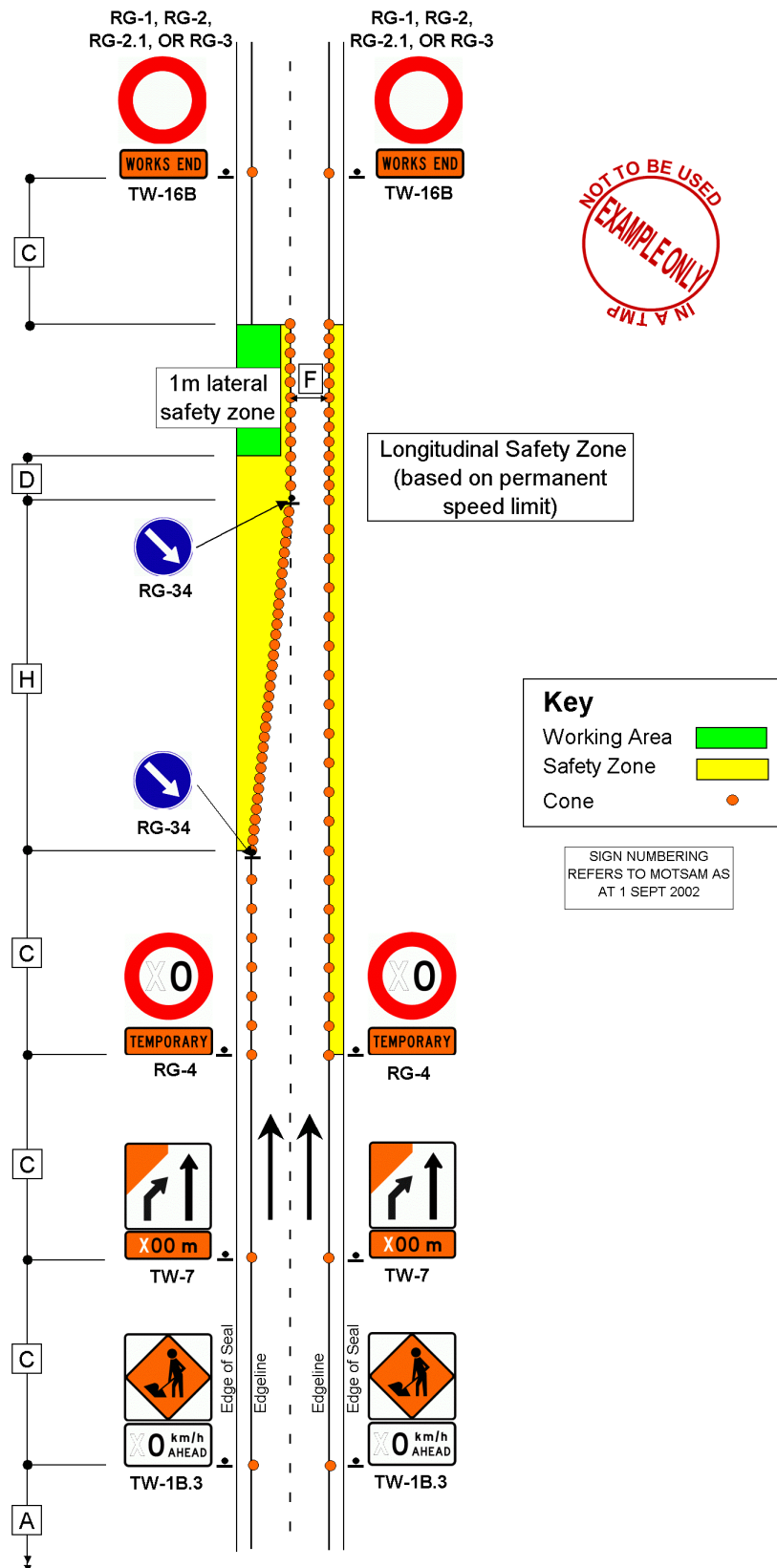
- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

**Minimum Lane Widths**

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
<b>F</b>	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

**Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths**

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.



**F1.14: TWO-LANE DIVIDED or TWO-LANE ONE-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD**  
**Left Lane Closure**



Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

**Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management**

- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

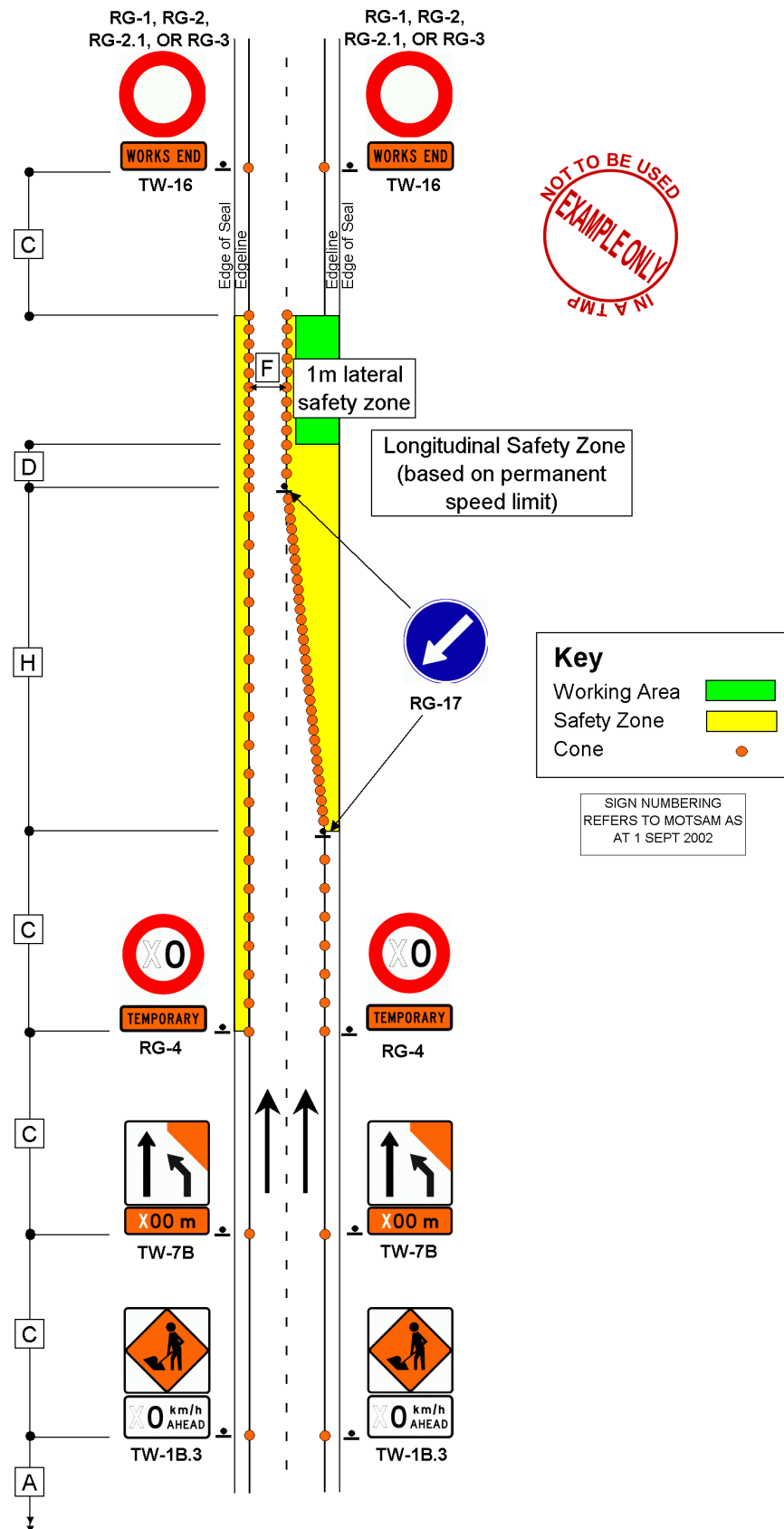
**Minimum Lane Widths**

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
<b>F</b>	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

**Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths**

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.





