## SAFE SPEED PROGRAMME TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT FORM

Purpose of this form is to document the technical assessment of a state highway network section to determine the safe and appropriate travel speed.

1. SH1 Spring Creek to Seddon and SH6 Blenheim Urban (extended to Picton)

| Date | $23 / 12 / 2021$ | Revision |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |




## Technical Assessment Summary

## Background

- The scope of the speed assessment was SH1 Spring Creek to Seddon from 01S-0018-B/4.290 to 01S-0043-B/9.606 and SH6 Blenheim Urban from 006-0000-B/0.000 to 006-0000-B/3.060, with a length of 31.5 km and 3.06 km respectively. The total length of corridors assessed is approximately 34.6 km .
- Fourteen homogeneous sections on SH1 from Spring Creek to Seddon and three homogeneous sections on SH6 have been assessed in contrast to the fifteen segments on SH 1 and four segments on SH 6 in MegaMaps.
- SH1 between Spring Creek and the Picton urban areas between 01 S-0018-B/4.290 and 01S-0000-B/0.000 was included a the request of Waka Kotahi. Blue text is used throughout this report to distinguish the assessment of Spring Creek to Picton urban areas from the original SH1 Spring Creek to Seddon and SH6 Blenheim assessment.
- Nine homogeneous sections on SH1 from Spring Creek to Picton have been assessed in contrast to the thirteen segments on SH1 in MegaMaps.
- The new Ōpaoa River Bridge constructed on SH1 north of Blenheim has recently opened to traffic. Therefore, this technical assessment assesses the Safe and Appropriate Assessed Speed (SaAS) based on a desktop assessment of available information' and recommended speed of the new bridge instead of the old bridge that is proposed to be used as a shared cycleway and footpath. The outcomes of this assessment could be further refined with a site visit of the now completed bridge or review of the as-built design plans.
- Excluding the new ōpaoa River Bridge, the road environment has been assessed on the existing environment. Currently, no projects have been proposed along the corridor.
- Marlborough District Council Speed Limit Amendment Bylaw 2021 Speed limits of some local roads in Marlborough have been changed on April 2021. The corridors were based on those identified as the top $10 \%$ that would benefit from speed management.
The following corridors along and near SH1 have been changed from Marlborough 2021 speed management:

| Road Name | Old Speed Limit (km/h) | Current Speed Limit (km/h) | Location |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| London Quay | 50 | 30 | Full length. In Picton. |
| High Street | 50 | 30 | Between London Quay <br> and Waikawa Road, Picton |
| Wellington Street | 50 | 60 | Between London Quay <br> and Waikawa Road, Picton |
| Hunter Road | 80 | $70 \times 80$ |  |

## Summary

- New speed limits on the SH1 Blenheim to Nelson route have been introduced in 2020. SH1 Picton to Seddon and SH6 Blenheinh yrban speed limit review is being carried out in this assessment. It is noted that SH62 has not been included for a speed limit review but for network consistency in this area, a speed limit review for this route is also recommended.
- State Highway 1 Picton to Spring Creek
o Sections N1, N2 and N3 are within the urban area of Picton.
o Section N1 through a commercial big box area of Picton has a SaAS of $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$, which is considered appropriate given the current road environment and a moderate level of pedestrian activities.
o Section N2 is mostly an intersection and a bridge with limited accesses, and has an assessed SaAS of $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. However, given that the historical crash does not show any outstanding safety issues and the level of pedestrian

[^0]activity along this section of the road is expected to be relatively low, retaining the current speed limit of $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is considered more appropriate.
o Section N3 through an urban residential area of Picton and has a SaAS of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. However, the existing speed limit of $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ should be retained, given the land use and access density.

