M2PP-121-D-PLNM-0012

Appendix 1: DRAWING SET

Site Specific Management Plan 010 - [sectors 530-540-580]

MacKays to Peka Peka Expressway

06 MARCH 2014 - CERTIFIED VERSION- NGARARA BRIDGE ONLY - REV C





MacKays to Peka Peka

NZTRANSPORT

AGENCY WAKA KOTAHI

SH1 MACKAYS TO PEKA PEKA

EXPRESSWAY

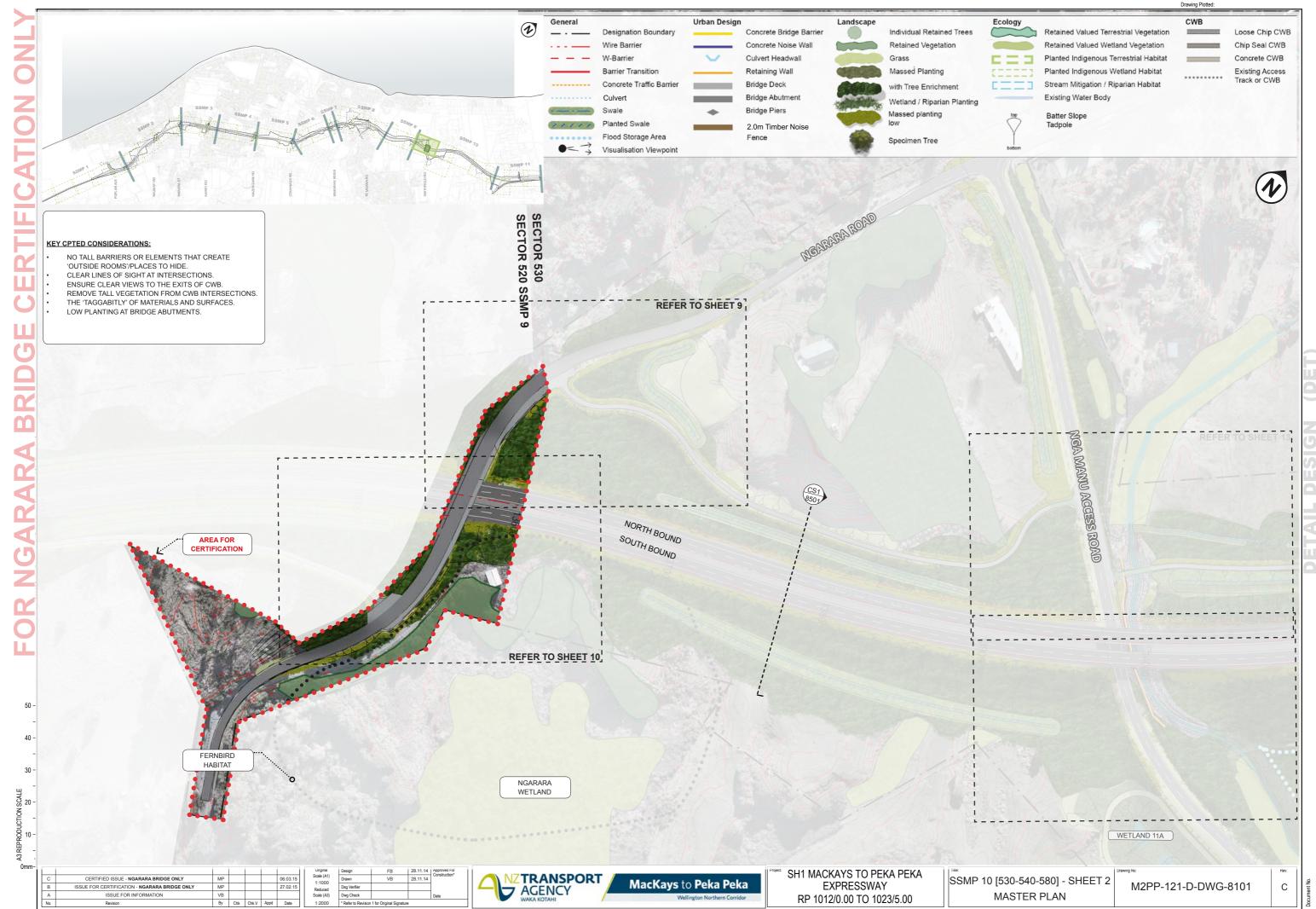
RP 1012/0.00 TO 1023/5.00