**F1.15: TWO-LANE DIVIDED or TWO-LANE ONE-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD  
Right Lane Closure**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

**Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management**

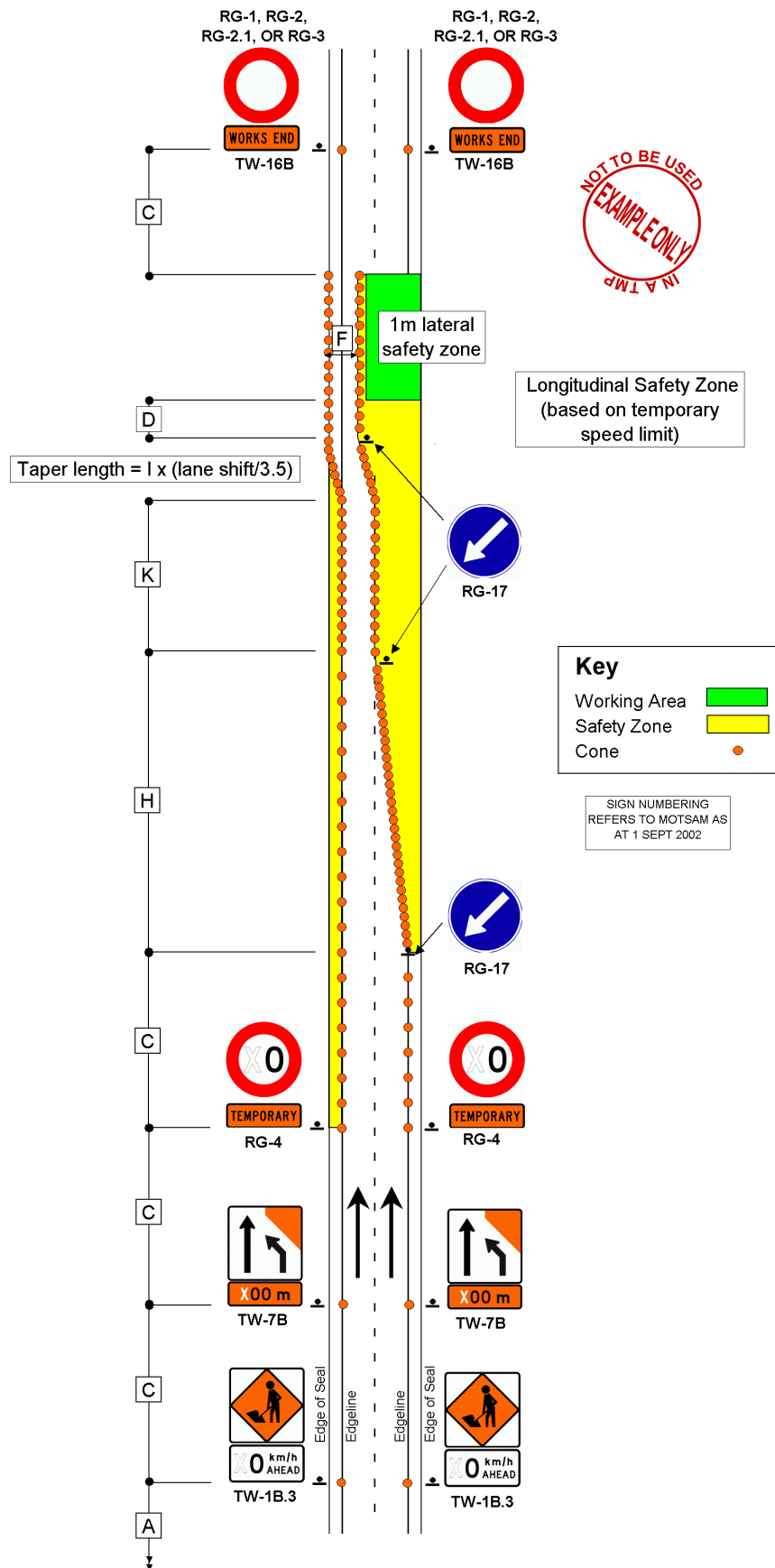
- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

**Minimum Lane Widths**

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
<b>F</b>	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

**Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths**

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.



**F1.16: TWO -LANE DIVIDED or TWO-LANE ONE-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD**  
**Two Lane Closure - One Lane Temporary Diversion**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

**Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management**

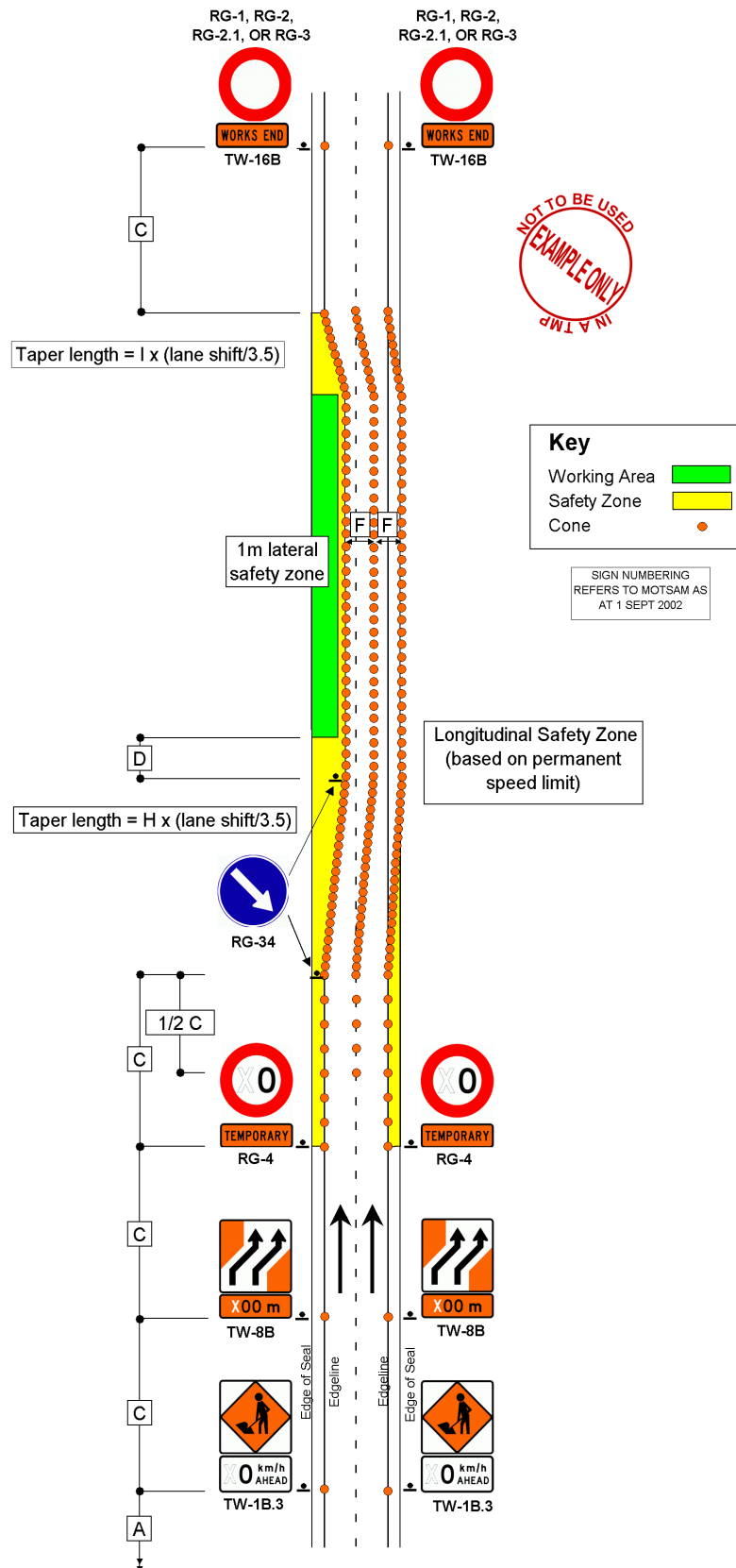
- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