- Sections N4 to N7 through a rural residential area between Picton and Tuamarina have a SaAS of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$, which is considered appropriate for the undivided road environment and straight / curved alignment.
o N8 is a rural town area of Tuamarina and has a SaAS of $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ due to the medium safety matrix risk and medium IRR band. However, a speed limit of $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ may not have good compliance without significant changes to the current road environment. A speed limit of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is considered more appropriate given that only one side of the road has developments along the frontage of the road, and there are relatively low-level pedestrian activities on SH1. Some improvements are also proposed alongside the speed limit change to make this section safer.
o N8A is a subsection of N8 for Tua Marina School (Year 1-8) on Hunter Road. There is an existing school zone with active LED school warning signs, implemented on SH1 from $01 \mathrm{~S}-0018-\mathrm{B} / 1.068$ to $01 \mathrm{~S}-0018-\mathrm{B} / 1.310$. The speed limit along this section is proposed to be dropped from $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ to $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ due to the proposed speed limit of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ for Section N8. No speed limit variable zone is proposed for this section because the school is on the side road. It is expected that the major activities around the school will be vehicle movements accessing Hunter Road for picking up and dropping off the students.
o N9 through a rural residential area between Tuamarina and Spring Creek has a SaAS of $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$, which is considered appropriate for a relatively straight and flat alignment with wide shoulders and overall moderate roadside hazards.
- State Highway 1 Spring Creek to Seddon
o Section 1 through a rural town area of Spring Creek has a SaAS of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$, however as this is expected to be an area with some vulnerable road users (cyclists and pedestrians) and the existing speed limit is $70 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$, so $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is considered more appropriate.
o Section 2 through a rural residential area between Spring Creek and Grovetown has a SaAS of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ which is considered appropriate for the rural residential environment.
o Section 3 through a rural residential area between Grovetown and Blenheim has a SaAS of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$, which is appropriate given this is not expected to be an area with high numbers of vulnerable road users.
o Section 4 through the new ōpaoa River Bridge has a SaAS of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. Given there is not much information of the new bridge from available sources, the assessment uses assumed features to assess SaAS of this section. The section extents and SaAS may change when more information of the section features is available. A speed limit of $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is recommended as the bridge is considered an ideal speed change threshold location and it will lower travel speeds prior to Section 5 which has the recommended speed limit of $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. While this could be also be posted as a $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ or $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$, a single consistent speed limit of $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is recommended to prevent multiple changes in speed limits and reduce overall speeds at the southern end of the bridge approaching Blenheim.
o Section 5 has a SaAS of $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ which is appropriate for the commercial big box environment with a high number of vulnerable road users and on street parking expected. Remarking the wide lanes to a narrow width, horizontal and vertical deflection and urban road furniture should be considered to make the proposed speed more understandable.
Section 6 through an urban residential area of Blenheim has a SaAS of $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$, which is considered appropriate in an area without a high number of vulnerable road users.
o Section 7 through a rural residential area between Blenheim and Riverlands has a SaAS of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ which is appropriate in an area with some private dwellings, a footpath and potentially some cycling and pedestrian crossing movements.
o Section 8 SaAS through Riverlands has been assessed as $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$, which is considered appropriate for the rural town environment in an area with frequent residential accessways, narrow road reserve, a major intersection and a school (Riverlands School) in the vicinity.
o Section 9 through a short rural residential area and adjacent to Riverlands has a SaAS of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. A speed limit of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is recommended instead. The short section includes a few houses, the existing speed limit is $70 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ and there is insufficient space to place threshold signs near the intersection due to the constraints of the railway
and fences on both sides of the road. The eastern section boundary is close to a major intersection with Alabama Road and the section can be used as a buffer for drivers in the decreasing direction to slow down before reaching out to the intersection.
o Section 10 SaAS has been assessed as $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ which is appropriate for the rural residential environment with curved alignment.
o Section 11 SaAS has been assessed as $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ which is appropriate for the open rural residential environment with winding, inclined and narrow alignment and high-risk roadside hazards.
o Section 12 SaAS has been assessed as $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ which is appropriate for the open rural residential environment with a relatively straight and flat alignment with wide shoulders and moderate roadside hazards.
o Section 13 SaAS has been assessed as $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. It goes through a rural town area of Seddon. The assessed speed is appropriate in an area without a high number of vulnerable road users, no commercial activity and wide shoulders.
o Section 14 SaAS has been assessed as $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. It goes through a rural town area of Seddon with a mixture of residential development and some shops facing to the road. A speed limit of $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is recommended given it is an area with some pedestrian crossing movements expected and a school (Seddon School) nearby. Seddon School (Year 1-8) has a road frontage onto SH 1 but the access of the school is not on the State Highway and far enough to not set a school speed zone on SHI.
- SH6 Blenheim Urban
o Section 15 SaAS has been assessed as $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ which is considered appropriate in an area with commercial big box land use in the CBD based on the Speed Management Guide, Table 2.1.
o Section 16 SaAS has been assessed as $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. A speed limit of $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is recommended instead because on street parking, uncontrolled pedestrian crossings and pedestrian movements are expected given there is a school nearby (Marlborough Girls' College) and housing on both sides of the highway. Also, the existing speed limit is $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$.
o Section 16A is a subsection of Section 16, where Marlborough Girl's College (Year 9-13) has a $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ school speed zone variable speed limit (VSL) implemented on SH6 Blenheim Urban (006-0000-B/1.000 to 006-0000$B / 1.420$ ).
o Section 17 SaAS has been assessed as $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ which is appropriate for an urban residential area with some commercial activity.
- School Zones
o There are several schools identified along the corridor or in the vicinity but none of them require new variable speed limit school zones on the State Highway.
- Proposed Infrastructure Improvements
o Proposed infrastructure improvements for section N8:
- The curve at the intersection of Bush Road and SH1 should be delineated by WYC1 chevron curve indicator signs to help southbound drivers identify the curve.
- The WYT3 chevron board should be installed at the intersection of Bush Road and SH1 to help drivers to recognise the intersection ahead.
udig tactile pavement (ATP) centrelines along the rural section with a proposed speed limit of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ and above are recommended to reduce the head-on crash risk for Section N4-N7, Section N9, Section 2 and Section 10. ATP edgelines are also recommended for the sections where shoulder width is sufficient to reduce the run-off road risk but more detailed assessment will be required.
Traffic calming is recommended for Blenheim commercial big box area to support $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ environment.
o Speed limit repeater signs are recommended to raise drivers' awareness for Section N6, Section 3 and Section 8. Given Section 8 goes through a rural town area, residential zone signs are recommended for this section as well.


| Network Section <br> No. | State <br> Highway | Route Position |  | Length (km) | Corridor ID <br> (MegaMaps <br> Edition III) | Physical Description | Posted Speed <br> Limit | Safe and Appropriate Speed (MegaMaps Edition III) |  | Recommended Speed Limit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Start | End |  |  |  |  |  | and Appropriate Speed Limit |  |
| N7 | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 01 \text { S-0000- } \\ & \text { B/7.830 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 01 \mathrm{~S}-0018 \text { - } \\ & \mathrm{B} / 0.699 \end{aligned}$ | 10.517 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 01S_2916, } \\ & \text { 01S_67816 } \end{aligned}$ | Rural state highway with a curved alignment between Koromiko and Tuamarina | $100$ |  | 80 | 80 |
| N8 | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S-0018- } \\ & \text { B/0.699 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}-0018 \text { - } \\ & \mathrm{B} / 1.407 \end{aligned}$ | 0.708 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S_67546, } \\ & \text { 01S_67553 } \end{aligned}$ | Rural state highway with a curved alignment through Tuamarina which is a rural town |  |  | 50 | 60 |
| N8A | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & 015-0018- \\ & B / 1.068 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 015-0018- \\ & B / 1.310 \end{aligned}$ | 0.242 | 01S_67553 | Existing Tua Marina School Zone with active LED school warning signs Subsection of section N8 | 80 | /A | N/A | 60 |
| N9 | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}-0018- \\ & \mathrm{B} / 1.407 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S-0018- } \\ & \text { B/4.290 } \end{aligned}$ | 2.883 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S_67555, } \\ & \text { 01S_67307, } \\ & \text { 01S_67513 } \end{aligned}$ | Rural state highway with a straight alignment between Tuamarina and Spring Creek | 100 | 00 | 100 | 100 |
| 1 | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}-0018 \text { - } \\ & \mathrm{B} / 4.290 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}-0018- \\ & \mathrm{B} / 4.894 \end{aligned}$ | 0.60 | 01S_67654 | Rural state highway with a straight alignment, Spring Creek | 70 |  | 80 | 60 |
| 2 | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}-0018- \\ & \mathrm{B} / 4.894 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S-0018- } \\ & \text { B/6.800 } \end{aligned}$ | 1.91 | 01S_67565 | Rural state highway with a straight alignment, from Spring Creek to Grovetown | 100 |  | 80 | 80 |
| 3 | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}-0018 \text { - } \\ & \mathrm{B} / 6.800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S-0018- } \\ & \text { B/8.825 } \end{aligned}$ | 2.03 | 015-67565, 01s_67407 | Rural state highway with a straight alignment, from Grovetown to Blenheim | 100 |  | 80 | 80 |
| 4 | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}-0018- \\ & \mathrm{B} / 8.825 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S-0018- } \\ & \text { B/9.300 } \end{aligned}$ | $0.48$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S_67407, } \\ & \text { 01S_67340 } \end{aligned}$ | Urban state highway with a curved alignment, new ōpaoa River Bridge | 50 |  | 60 | 40 |