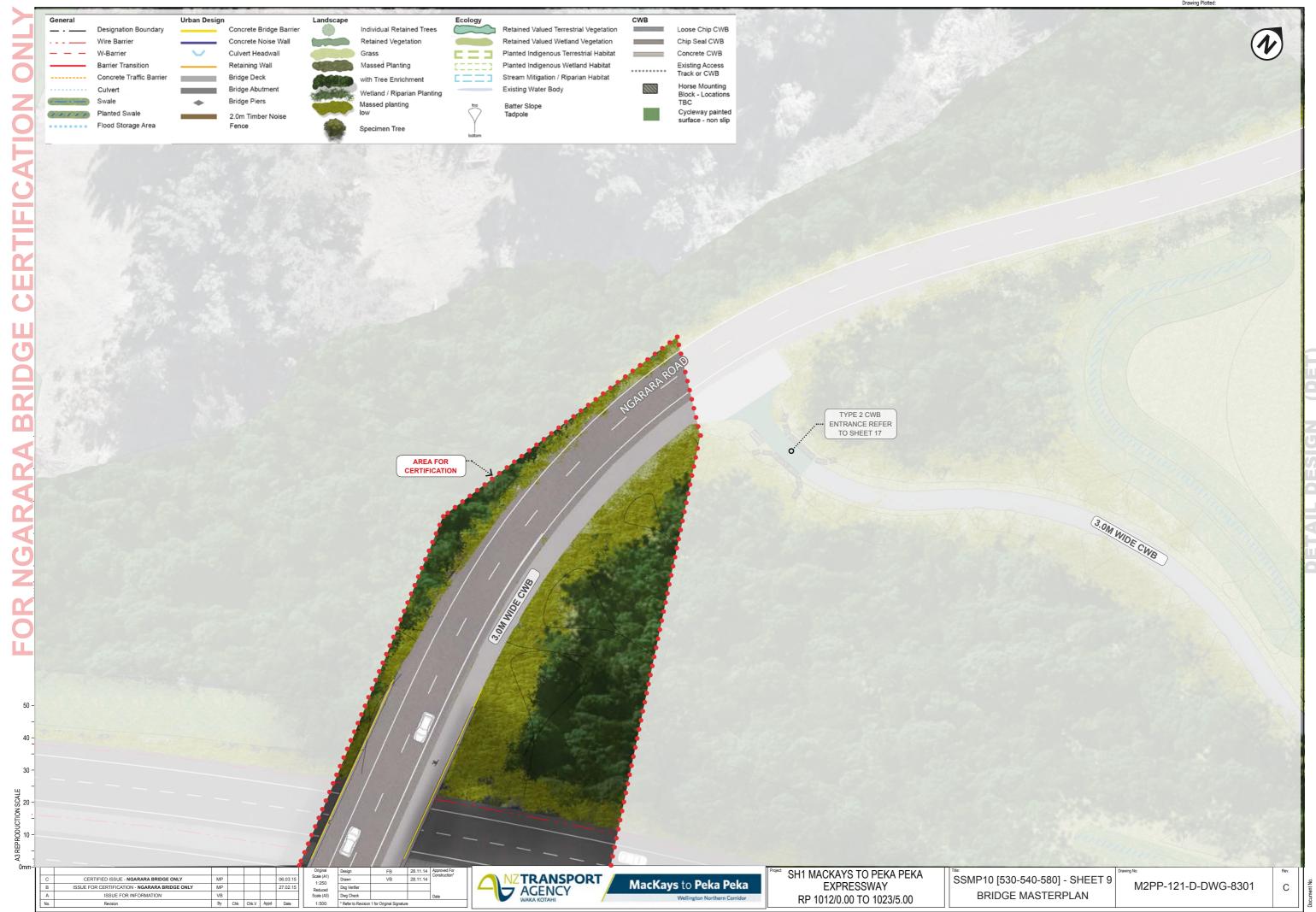
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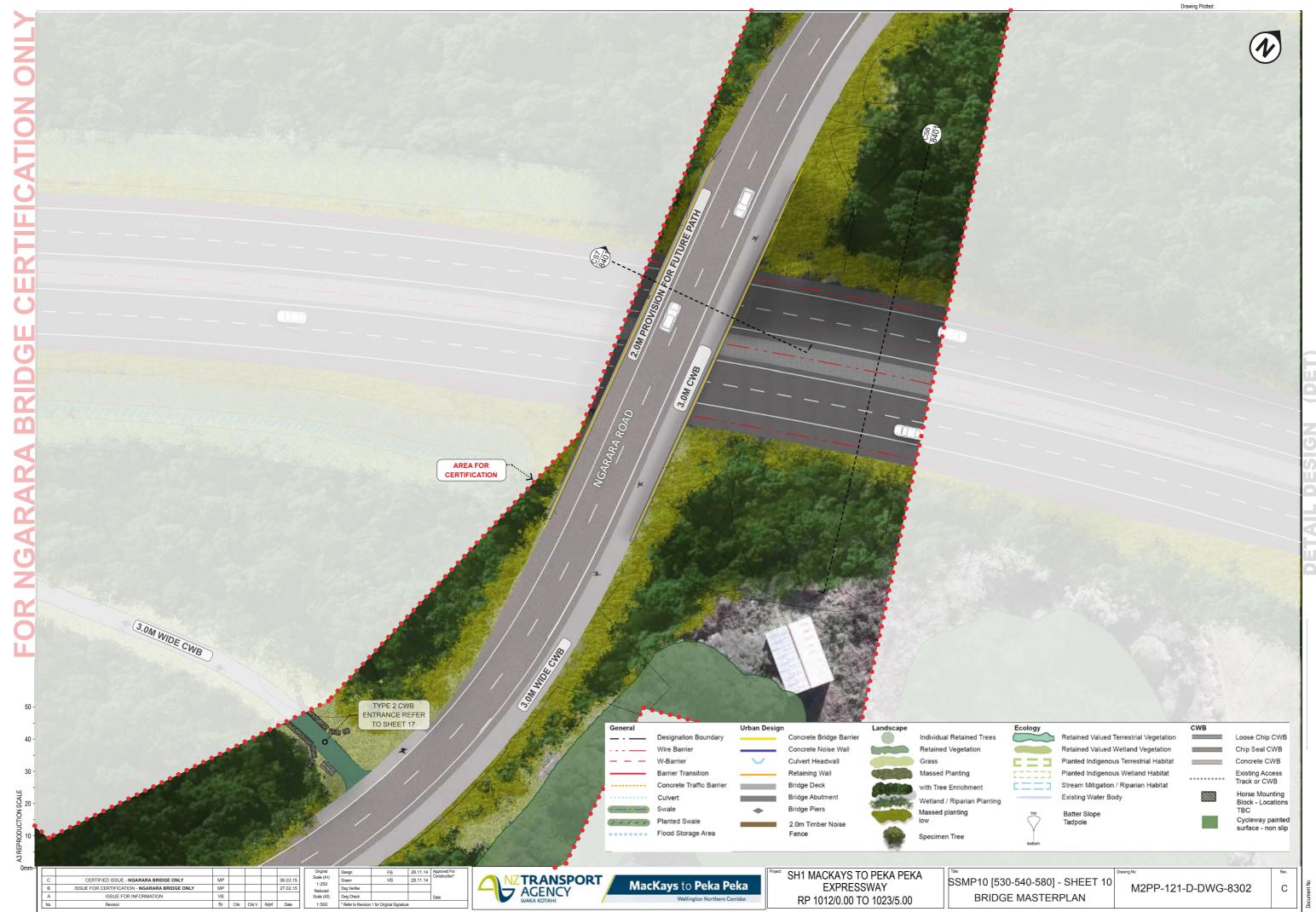
SSMP 10 [530-540-580] - SHEET 1