**Minimum Lane Widths**

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
<b>F</b>	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

**Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths**

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.



**F1.17: TWO -LANE DIVIDED or TWO-LANE ONE-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD  
One Lane Closure - Two Lane Temporary Diversion**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

**Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management**

- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

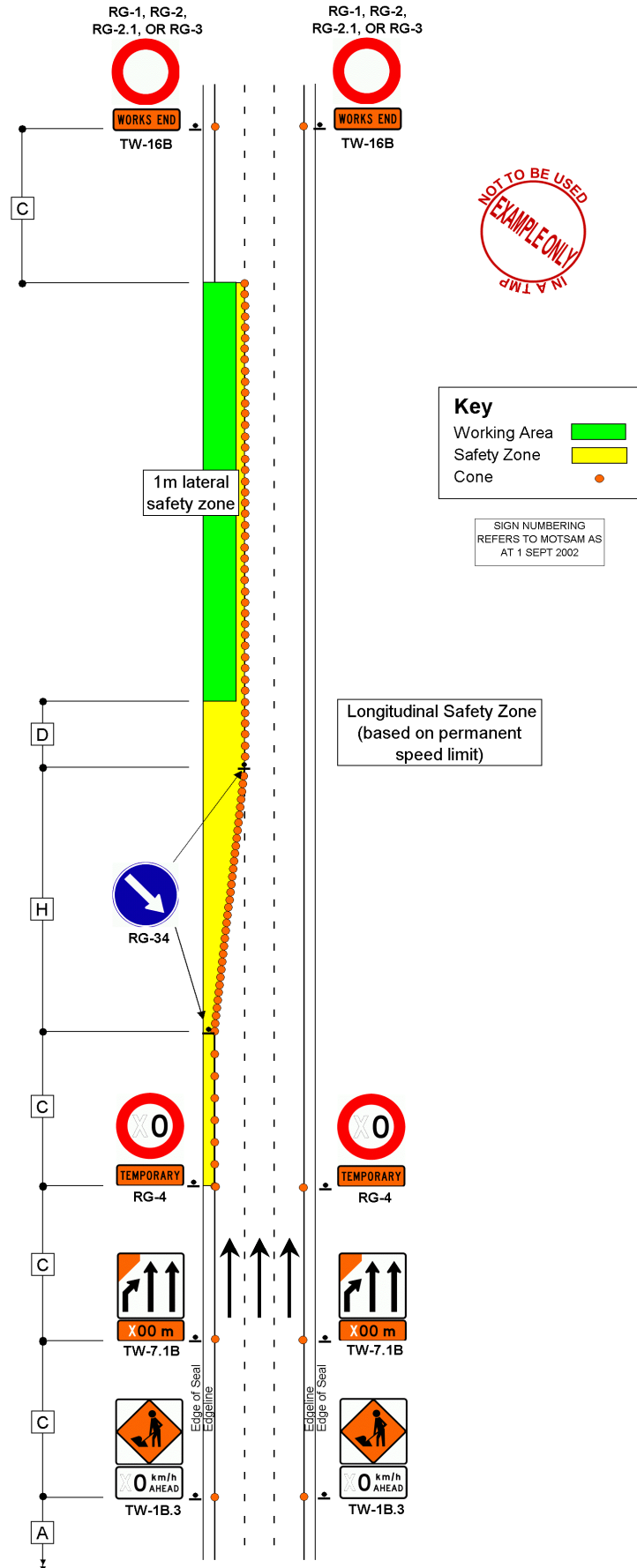
**Minimum Lane Widths**

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
<b>F</b>	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

**Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths**

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.

SP/M/010 - Third Edition: November 2004 Update



**F1.18: THREE -LANE DIVIDED or THREE-LANE ONE-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD  
Left Lane Closure**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

**Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management**

- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

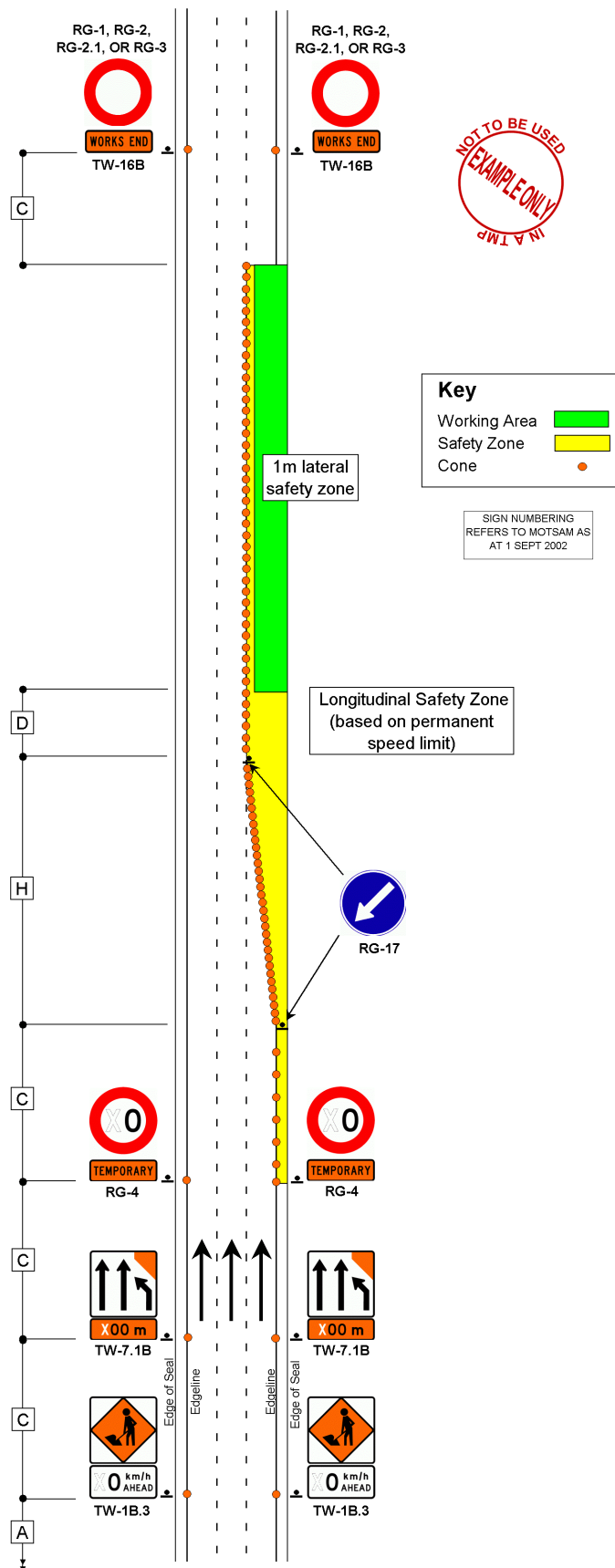
**Minimum Lane Widths**

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
<b>F</b>	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

**Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths**

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.





**F1.19: THREE-LANE DIVIDED OR THREE-LANE ONE-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD  
Right Lane Closure**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

**Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management**

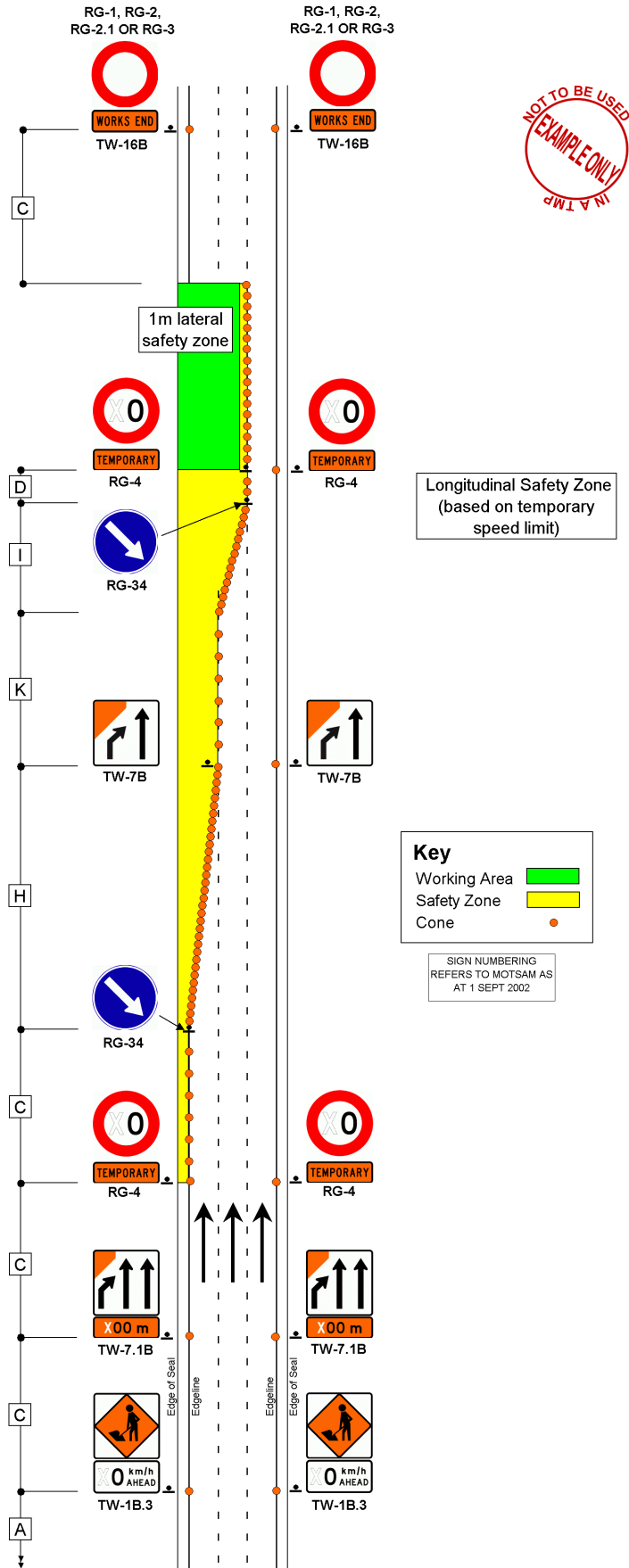
- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

**Minimum Lane Widths**

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
<b>F</b>	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

**Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths**

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.



**F1.20: THREE -LANE DIVIDED or THREE-LANE ONE-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD**  
**Two Lane Closure - Left and Centre Lanes**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

**Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management**

- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

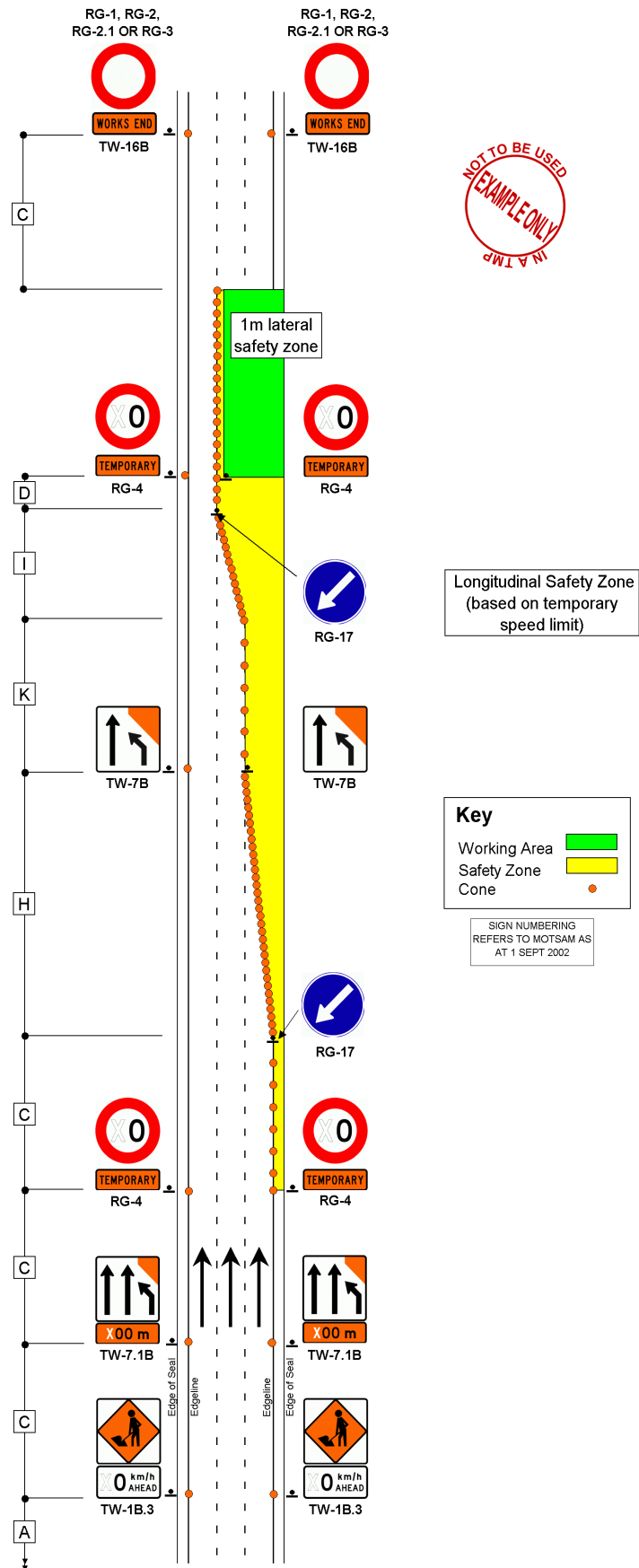
**Minimum Lane Widths**

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
<b>F</b>	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

**Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths**

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.

SP/M/010 - Third Edition: November 2004 Update



**F1.21: THREE -LANE DIVIDED or THREE-LANE ONE-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD  
Two Lane Closure – Right and Centre Lanes**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

**Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management**

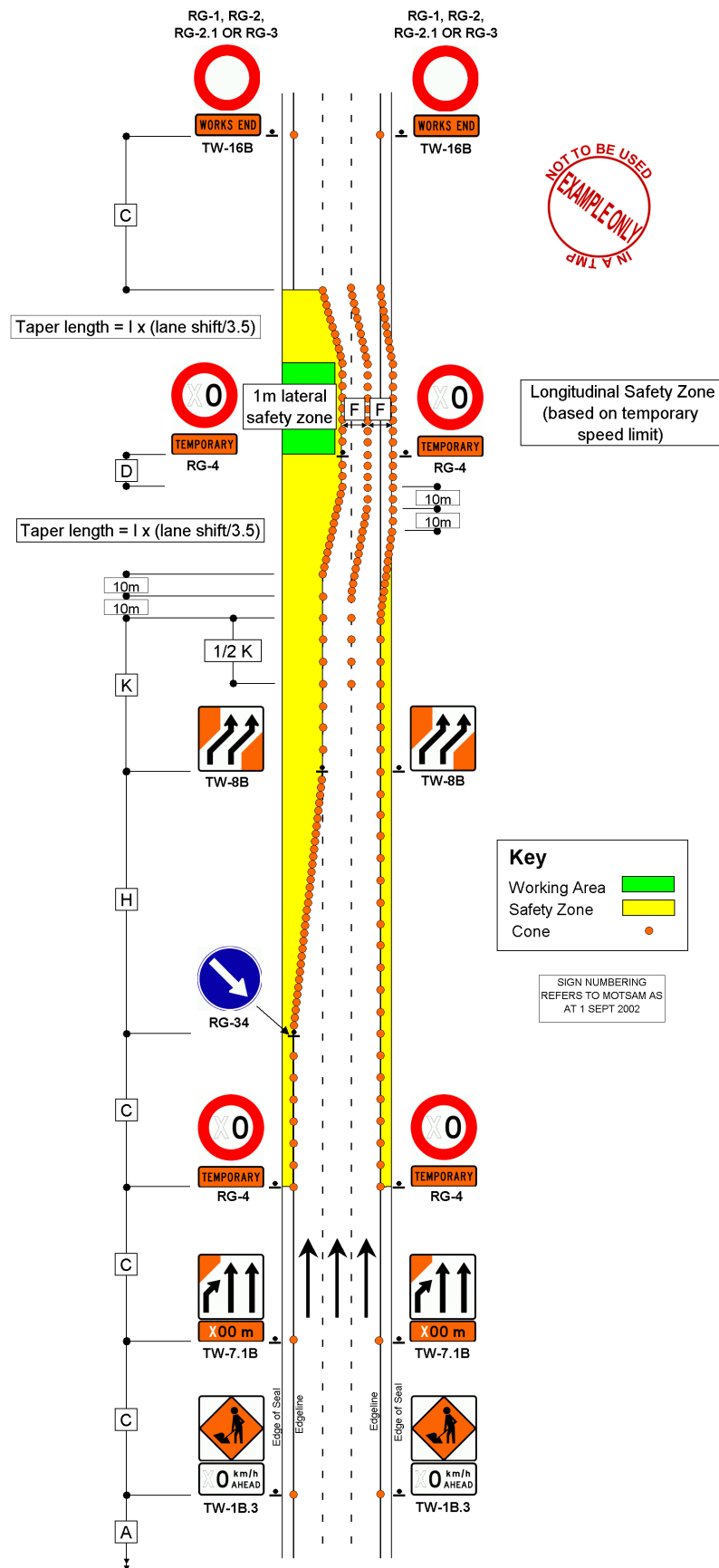
- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

**Minimum Lane Widths**

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
<b>F</b>	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

**Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths**

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.



**F1.22: THREE -LANE DIVIDED or THREE-LANE ONE-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD**  
**Two Lane Closure - Two Lane Temporary Diversion**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

**Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management**

- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

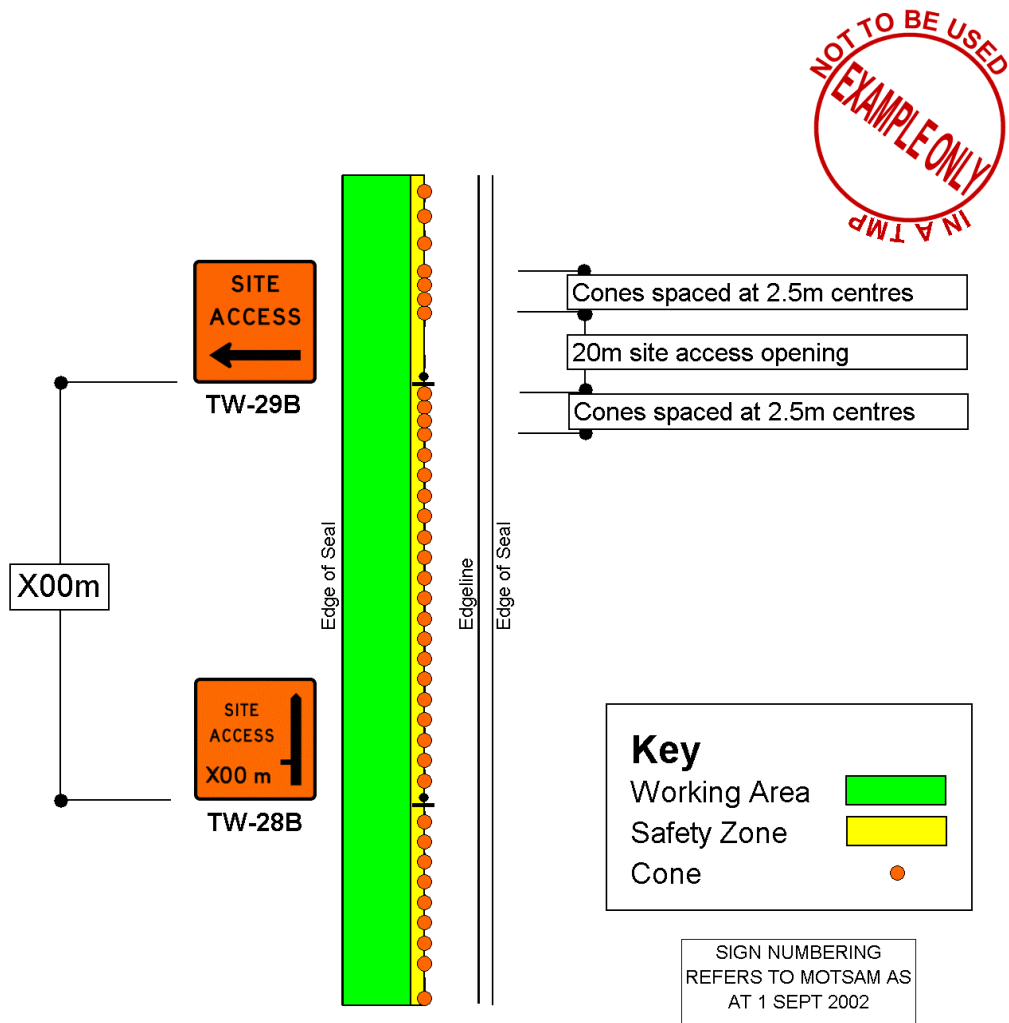
**Minimum Lane Widths**

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
<b>F</b>	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

**Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths**

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.





**F1.23: DIVIDED or ONE-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD**  
**Site Access**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing *	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management

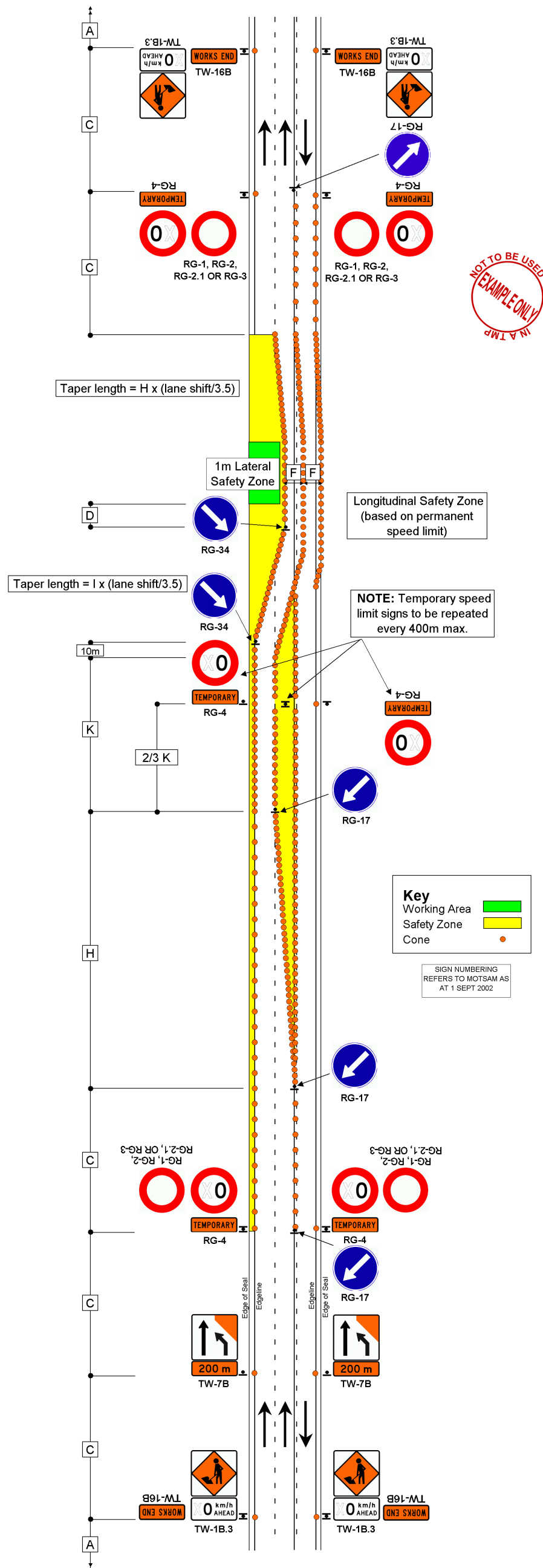
- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

Minimum Lane Widths

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
F	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.



**F1.24: PASSING LANE ON A TWO-LANE TWO-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD**  
**Left Lane Closure - With Chicane**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management

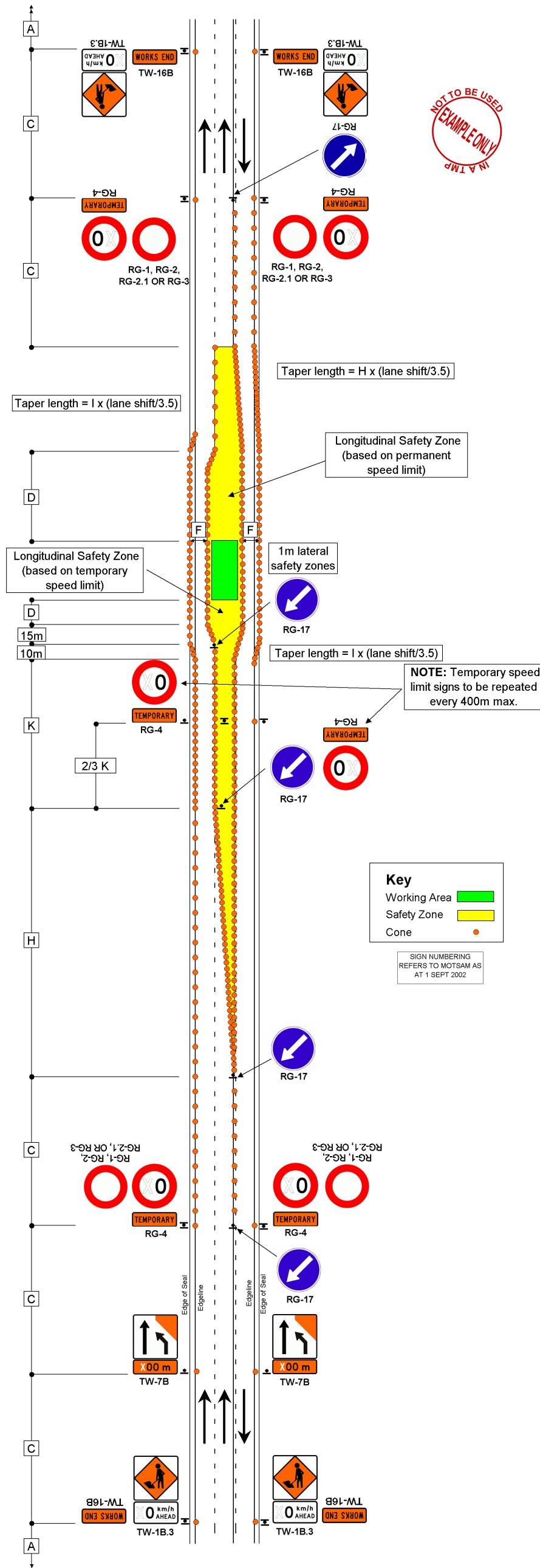
- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

Minimum Lane Widths

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
F	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.