|  |  | Route Position |  |  | Corridor ID (MegaMaps <br> Edition III) | Physical Description | Posted <br> Speed <br> Limit | Safe and Appropriate Speed (MegaMaps Edition III) |  | Recommended Speed Limit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Section <br> No. | Highway | Start | End | (km) |  |  |  |  | and Appropriate Speed Limit |  |
| 14 | 01S | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S-0043- } \\ & \text { B/8.875 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S-0043- } \\ & \text { B/9.606 } \end{aligned}$ | 0.73 | 01S_67523 | Rural state highway with a curved alignment, a rural town area of Seddon with shops and school nearby | $50$ |  | 60 | 50 |
| 15 | 006 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 006-0000- } \\ & \text { B/0 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 006-0000- } \\ & \text { B/0.400 } \end{aligned}$ | 0.40 | 006_77123 | Urban state highway with a straight alignment, a commercial big box area of Blenheim | 50 |  | 40 | 40 |
| 16 | 006 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 006-0000- } \\ & \text { B/0.400 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 006-0000- } \\ & \text { B/1.572 } \end{aligned}$ | 1.18 | 006_76344 | Urban state highway with a Straight alignment, an urban residential area of Blenheim | 50 |  | 60 | 50 |
| 16A | 006 | $\begin{aligned} & 006-0000- \\ & B / 0.989 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 006-0000- \\ & B / 1.422 \end{aligned}$ | 0.433 | 006_76344 | Existing Marlborough Girls' College <br> School Zone VSL <br> Subsection of section 16 | 40/50 | /A | 40 School Zone VSL | $N / A$ |
| 17 | 006 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 006-0000- } \\ & \text { B/1.572 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 006-0000- } \\ & \text { B/3.060 } \end{aligned}$ | 1.49 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 006_77121, } \\ & 006 \_77126 \end{aligned}$ | Urban state highway with a straight alignment, an urban residential area of Blenheim with some commercial developments | 50 |  | 50 | 50 |

## Note:

- The corridor IDs in MegaMaps Edition II and MegaMaps Edition III are different. The corridor IDs for this technical assessment are obtained from MegaMaps Edition III.

 SaAS with Edition II data.
- This assessment uses corridor editor to obtain the assessed SaAS.
- The distance from the left and right side of the road to roadside hazards is measured respectively from the left and right edge line.
- The SaAS under Speed Management Framework 2020 in MegaMaps Edition III is used to compare with the assessed SaAS in this assessment.
jabley

Assigned NZTA representative to review technical assessment and provide feedback on the findings and confirmation or otherwise of the above assessment

NZTA Summary and Recommendation
Assigned NZTA representative to provide recommendation of the assessment.


SH1 Picton to Spring Creek.
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DISCLAIMER: This map is subject to Abley's Output Terms and Conditions, please refer to http:/www.abley.com/output-terms-and-conditions-1-1/ for more information
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6. Homogeneous Network Segment Review Summary
6.1 Homogeneous sections - State Highway 1 Spring Creek to Seddon


| Network <br> Segment <br> No. | State Highway | Route Position |  | Length (km) | Corridor ID <br> (MegaMaps <br> Edition III) | Match? <br> Yes/No | State reasons why assessed section does not match MegaMaps Edition III section |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Start | End |  |  |  |  |
| N1 | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \text { S-0000- } \\ & \text { B/O } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S-0000- } \\ & \text { B/0.430 } \end{aligned}$ | 0.430 | 01S_67582 | No | Two-lane undivided road with straight alignment through an urban area of Picton. There are commercial activities on both sides of the road, with both on-street and on-site parking provided. <br> A typical cross section is shown below. <br> The curtent MegaMaps end point of Corridor 01S_67582 is $01 \mathrm{~S}-0000-\mathrm{B} / 0.539$, which is the intersection of S\$1 and Broadway. The MegaMaps end point should be moved to $01 \mathrm{~S}-0000-\mathrm{B} / 0.430$ as it is the location where the land use changes from commercial big box to a section with no accesses. |
| N2 | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \text { S-0000- } \\ & \text { B/0.430 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S-0000- } \\ & \text { B/0.666 } \end{aligned}$ | 0.236 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S_67582, } \\ & \text { 01S_67600 } \end{aligned}$ | $10$ $0$ | Two-lane undivided road with a curved alignment. It is considered as a separate section because there are no accesses along this section but there is an important and complicated intersection as well as a railway crossing. <br> A cross section is shown below. |