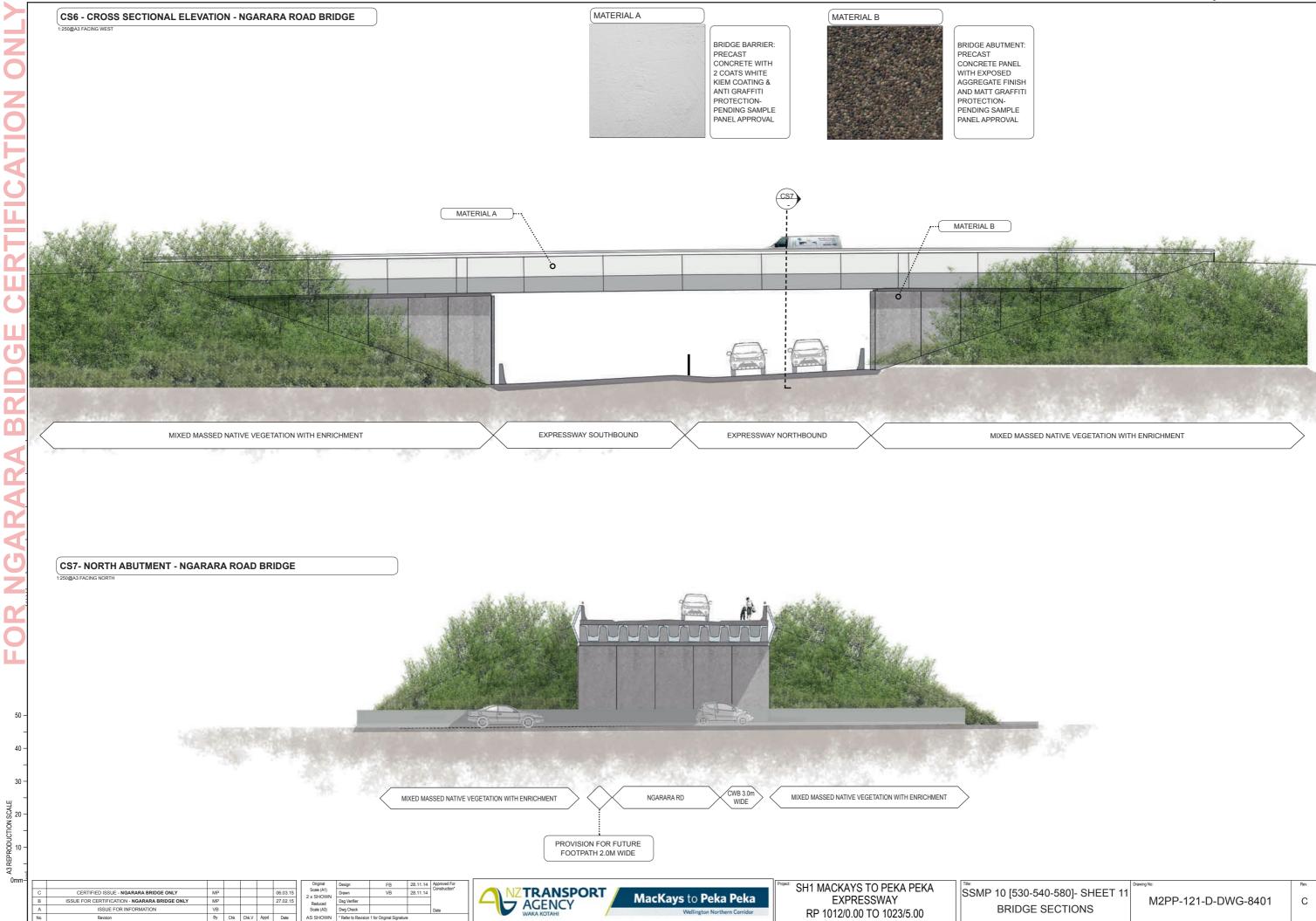
LOCATION PLAN

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PROPOSED VISUALISATION - NGARARA ROAD BRIDGE

m-								Original	D
- 1	С	CERTIFIED ISSUE - NGARARA BRIDGE ONLY	MP				06.03.15	Scale (A1) 2 x SHOWN	D
- 1	В	ISSUE FOR CERTIFICATION - NGARARA BRIDGE ONLY	MP				27.02.15	Reduced	D
- 1	Α	ISSUE FOR INFORMATION	VB					Scale (A3)	D
