## RCA strategies to improve Temporary traffic management (TTM) at worksites

Set out below are strategies that RCAs can consider applying to improve TTM at worksites. The strategies are grouped under 3 headings:

- Strategies to build a culture of high standard or acceptable TTM work activities on the network
- Strategies to put in place consequences for unacceptable/dangerous results for an audit/review
- Strategies where there are continued unacceptable or dangerous worksites.

These strategies are presented as options which RCAs can consider implementing. It is up to each RCA to apply strategies that work within their network.

## Strategies to build a culture of high standard or acceptable TTM work activities on the network

| Strategy | Explanation |
| :--- | :--- |
| Newsletter | Issue a regular newsletter to the industry. This can be used to <br> inform the industry of any common issues across the network <br> that need addressing. |
| Industry meetings/BBQ | Hold a quarterly meeting with the industry (Contractors, <br> Consultants, principals, TMCs, Auditors). Combining the <br> meeting with food seems to get a good attendance. During the <br> meeting discuss issues that each of the groups are facing and <br> look for agreed solutions. Also good for letting the industry <br> know about any upcoming changes. |
| It can also be used to report back to the industry the <br> consolidated results of audits and advise them of upcoming <br> changes. |  |


| Strategy | Explanation |
| :---: | :---: |
| STMS of the month | Run an STMS of the month award. Any STMS who has received a High Standard result on an audit during the month qualifies for the competition. A certificate and prize (donated by a sponsor) is presented to the STMS of the month at a toolbox briefing <br> You may also include the name and company of the STMS of the month in the newsletter and also include all the STMSs who achieved a High Standard audit result in that month. |
| Invite contractors along on RCA audits | A good initiative is to invite contractors/STMS along on audits. This allows them to see that the same standard is being applied to all and that there are a wide range of onsite issues that need to be dealt with. <br> There needs to be clear guidelines about their involvement in the audit - observer only (but can complete their own audit if they like). |
| Issue a safety alert to industry | Safety alerts can be used to advise the industry of any issues that are common across the network and that are causing hazards. |


| Strategy | Explanation |
| :--- | :--- |
| Complete reviews of <br> audits to encourage <br> consistency | Set up a system of regular reviews of audits (say weekly or <br> fortnightly). <br> Review site photos / videos and get auditors to identify issues <br> / areas of non-compliance. <br> Consider inviting industry representatives to these review <br> sessions. |
| Undertake targeted <br> audits/reviews | Conduct a programme of audits/reviews targeting specific <br> worksite issues. <br> For example, you could have a programme specifically <br> targeting the set out of TSLs at worksites. |

## Strategies to put in place consequences for unacceptable/dangerous results in audits

\(\left.\left.\left.$$
\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { Consequence } & \text { Explanation } \\
\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Charge Utilities for } \\
\text { selected consent } \\
\text { compliance monitoring } \\
\text { activities }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { The National Code of Practice for Utility Operators' Access to } \\
\text { Transport Corridors (September 2016) - section 6.5 Corridor } \\
\text { Manager Cost Recovery allows the Corridor Manager to } \\
\text { charge Utilities a fee for monitoring of consent compliance. } \\
\text { Costs incurred by the Corridor Manager for this service should } \\
\text { be separately identified and fees set through an appropriate } \\
\text { consultative procedure. A consultation procedure is outlined in } \\
\text { sections 83 and 150 of the LGA 2002. }\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}\text { A schedule of fees could be agreed for consent compliance } \\
\text { monitoring activities including the following: } \\
\text { - Unacceptable audit result }\end{array} \\
\text { - Dangerous audit result }\end{array}
$$\right\} $$
\begin{array}{l}\text { - Issue of a Stop Work Notice } \\
\text { - Issue of an Approval to Recommence Work authority } \\
\text { - Issue of an Advisory Note } \\
\text { - Issue of a NNC } \\
\text { - Follow-up audit after a NNC has been issued. }\end{array}
$$\right\} \begin{array}{l}When issuing a Stop work notice for a worksite, include the <br>
following note: <br>
The stopped work is not to recommence until appropriate <br>
remedial work is carried out and an 'Approval to Recommence <br>
Work' authority is signed and issued by the Corridor Manager. <br>