| Network Segment No. | State <br> Highway | Route Position |  | Length (km) | Corridor ID <br> (MegaMaps <br> Edition III) | Match? <br> Yes/No | State reasons why assessed section does not match MegaMaps Edition III section |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Start | End |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | The current MegaMaps end point of Corridor 01S_6740.6 is considered appropriate to reflect the alignment change from a curved alignment to a straight alignment. |
| N5 | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S-0000- } \\ & \text { B/5.290 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S-0000- } \\ & \text { B/6.682 } \end{aligned}$ | 1.392 | 01S_2916 | No | Two-lane undivided road with a straight alighment going through a rural residential area with limited number of accesses along the corridor. <br> A typical cross section is shown below <br> The current MegaMaps end point of Corridor 01S_2916 is $01 \mathrm{~S}-0000-\mathrm{B} / 16.560$. It is recommended that the Corridor 01S_2916 is divided into three segments to reflect the change of alignment and the change of access density. <br> The first segment end point at $01 \mathrm{~S}-0000-\mathrm{B} / 6.682$ is recommended because it is where the place name sign "Koromiko" is located, and the drivers would be able to see the road environment change from this point. |
| N6 | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S-0000- } \\ & \text { B/6.682 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S-0000- } \\ & \text { B/7.830 } \end{aligned}$ | $148$ | 01S_2916 | No | Two-lane undivided road with a straight alignment going through a rural residential area of Koromiko with a relatively moderate density of accesses along the corridor. <br> A typical cross section is shown below. |



| Network Segment No. | State Highway | Route Position |  | Length (km) | Corridor ID <br> (MegaMaps <br> Edition III) | Match? <br> Yes/No |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Start | End |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | It combines the partial segment of MegaMaps Corrider 01S_2916 and the Corridor 01S_67816. The end point of Corridor 01S_67816 is 01S-0018-B/0.699, where the existing 80/100 speed threshold is. The end point of Corridor 01S_67816 is considered appropriate given the land use changes from rural residential to rural town. |
| N8 | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}-0018 \text { - } \\ & \text { B/0.699 } \end{aligned}$ | 01S-0018- <br> B/1.407 | $0.708$ | 01S_67546, 01S_67553 | No | Two-lane undivided road with a curved alignment going through a rural town area of Tuamarina. <br> There is a school zone with active school warning signs at the intersection of SH1S and Hunter Road for Tua Marina School on Hunter Road. This is a primary school, with approximately 130 students in 2021. It is expected that the intersection is busy during school travel periods as there will be many vehicle turning movements topick up/drop off students at the school. <br> A photo below shows the highest level of roadside development along this section. <br> MegaMaps Corridor 01S_67546 and 01S_67553 should be combined to reflect the rural town land use. The end point of Corridor 01S_67553 is 01S-0018-B/1.407 which is very close to the existing 80/100 speed limit threshold at $01 \mathrm{~S}-0018-\mathrm{B} / 1.414$. The current speed limit threshold location is considered appropriate and should be retained. |





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| Network Segment <br> No. | State <br> Highway | Route Position |  | Length (km) | Corridor ID |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Start | End |  | Edition III) | Yes/No |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | ( | intermittently provided along this section. Pedestrian crossing facilities are provided, and frequent pedestrian crossing activity is expected. <br> The MegaMaps end point of the section is $01 \mathrm{~S}-0028-\mathrm{B} / 1.110$, which is the middle of Stuart Rd / SH1 intersection and considered not appropriate to place the speed limit sign. In addition, it is more apparent that the land use changes from Dunbeath Street; therefore, the end point at 01S-0028-B/1.220 is proposed. <br> Blenheim is classified as a medium urban area by Stats NZ while the start point of MegaMaps segment does not align with the location of the urban / rural area boundary identified by Stats NZ. <br> The typical cross section is shown below. |
| 6 | 015 | 01S-0028- <br> B/1. 220 | 01S-0028- <br> B/1.637 | $0.42$ | 01S_67346 |  | Two-lane undivided road with straight alignment. Urban area of Blenheim with residential development. Parallel on-street parking allowed along the section. The pedestrian crossing activity is expected to be less than the previous section. <br> The MegaMaps segment's end point of the section is approximately $01 \mathrm{~S}-0028-B / 1.550$, which is the middle of Lybster Street / SH1 intersection, while the existing 50/70 speed limit threshold is at 01S-$0028-B / 1.637$. The location of the existing speed limit threshold is considered more appropriate as the end point, given the land use changes from urban residential to rural. In addition, the position of the threshold aligns with the Stats NZ Urban/Rural boundary. <br> The typical cross section is shown below. |


|  | State <br> Highway | Route Position |  | Length <br> (km) | Corridor ID <br> (MegaMaps <br> Edition III) | Match? <br> Yes/No | State reasons why assessed section does not match MegaMaps Edition III section |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Start | End |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}-0028- \\ & \mathrm{B} / 1.637 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}-0028 \text { - } \\ & \mathrm{B} / 2.520 \end{aligned}$ | 0.88 | 01S_67379 | No | Two lane undivided road with relatively straight alignment. Rural residential area between urban area of Blenheim and Riverlands. A few pedestrian crossing activities are present along the section, given footpaths are provided on both sides for a short section from 0028-B/0.199 to 0028-B/0.211, and there is a crosswalk sign in increasing direction. <br> It is a subsection of MegaMaps segment 01S_67379. The end point of MegaMaps segment is approximately at $01 \mathrm{~S}-0028-B / 3.100$ while it is considered more appropriate to have the end point at $01 \mathrm{~S}-0028-\mathrm{B} / 2.520$, given there is apparent land use change from rural residential (farms) to rural town (residential dwellings, more development). <br> The typical cross section is shown below. |