- 1	No.	Revision	Ву	Chk	Chk.V	Appd	Date	AS SHOWN	*

4	Approved For Construction*	
4	Construction	
	Date	

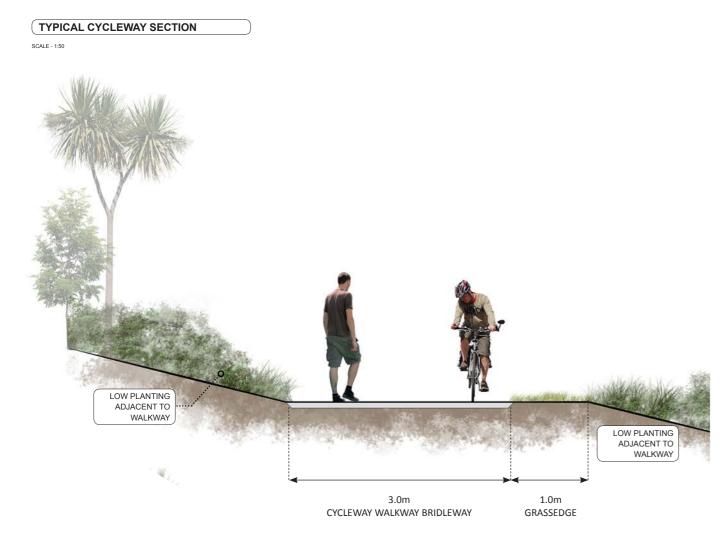
NZ TRANSPORT AGENCY WAKA KOTAHI MacKays to Peka Peka SH1 MACKAYS TO PEKA PEKA EXPRESSWAY RP 1012/0.00 TO 1023/5.00

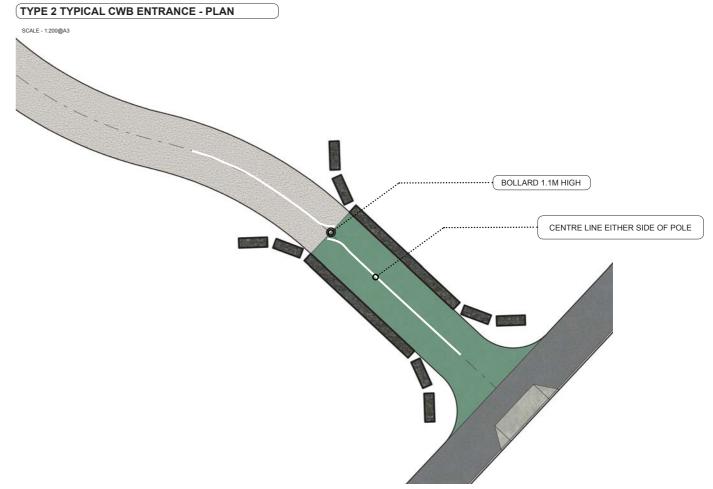
SSMP 10 [530-540-580]- SHEET 12 NGARARA BRIDGE