An RCA representative will need to re-visit the worksite when\end{array}\right\}\)| the Contractor has carried out the remedial works in order to |
| :--- |
| confirm satisfactory completion and issue the Approval to |
| Recommence Work. |


| Consequence | Explanation |
| :--- | :--- |
| Issue Advisory Note | $\begin{array}{l}\text { The intent of the Advisory Note is to inform the company of the } \\ \text { on-site issues and reduce if not eliminate the root causes of } \\ \text { the unsafe practices identified in the SCR. } \\ \text { The Advisory Note triggers a formal procedure for identifying, } \\ \text { investigating, and correcting the unsafe practices and/or any } \\ \text { shortcomings in the company's work practices. } \\ \text { An Advisory Note stands for 5 working days in which time the } \\ \text { company must outline the corrective steps that will be taken to } \\ \text { prevent the problem arising again. For example: investigation, } \\ \text { documentation and implementation of a corrective action plan } \\ \text { for each of the unsafe practices identified. }\end{array}$ |
| A response to the Advisory Note must be returned to the |  |
| issuer within the 5 working days detailing the Corrective Action |  |
| Plan for the unsafe practices identified. |  |\(\left.\} \begin{array}{l}If the company does not respond within the 5 working days, <br>

the Advisory Note is upgraded to a Notice of Non <br>
Conformance (NNC) against the responsible parties.\end{array} \left\lvert\, $$
\begin{array}{l}\text { Where an NNC is issued, it is advised that the RCA requires a } \\
\text { plan to be submitted within 10 working days detailing the } \\
\text { Corrective Actions for the defects identified during the audit. } \\
\text { The company responsible for the issues identified at the } \\
\text { worksite is expected to implement the Corrective Action Plan, } \\
\text { if requested, as soon as possible and no later than 20 working } \\
\text { days from the date of the NNC. }\end{array}
$$\right.\right\}\)

## Strategies where there are continued unacceptable or dangerous worksites

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { Consequence } & \text { Explanation } \\ \hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Meet with the } \\ \text { organisation/company }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Meet to discuss the following: } \\ \text { - Identified worksite issues } \\ \text { - Likely consequences if audit results don't improve } \\ \text { - A corrective action plan. }\end{array} \\ \begin{array}{ll}\text { Follow-up the implementation of the agreed corrective action } \\ \text { plan. } \\ \text { Schedule follow-up audits. }\end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Require company to } \\ \text { employ a TTM provider }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Where expected compliance is not being achieved on a } \\ \text { continuous basis, in order for the company to continue } \\ \text { operations, they must employ a TTM provider for their } \\ \text { worksites. }\end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Deny access to the } \\ \text { network for a period of } \\ \text { time }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Where expected compliance is not being achieved on a } \\ \text { continuous basis, access to the network may be denied for a } \\ \text { period of time. } \\ \text { These occurrences are often as a result of poor TMP design } \\ \text { and implementation. Refer to CoPTTM subsection A5.5.1 } \\ \text { TMC's responsibilites }\end{array} \\ \text { - refusing to allow any TMP to be implemented where } \\ \text { they consider it to be unsafe or in contravention of } \\ \text { CoPTTM, or where reasonable alternatives may exist } \\ \text { that may be safer, or cause less traffic delay. Brief } \\ \text { reasons must be given }\end{array}\right\}$

Org NC 3 strikes process

| Strikes | Other information |
| :--- | :--- |
| Strike 1 Org NC | - The RCA notifies the organisation that it will be applying a Strike 1 <br> - Org NC. Notification is also sent to NZTA. <br> On receipt of Strike 1 Org NC, NZTA registers the event and <br> sends a warning letter to the organisation/ subcontractor to warn of <br> the consequences of continued non-compliant activity <br> - The organisation submits a plan to the RCA detailing actions to <br> prevent reoccurrence of non-compliant activity |
| Strike 2 Org NC | - A similar process is followed for the issue of a Strike 2 Org NC. <br> On receipt of a Strike 2 Org NC within 1 year, NZTA sends a final <br> warning letter to the organisation/ subcontractor also outlining the <br> consequences of continued non-compliant activity |
| - The organisation submits a plan detailing actions to prevent |  |
| reoccurrence of non-compliant activity |  |