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|  | State Highway | Route Position |  | Length (km) | Corridor ID <br> (MegaMaps <br> Edition III) | Match? <br> Yes/No | State reasons why assessed section does not match MegaMaps Edition III section |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Start | End |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}-0028 \text { - } \\ & \mathrm{B} / 3.080 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S-0028- } \\ & \text { B/3.658 } \end{aligned}$ | 0.58 | 01S_67295 | Yes | Two-lane undivided with relatively straight alignment. Rural residential area of Riverlands. <br> From the intersection, the right side of the section in increasing direction is controlled access due to the railways adjacent to the road, while the left side of the section in increasing direction has the land use of rural residential with some accessways to the private dwellings. <br> The end point of the MegaMaps segment 01S_67295 is at approximately $01 \mathrm{~S}-0028-\mathrm{B} / 3.670$ is very closed to the existing $70 / 100$ threshold at $01 \mathrm{~S}-0028-\mathrm{B} / 3.658$. The existing location of the threshold is considered appropriate to be the end point of the homogeneous section. <br> The typical cross section is shown below. |



| Network Segment No. | State <br> Highway | Route Position |  | Length (km) | Corridor ID <br> (MegaMaps <br> Edition III) | Match? <br> Yes/No | State reasons why assessed section does not match MegaMaps Edition III section |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Start | End |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}-0028- \\ & \mathrm{B} / 12.105 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S-0043- } \\ & \text { B/0 } \end{aligned}$ | 3.65 | 01S_2924 | No | Two-lane undivided with winding alignment. Rural residential area between Riverlands and Seddon. <br> This is a subsection of the MegaMaps segment 01S_2924. The end point at 01S-0043-B/0 is considered appropriate, given the alignment changes from winding to relatively straight. <br> The typical cross section is shown belowe |
| 12 | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S-0043- } \\ & \text { B/0 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}-0043- \\ & \mathrm{B} / 8.180 \end{aligned}$ | 8.18 | 01S_2924, <br> 01S_2925, <br> 01S_67556 |  | Two-lane undivided with relatively straight alignment. Rural residential area between Riverlands and Seddon. <br> This section contains three MegaMaps segments: 01S_2924, 01S_2925, 01S_67556. The segment end point is approximately at $01 \mathrm{~S}-0043-\mathrm{B} / 8.45$ while the existing $60 / 100$ threshold is at $01 \mathrm{~S}-0043-\mathrm{B} / 8.180$. It is considered more appropriate to move the end point to $01 \mathrm{~S}-0043-\mathrm{B} / 8.180$ in order to align with the existing threshold given the existing speed threshold meets the changes in land uses. <br> The typical cross section is shown below. |



| Network Segment No. | State Highway | Route Position |  | Length (km) | Corridor ID <br> (MegaMaps <br> Edition III) | Match? <br> Yes/No | State reasons why assessed section does not match MegaMaps Edition III section |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Start | End |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S-0043- } \\ & \text { B/8.875 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S-0043- } \\ & \text { B/9.606 } \end{aligned}$ | 0.73 | 01S_67523 | Yes | Two-lane undivided with curved alignment. Rural town area of Seddon. Travel through the town centre. Seddon School on Redwood Street can be accessed from the intersection with Newcome Street and intersection with Marama Road. Seddon School Variable Speed Limit School Zone shall be set up in the vicinity (Redwood Street and Foster Street) but it is considered not necessary to set up a VSL school zone on SH 1 given the school access is far enough from SH 1 . <br> The existing speed threshold is at $07 \mathrm{~S}-0043-B / 9.606$ which is considered appropriate as the section end point, given the drivers from both directions have enough sight distance to observe the speed change and land use changes from rural town to rural residential at this position. Besides, it is consistent with the existing 50/100 speed limit threshold. <br> The typical cross section is shown below. |
| End <br> Point | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01S-0043- } \\ & \text { B/9.606 } \end{aligned}$ | NA | NA |  | Yes | Two-lane undivided with curved alignment. Rural residential area on south of Seddon. <br> The typical cross section is shown below. |


6.2 Homogeneous sections -State Highway 6 Blenheim Urban


| 15 | 006 | $\begin{aligned} & 006-0000- \\ & \text { B/0 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 006-0000- } \\ & \text { B/0.400 } \end{aligned}$ | 0.40 | 006_77123 | Yes | Two-lane undivided with a flush median and straight alignment. Commercial big box area of Blenheim. Car parking on sites are usually provided with parallel on-street car parking allowed. Frequent pedestrian crossing activity is expected. Pedestrian refuges are available on legs of roundabouts. <br> The end point of the MegaMaps segment is approximately at 006-0000-B/0.4000 which is considered appropriate given there is apparent land use change from commercial big box / industrial to urban residential; in addition, the road stereotype changes from divided to undivided. <br> The typical cross section is shown below. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 | 006 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 006-0000- } \\ & \text { B/0.400 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 006-0000- } \\ & \text { B/1.572 } \end{aligned}$ | 1.18 | 006_76344 | Yes | Two-lane undivided with straight alignment. Urban residential area of Blenheim. Frequent pedestrian crossing is expected. Pedestrian crossing facilities are provided along the section. <br> There is an existing Marlborough Girl's College Variable Speed Limit zone from 006-0000-B/1.000 to 006-0000-B/1.420. <br> The end point of the MegaMaps segment 006_9434 is approximately at 006-0000-B/1.575 which is considered appropriate as the end point given there is an apparent land use change from urban residential to commercial big box / industrial. <br> The typical cross section is shown below. |