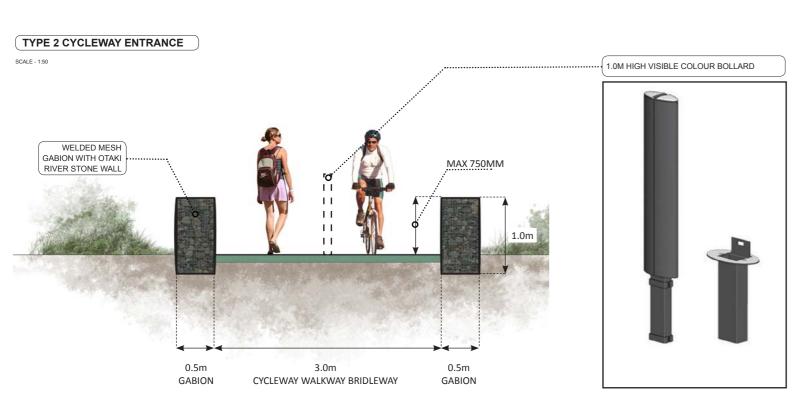
M2PP-121-D-DWG-8801



CERTIFIED ISSUE - NGARARA BRIDGE ONLY









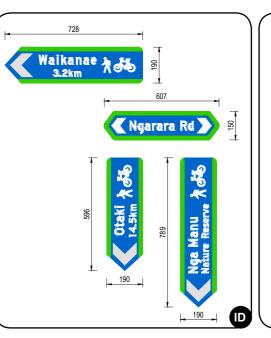
SH1 MACKAYS TO PEKA PEKA **EXPRESSWAY** RP 1012/0.00 TO 1023/5.00

SSMP 10 - SHEET 18 TYPE 2 CWB ENTRANCE M2PP-121-D-DWG-8801

MacKays to Peka Peka

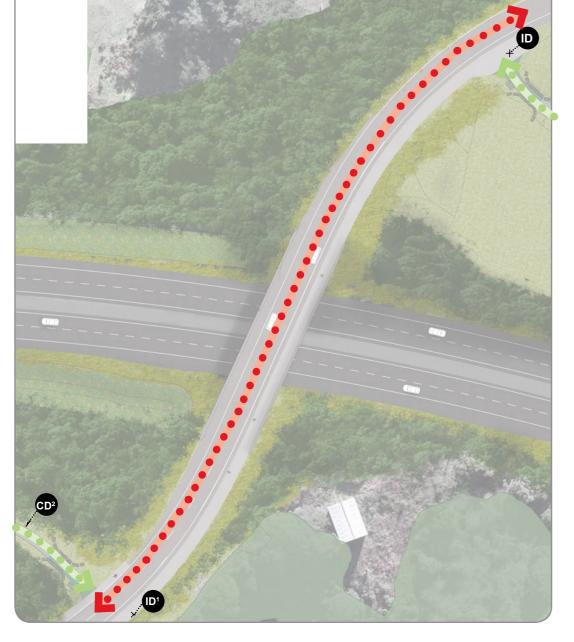
NZTRANSPORT

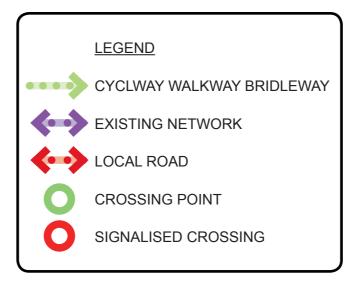
→ AGENCY











1								Original	Design	FB	28.11.14	Approved For Construction*
١	С	CERTIFIED ISSUE - NGARARA BRIDGE ONLY	MP				06.03.15	Scale (A1) 1:500	Drawn	VB	28.11.14	Consulacion
ı	В	ISSUE FOR CERTIFICATION - NGARARA BRIDGE ONLY	MP				27.02.15	Reduced	Dsg Verifier			
ı	Α	ISSUE FOR INFORMATION	VB					Scale (A3)	Dwg Check			Date
ı	No.	Revision	Ву	Chk	Chk.V	Appd	Date	1:1000	* Refer to Revision 1 for Original Signature			