F1.25: PASSING LANE ON A TWO-LANE TWO-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD  
Centre Lane Closure

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management

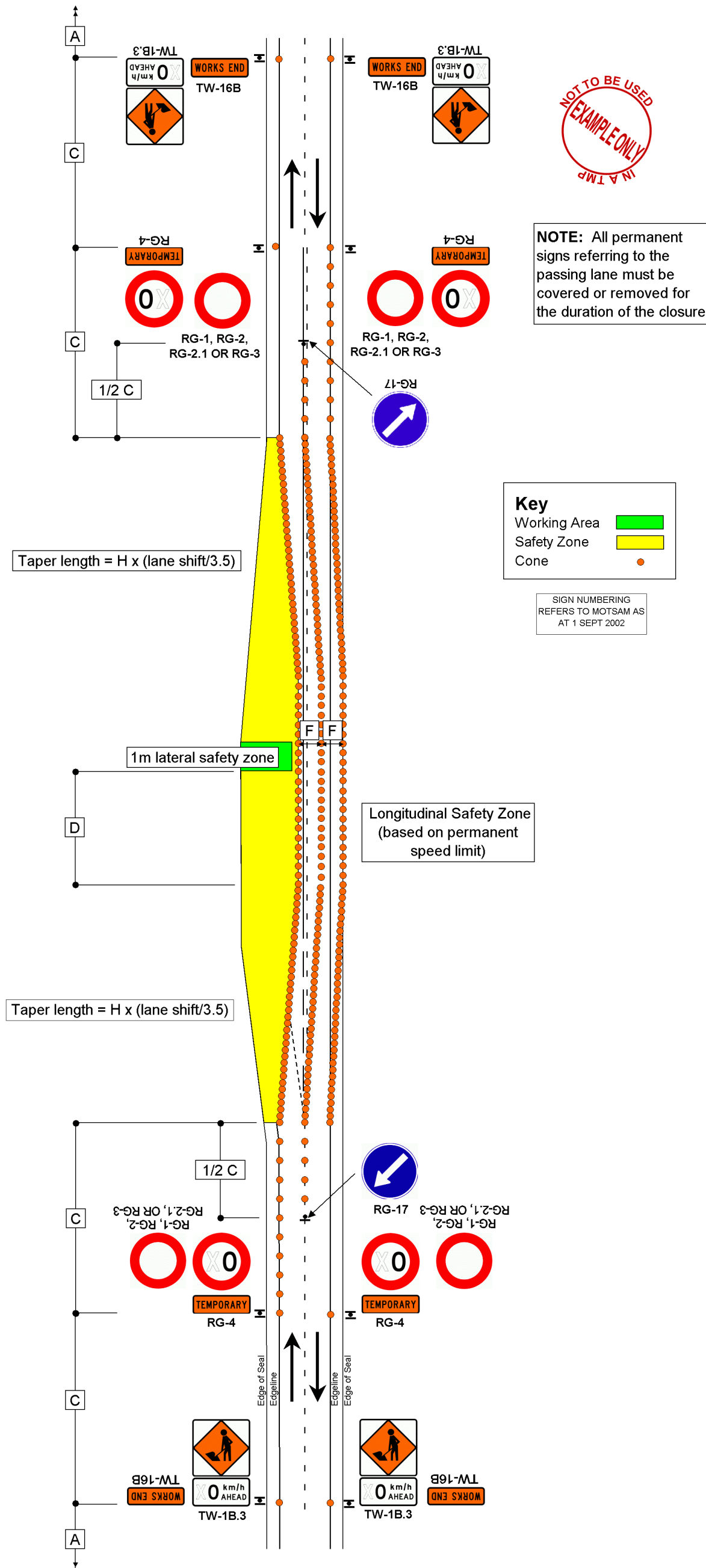
- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

Minimum Lane Widths

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
F	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.



**F1.26: PASSING LANE ON A TWO-LANE TWO-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD**  
Left and Centre Lane Closure within the first 600m of a Passing Lane



Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management

- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

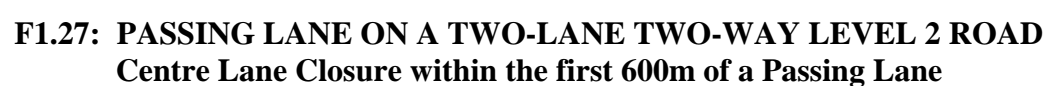
Minimum Lane Widths

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
F	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.





**F1.27: PASSING LANE ON A TWO-LANE TWO-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD**  
**Centre Lane Closure within the first 600m of a Passing Lane**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management

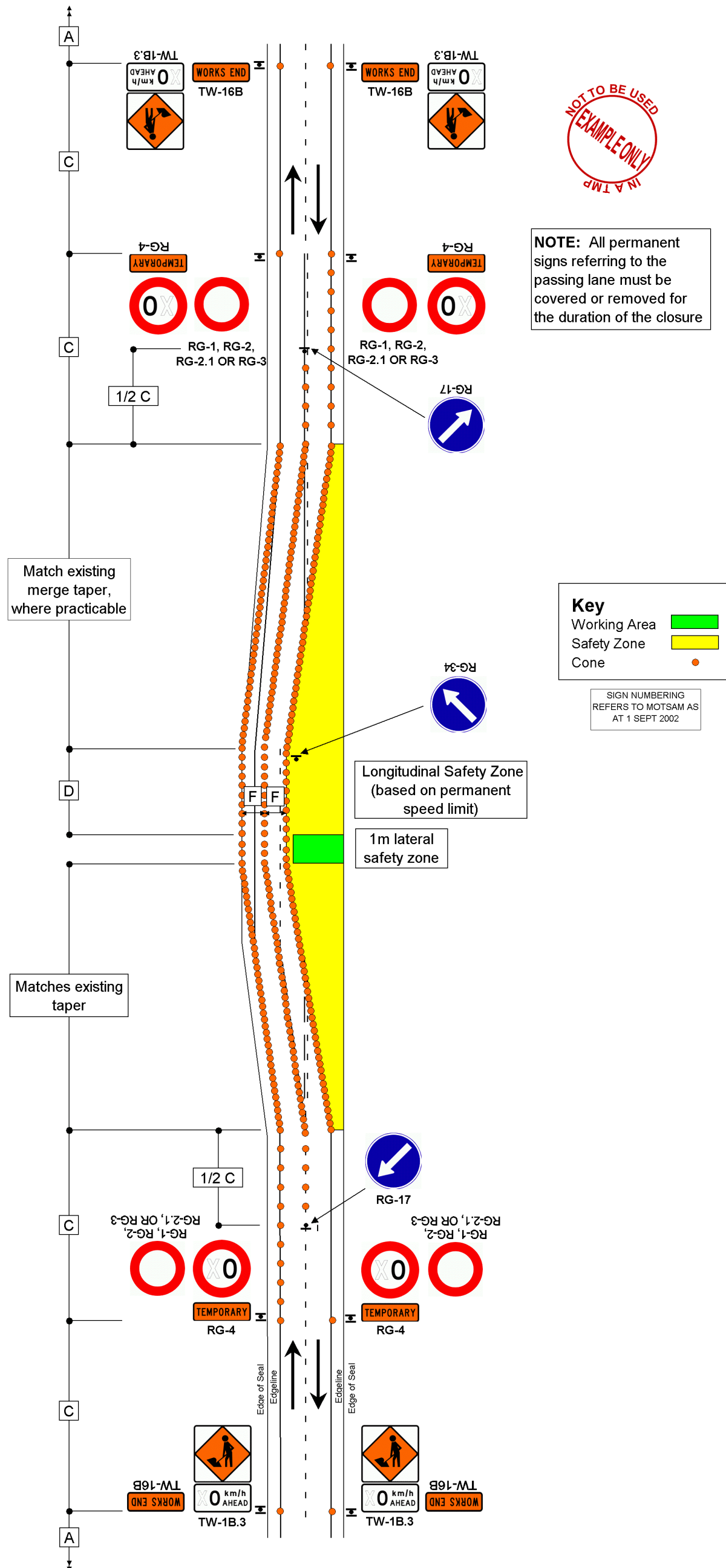
- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