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| Network Section <br> No. | Classification <br> Method <br> (Urban or Rural) | Network <br> Function / <br> Feature | Road Safety Metric | Infrastructure Risk Rating | Assessed <br> Safe and Appropriate Speed | Comment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Urban | National strategic - <br> Urban state highway | Iow <br> Collective <br> Risk and low <br> medium <br> Personal <br> Risk | 1.87 (low medium) | 40km/h | Note that the SaAS is assessed using Speed Management Guide 2016 Table 2.2. The assessed IRR is not consistent with the Megamaps IRR or SaAS. The section is undivided through a commercial big box area of Picton with a sthaight alignment and severe roadside hazards. Shoulders on both sides of the road are used for on-street parking. The commercial strip shopping corridor in Picton is High Street, Whieh is on the next block and parallel to SH1. <br> The historical Crashdata does not show any outstanding safety issues on this section of the road. A moderate level of pedestrian activities are expected along this section. Therefore, it is considered that $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is appropriate given the current road environment and the moderate level of pêdes fiañ activities. |
| N2 | Urban | National strategic Urban state highway | Iow <br> Collective <br> Risk and low <br> Personal <br> Risk | 1.53 (low) |  | that the SaAS is assessed using Speed Management Guide 2016 Table 2.2. The assessed IRR js not consistent with the MegaMaps IRR or the SaAS. The section is mostly an intersection (and a level crossing) and a bridge with limited accesses. <br> The level of the pedestrian activities along this section of the road is expected to be low to moderate, given there is no access to the development on both sides of the road. <br> The current speed limit along this section is $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. Although the section has a complicated intersection with rail crossing, the historical crash data does not show any outstanding safety issues along this section under the current speed limit. <br> Given the above, $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is considered more appropriate than $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. |
| N3 | Urban | National strategic Urban state highway | Iow medium Collective Risk and medium Personal Risk | 81 (low medium) | $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> assessed, <br> 50km/h <br> recommended | The assessed IRR was calculated by using IRR manual, updated tables for the Speed Management Guide and Determine Safety Risk Practitioners Spreadsheet as Corridor Editor showed "Invalid Segment" error and did not work for assessing this section. <br> The assessed IRR is not consistent with the MegaMaps IRR or the SaAS. The section is undivided through an urban residential area with a straight alignment. The existing speed limit is $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ and should be retained given the urban residential land use and high access density. |


| Network <br> Section <br> No. | Classification <br> Method <br> (Urban or Rural) | Network <br> Function / <br> Feature | Road Safety Metric | Infrastructure Risk Rating | Assessed <br> Safe and Appropriate Speed | Comment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N4 | Rural | National <br> strategic - <br> Rural state <br> highway | medium <br> Collective <br> Risk and <br> medium <br> Personal <br> Risk | 1.47 (medium) | $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | The assessed IRR is consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band and the SaAS. The section is undivided through a rural residential area with cunved alignment and high to minor roadside hazards. There have been intermittent roadside bânjiers, along the corridor where the roadside hazard risk is high and it is feasible to install. <br> The speed limit of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ © Considered appropriate given that the historical crashes show that there has been a high risk of head-on and lost control crashes due to the curved alignment and high speed environnment. <br> There are ATP centreline markings applied along the passing lane just on the south of Picton. ATP markings âte recommended over long lengths for all the rural residential sections with a proposed speed fimit of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ and above to reduce head-on crash risk and discourage inadvertent crossing behayiguts? |
| N5 | Rural | National <br> strategic - <br> Rural state <br> highway | medium <br> high <br> Collective <br> Risk and <br> high <br> Personal <br> Risk | $1.05 \text { (low }$ <br> medium) | $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | The assessed IRR is consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band and the SaAS. The section is undivided through a rural residential area with straight alignment and moderate to minor roadside hazards. There have been intermittent roadside barriers along the corridor where the roadside hazard risk is high and it is feasible to install. <br> The speed limit of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is considered appropriate given that the section has a history of a fatal crash and injury crashes even though it is a short and relatively straight section. There has been a risk of lost control and head-on crashes. <br> ATP markings are recommended for this section with the proposed speed limit of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. ATP markings will reduce the head-on crash risk and run-off road risk. |
| N6 | Rural | National strategic Rural state highway | Jow <br> Collective <br> Risk and low <br> Personal <br> Risk | 23 (medium) | $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | The assessed IRR is consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band and the SaAS. The section is undivided through a rural residential area with straight alignment and high to minor roadside hazards. <br> The speed limit of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is considered appropriate given that the section has many accessways along the eastern side of the road and the roadside hazard on the eastern side of the road is high. ATP markings are recommended for this section with the proposed speed limit of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. ATP markings will reduce the head-on crash risk and run-off road risk. |


| Network Section <br> No. | Classification <br> Method <br> (Urban or Rural) | Network <br> Function / <br> Feature | Road Safety <br> Metric | Infrastructure Risk Rating | Assessed Safe and Appropriate Speed | Comment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Given there are more developments on the frontage of the road, it is recommended that speed limit repeater signs be installed on both ends of the section to raise drivers' awareness. |
| N7 | Rural | National strategic Rural state highway | medium <br> Collective <br> Risk and low <br> medium <br> Personal <br> Risk | 1.44 (medium) | 80km/h | The assessed IRR is consistent whe the thamaps IRR band and the SaAS. The section is undivided through a rural residential are yith eurved alignment and moderate roadside hazards. <br> The speed limit of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ s considered appropriate given that the historical crashes show that there has been a high isk of head-on and lost control crashes due to the curved alignment and high speed environment. <br> There are ATP Fentreline markings applied along with the majority of the section. More ATP markings are regommended for this section with the proposed speed limit $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. ATP markings will reduce the head-on crash risk and run-off road risk. |
| N8 | Rural | National <br> strategic - <br> Rural town | medium <br> Collective <br> Risk and medium <br> Personal <br> Risk | 2.12 (medium) | $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> assessed, <br> $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> recommende | The assessed IRR is consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band and the SaAS. The section is undivided igh Tuamarina, a rural town with curved alignment and high to severe roadside hazards. <br> A speed limit of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is recommended over $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ in this road environment. The speed limit of $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is unlikely to get good compliance due to the rural town land use and low level of pedestrian activity. The current mean operating speed of the section is $75 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}-80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. If a speed limit of $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is proposed, new infrastructure, such as pedestrian refuge islands in the middle to create visual narrowing, streetlights, and a footpath along the road with more accessways will be required to make the road environment self-explaining. <br> There have been 6 injury crashes ( 1 serious and 5 minor injury crashes) over the last 10 years, and all of them happened at or near intersections. The only road user involved in the injury crashes was vehicle drivers. The crash analysis has been undertaken in the technical assessment in Table 8, and the following recommendations are made to reduce the risk along this section: <br> - The curve at the intersection of Bush Road and SH1 should be delineated by WYC1 chevron curve indicator signs to help drivers identify the curve. <br> - The WYT3 chevron board should be installed at the intersection of Bush Road and SH1 to help drivers to recognise the intersection ahead. |