SH1 MACKAYS TO PEKA PEKA EXPRESSWAY RP 1012/0.00 TO 1023/5.00

CWB SIGNAGE

TYPICAL SIGN TYPES:

AI - ADVANCED INFO SIGNS

AT START OF ROUTE. INCLUDES:

- MAP & INFO
- LENGTH & DURATION OF RIDE / WALK

Al - Advance Information Signs are not an essential requirement for public access tracks or cycle routes, nor are they standardised in terms of their design and layout. These signs may, if desired and appropriate, be installed at or near the start point of the route to provide detailed information, such as a map and information about the length and duration to ride etc. These signs should be clearly visible from the road, allowing cyclists and pedestrians a safe place to stop clear of the roadway or cycleway to read the information.

BE - BEGINNING AND ENDING SIGNS





BE - Begins/Ends Signs are used to indicate the start and/or end point of a cycle route. They will include route specific information. Route Begins Signs should be installed on the left hand side of the CWB immediately beyond or adjacent to any advance information sign or at a logical starting point for the cycle route.

(ID - INTERSECTION DIRECTION



 $\ensuremath{\mathbf{ID}}$ - The Intersection Direction Sign is located at or as near as possible to the actual intersection. Should include both Information about the destination and the distance.

Multiple sighs and destinations to be on one post

AD01 - ADVANCED DIRECTION SIGN - ON LOCAL ROAD APPROACHING CWB









AD - The purpose of the Advance Direction Sign is to give cyclists prior warning, to enable them to make decisions and, if necessary, place themselves in the best position to make any change in direction required before they reach the intersection. These signs should be used in any situation where the cyclist could easily miss making a required turn at an approaching intersection.

To occur 40-60m in advance of an intersection and should only include Information about the destination, not the distance.

CD - CONFIRMATION DIRECTION



 $\boldsymbol{C}\boldsymbol{D}$ - The Confirmation Direction Sign is used to confirm the direction/ destination of travel after an intersection it is intended to provide assurance to cyclists. The CD sign features a straight ahead arrow and should include both Information about the destination and the distance.

As a general rule of thumb, these signs should be installed; between 20-50m beyond an intersection where an Advance Direction Sign has been used and should generally be visible from that intersection;

Cyclists should see a CD sign at least every 15-30 minutes of typical cyclist travel, or every 5-10 km.

AD - ADVANCED DIRECTION - ON CWB





AD - The purpose of the Advance Direction Sign is to give cyclists prior warning, to enable them to make decisions and, if necessary, place themselves in the best position to make any change in direction required before they reach the intersection. These signs should be used in any situation where the cyclist could easily miss making a required turn at an approaching intersection.

To occur 40-60m in advance of an intersection and should only include Information about the destination, not the distance.

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LOCAL ROAD INTERSECTION SIGNS



LR + GW - Local road (LR) and Giveway (GW) signs should to be used where the CWB crosses a local road. These are to be located at or as near as possible to the actual intersection. Where possible the LR should be kept to one per intersection and be able to be read by people on either side of the intersection. Both the LR and GW should share the same post and or be incorporateted onto an existing post.

С	CERTIFIED ISSUE - NGARARA BRIDGE ONLY	MP				06.03.15
В	ISSUE FOR CERTIFICATION - NGARARA BRIDGE ONLY	MP				27.02.15
Α	ISSUE FOR INFORMATION	VB				
No.	Revision	By	Chk	Chk.V	Appd	Date

.14	Approved For Construction*	
.14	Construction	
	Date	
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MacKays to Peka Peka

SH1 MACKAYS TO PEKA PEKA **EXPRESSWAY** RP 1012/0.00 TO 1023/5.00

SSMP 8 [480-510] - SHEET 20 TYPICAL SIGNAGE

M2PP-121-D-DWG-8901

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- This guidance does not negate the requirement for the landscape architect to sign off these works prior to spreading topsoil.
- The obligation to round earthwork cuts in the dune country, avoiding a geometric engineered finish, is a requirement of the consent conditions, the UDLF and the LMP (see below).
- Ideally, this shaping should have been incorporated into the earthworks design model, for implementation on site via the Trimble system. However, inclusion of flowing contours proved unworkable in the MX model so it was agreed that 'on site' instruction by the Design Team with the Construction Team was the best approach.
- Earthworks in sector 460 have been completed to a standard that meets the consent design requirements. Consequently, the dune shaping in 460 (depicted at right) is the design standard for 'dune rounding' for the entire M2PP project.