Minimum Lane Widths

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
F	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.



**F1.28: PASSING LANE ON A TWO-LANE TWO-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD**  
**Right Lane Closure within the first 600m of a Passing Lane**

Permanent Speed Limit		≤ 50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
		m	m	m	m	m
Traffic Signs						
A	Sign Visibility Distance	60	70	80	100	120
C	Sign Spacing ♦	50	60	70	80	100
Safety Zones						
D	Longitudinal *	15	20	30	45	60
E	Lateral					
	1. Behind Cones etc	1	1	1	1	1
	2. Behind Concrete Barrier	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	3. Behind Other Barriers	As recommended by manufacturers				
Tapers						
H	Initial Taper Length Per Lane***	90	100	120	150	180
I	Subsequent Taper Length Per Lane **	50	60	70	80	100
K	Minimum Distance between Tapers	50	60	70	80	100
Delineation Devices						
Spacing	ALL Tapers	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Approaches, between Tapers and around the Working Space	5	5	10	10	10
	At merge and diverge points for ramps and slip lanes, intersecting road entry and exit points, and site accesses points	2.5m for 10m either side of a change in alignment			2.5m for 20m either side of a change in alignment	

Table C2.3: Layout Distances for Level 2 Traffic Management

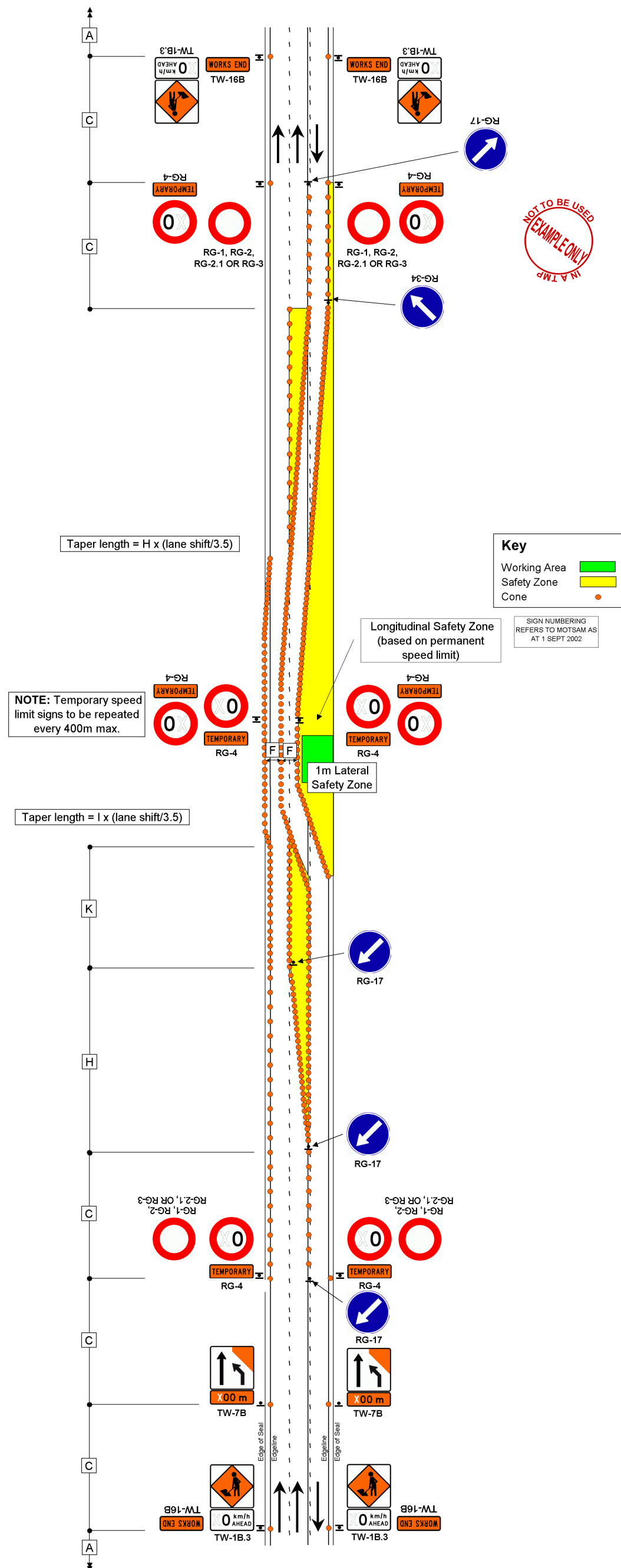
- \* No longitudinal safety zone is required when a barrier completely protects the approach end of the site.
- \*\* Only applicable where the taper is located a sufficient distance from a temporary speed restriction for drivers to have slowed down to the temporary speed. Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- \*\*\* Taper length is based on a single lane shift of 3.5m
- ♦ Where only one sign is erected in advance of the start of a cone taper the distance from the sign to the start of the taper must be 2C.

Minimum Lane Widths

Permanent/Temporary Speed		30 km/h	50 km/h	60 km/h	70 km/h	80 km/h	100 km/h
F	Minimum Lane Width	2.75 m	3.00 m	3.00 m	3.25 m	3.25 m	3.50 m

Table C2.5: Minimum Lane Widths

Where the traffic flow contains a high proportion of heavy vehicles wider lanes may be required for efficient traffic operation. Lane widths should, however, never be greater than 4m.



**F1.29: PASSING LANE ON A TWO-LANE TWO-WAY LEVEL 2 ROAD**  
**Right Lane Closure - With Chicane**