| Network Section <br> No. | Classification <br> Method <br> (Urban or Rural) | Network <br> Function / <br> Feature | Road Safety Metric | Infrastructure Risk Rating | Assessed Safe and Appropriate Speed |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N9 | Rural | National strategic Rural state highway | medium <br> Collective <br> Risk and low <br> medium <br> Personal <br> Risk | 1.18 (low medium) | $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | The assessed IRR is consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band and the SaAS. The section is undivided through a rural residential area with staaight alignment and moderate roadside hazards. <br> It is noted that this section has a similar environment with Section 12 , which has a recommended SaAS of $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$, as both are elatively straight with some roadside barriers present. <br> Given the above, $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ s cansidered appropriate for this section. ATP markings are recommended for this section with the proposed speed limit of $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. ATP markings will reduce the headeon crashrisk and run-off road risk. |
| 1 | Rural | National strategic Rural Town | medium <br> high <br> Collective <br> Risk and <br> medium <br> Personal <br> Risk | $\begin{aligned} & 1.62 \text { (Low- } \\ & \text { medium) } \end{aligned}$ | 80km/h <br> assessed; <br> 60km/h <br> recommended | The assessed /RR is not consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band but consistent with the SaAS. The section is a rural town area with a straight alignment and a roundabout. There is a shoulder that is infrequently marked as a cycle lane. There is a Four-Square shop opposite to the train station. Pedestrian refuges are provided on the split islands of the roundabout. Besides, it is found the footpath on the south of the roundabout is damaged, which is likely resulted by trucks going through the roundabout. <br> Given above, a speed limit of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is considered more appropriate than the assessed SaAS of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ for this segment. |
| 2 | Rural | National strategic Rural state highway | medium <br> high <br> Collective <br> Risk and <br> medium <br> Personal <br> Risk | 1.25 (Medium) | $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | The assessed IRR is consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band and the SaAS. The section is undivided through a rural residential area with a straight alignment and moderate to low roadside hazards. The intersection density and accessway density are low so few crossing movements are expected. <br> Although the Personal Risk of this section is only Low Medium, the crash history indicates the section is high-risk: there were 12 DSIs in the last ten years (2010-2019) with lost control/head on as the major types of injured crashes. <br> Given the above, a speed limit of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is recommended. Besides, given lost control/head-on is the main type of injured crashes, it is recommended to provide Audio Tactile Profiles (ATP) road markings to reduce head-on crash risk. |


| Network Section <br> No. | Classification <br> Method <br> (Urban or Rural) | Network <br> Function / <br> Feature | Road Safety Metric | Infrastructure <br> Risk Rating | Assessed Safe and Appropriate Speed | Comment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | Rural | National <br> strategic - <br> Rural state <br> highway | medium <br> Collective <br> Risk and low <br> medium <br> Personal <br> Risk | 1.58 (Medium) | $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | The assessed IRR is not consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band or the SaAS. The section is undivided through a rural residential area with a straight alignment and severe to high roadside hazards. The intersection density and accessway density are much higher than the Section 2. It travels through the edge of Grovetown with a cluster of development. <br> The assessed speed limit of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is considered appropriate given there are not many pedestrian crossing movements expected or cycling activities due to the off-street cycle lane on the east of the railways. Besides, the IRR score is at the lower range of IRR band Medium High (1.60). The railways at $<5 \mathrm{~m}$ from edge of shoulder is coded as high roadside hazards in the assessment however it is not coded as a roadside hazard in IRR manual. <br> Given the section travels through the edge of Grovetown, it is recommended to install $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ speed limit repeater signs on both sides of the Grovetown to raise drivers' awareness. |
| 4 | Urban | National strategic Urban state highway | medium <br> Collective <br> Risk and <br> medium <br> Personal <br> Risk | 1.22 (Low) | 60km/h assessed; $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ recommended | The assessed IRR is not consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band or the SaAS. The section is undivided through the new ōpaoa River Bridge with very wide lane width. Given there is not much information on the new bridge from available sources, the assessment uses assumed features to assess SaAS of this section. The section extents and SaAS may change when more information of the section features is available or from a site visit. <br> Although the land use is controlled access, and there are few pedestrian crossing activities, a $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ speed is recommended to discourage high travel speeds prior to Section 5 which has the recommended speed of $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. |
| 5 | Urban | National strategic Urban state highway | medium <br> high <br> Collective <br> Risk and <br> medium <br> Personal <br> Risk | 2.64 Medium <br> High) | 40km/h | The assessed IRR is not consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band or the SaAS. The section is undivided through an urban commercial big box area with a straight alignment and high roadside hazards. <br> A speed limit of $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is recommended, given the land use of commercial big box / industrial and on street parking on both sides with some pedestrian crossing activities expected for this section. Remarking the wide lanes to a narrow width, horizontal and vertical deflection and urban road furniture should be considered to make the proposed speed more understandable. |