Consent Conditions

Condition DC.57 b) The purpose of each SSLMP shall be to help ensure detailed landscape design of the Project accords with the principles set out in the Urban and Landscape Design Framework (Technical Report 5) in order to achieve the outcomes and standards required under Condition DC.53C, having regard to the local character and context and ecological conditions within each sector or stage of the route. SSLMPs are required for all sectors/stages of the Expressway.

Condition DC.57 f) Each SSLMP shall include details of landscape design, including the following matters: xi) Consideration of:

A. The landforms and character, including streams;

UDLF(Urban Design and Landscape Framework)

The dunes are the 'signature' landforms encountered along the Expressway corridor. In the first instance the route alignment seeks to avoid significant dunes if possible. However, loss or modification of some dunes will be inevitable in places given the confined corridor available and the scale of the Expressway footprint. Integrating the Expressway linear form into the dune landforms is a key design objective.

Design Concept

The dune forms and other natural landform features have been avoided as best they can in the alignment of the Expressway. However, the Expressway will create change to landforms and the approach will be to 'naturalise' the changes as far as practicable, to integrate those changes with local topographical patterns.

Design Principles

The following principles will apply to the landform design:

- 3. Design or modify landforms to acknowledge and reflect the local topographical pattern (scale, orientation, profile).
- Shape (roll off) the tops of cut/ fill faces so the faces integrate with the existing dune profiles as far as practicable and minimise risk of water and wind erosion.
- Shape visual and noise mitigation bunds to appear as 'natural' landform, avoiding engineered appearances unless these forms are a component of a designed 'land art' formation.

LMP(Landscape Management Plan)

Attachment 2: Principles, Methods and Procedures (pg.6)

Ensure finished earthworks physically and visually relate to adjoining landforms and that they reflect the Design Principles as set out in the Urban and Landscape Design Framework.

-Shape noise and visual mitigation bunds to appear as 'natural' landforms where practicable.

- Avoid unnecessary disturbance to natural landforms.

-Re-shaping of dunes to achieve a 'natural' appearance is likely to require extending earthworks into surrounding topography.

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SH1 MACKAYS TO PEKA PEKA EXPRESSWAY RP 1012/0.00 TO 1023/5.00

STANDARD DETAILS DUNE ROUNDING DETAIL

DETAILS Drawing No:

M2PP-23R-D-DWG-8904

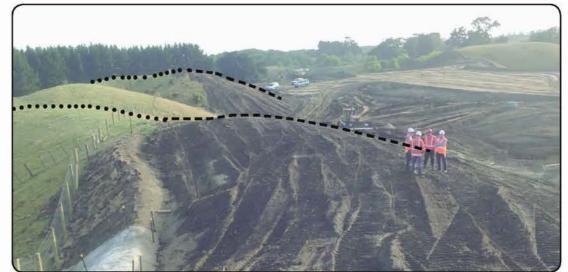
-Natural appearance.

engineered profiles.

Avoid uniform,

Best Practice Examples from Sector 460

Below are examples of successful dune rounding conducted in sector 460 (western side of alignment between approx. chainage 9700-10,000).



-Seamless blending with landforms beyond designation

-Rounding and gradients are a continuation of adjoining landforms



- -Dune rounding at edge of boundary fits with existing profile
- -Rounding and gradients are at a similar character and scale to surrounding landforms
- -Horizontal shaping and undulation with similar character to surrounding dune context

-During dune rounding, form a positive fall across the earthworks and ensure there are no ruts, sags or ground depressions to avoid water collecting and potentially destabilising the slope.