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| Network Section No. | Classification <br> Method <br> (Urban or Rural) | Network <br> Function / <br> Feature | Road Safety Metric | Infrastructure Risk Rating | Assessed Safe and Appropriate Speed |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | Urban | National strategic Urban state highway | medium <br> Collective <br> Risk and <br> high <br> Personal <br> Risk | 2.15 (Medium) | $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | The assessed IRR is not consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band but consistent with the SaAS. The section is undivided through an urban residential area with s curved alignment and moderate roadside hazards, so a speed limit of $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is appropriate. |
| 7 | Rural | National strategic Rural state highway | Iow <br> Collective <br> Risk and low <br> Personal <br> Risk | 1.74 (Medium <br> High) | 60km/h | The assessed IRR is consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band but not consistent with the SaAS. The section is undivided through a rural residential area with a curved alignment and severe to moderate roadside hazards. <br> Given there are frequent accessways with pedestrian crossing movements and cycling activities present, a speed limit of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is recommended. |
| 8 | Rural | National strategic Rural town | low medium <br> Collective <br> Risk and low <br> medium <br> Personal <br> Risk | 2.05 (Medium) | 60km/h | The assessed IRR is not consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band or the SaAS. The section is undivided through a rural town area with curved alignment and high roadside hazards. Riverlands School can be accessed from the its intersection with Alabama Road. <br> Given the above, a speed limit of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is considered appropriate. <br> It is recommended to place residential zone signs with speed limit repeater signs to raise drivers' awareness that it is an area with dense residential developments and frequent accessways ahead. |
| 9 | Rural | National strategic - <br> Rural state highway | Iow <br> Collective <br> Risk and low <br> Personal <br> Risk | 1.31 (Medium) | $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> assessed; <br> 60km/h <br> recommended | The assessed IRR is not consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band but is consistent with the SaAS. The section is undivided through a rural residential area with straight alignment and moderate to high roadside hazards. The section includes a few houses, the existing speed limit is $70 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. <br> Given it is close to a major intersection with Alabama Road, the speed limit of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is recommended to provide a buffer for drivers in the decreasing direction to slow down before reaching out to the intersection. Besides, there is not enough space to place threshold signs (at least 10.5 m between signs) near the intersection due to the railway and fences on both sides. |


| Network Section <br> No. | Classification <br> Method <br> (Urban or Rural) | Network <br> Function / <br> Feature | Road Safety Metric | Infrastructure Risk Rating | Assessed <br> Safe and Appropriate Speed | Comment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | Rural | National <br> strategic - <br> Rural state <br> highway | medium <br> Collective <br> Risk and <br> medium <br> Personal <br> Risk | 1.23 (Medium) | 80km/h | The assessed IRR is consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band and SaAS. The section is undivided through a rural residential area with curved alignment and moderate to high roadside hazards. The crash history shows there were 8 serious crashes and 1 fatal crash, which resulted in 12 DSIs over the last ten years. The major type of injured crashes is bend-lost control/head on. <br> Given the above, a speed limit of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is considered appropriate. Besides, given lost control/head-on is the main type of injured crashes, it is recommended to provide Audio Tactile Profiles (ATP) road markings to reduce head-on crash risk. |
| 11 | Rural | National strategic - <br> Rural state highway | medium <br> high <br> Collective <br> Risk and <br> high <br> Personal <br> Risk | 2.05 (High) | 60km/h | The assessed IRR is not consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band or SaAS. The section is undivided through a rural residential area with a winding, inclined and narrow alignment and high roadside hazards. <br> Given the above, a speed limit of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is appropriate. |
| 12 | Rural | National strategic - <br> Rural state highway | low medium <br> Collective <br> Risk and low <br> personal <br> Risk | $0.87 \text { (Low }$ <br> Medium) | $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | The assessed IRR is not consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band or SaAS. The section is undivided through an open rural residential area with a relatively straight alignment and moderate roadside hazards. Wide to very wide shoulder width is generally present along the section. In addition, metal and concrete safety barriers and wire rope safety barriers are provided for the high-risk areas which make the section a forgiving road environment. <br> Given the above the speed limit of $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is considered appropriate for this section. |
| 13 | Rural | National strategic Rural town | low <br> Collective <br> Risk and low Personal Risk | 2.05 (Medium) | 60km/h | The assessed IRR is consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band and SaAS. The section is undivided through a rural town area of Seddon with a curved alignment and moderate roadside hazards. There are several intersections and a few accessways. Few pedestrian crossing movements are expected along this section given there is no destination. <br> Given the above, a speed limit of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is appropriate. |


| Network Section <br> No. | Classification <br> Method <br> (Urban or Rural) | Network <br> Function / <br> Feature | Road Safety Metric | Infrastructure Risk Rating | Assessed Safe and Appropriate Speed | Comment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 | Rural | National strategic Rural town | Iow <br> Collective <br> Risk and low <br> Personal <br> Risk | 2.01 (Medium) | $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> assessed; <br> 50km/h <br> recommended | The assessed IRR is consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band but not consistent with the SaAS. The section is undivided through a rural town area of Seddon with a curved alignment and moderate roadside hazards. Different from section 13, this section contains a few shops facing to the road, and there is a school nearby (Seddonschool). Besides, there is a pedestrian access point in the town centre. Therefore, a few crossing movements are expected. <br> Given the above, while the assessed SaAS is $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$, a speed limit of $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is recommended. |
| 15 | Urban | Regional strategic - <br> Urban state highway | medium <br> high <br> Collective <br> Risk and <br> high <br> Personal <br> Risk | 2.15 (Medium) | $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | The assessed IRR is not consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band or SaAS. The section is undivided through a commercial big box area of Blenheim with a straight alignment and moderate roadside hazards. <br> It should be noted that Speed Management Guide Tool Table 2.1 instead of MegaMaps is used to assess the SaAS for this section. <br> A speed limit of $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is considered appropriate for this road environment. Similar to Section 2, traffic calming treatments, such as remarking wide lanes to a narrow width, horizontal and vertical deflection and urban road furniture, are recommended to make the $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ environment more understandable. |
| 16 | Urban | Regional strategic - <br> Urban state highway | low medium <br> Collective <br> Risk and low <br> medium <br> Personal <br> Risk | 1.82 (Low <br> Medium) | $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> assessed; <br> $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> recommended | The assessed IRR is consistent with the MegaMaps IRR band but not consistent with the SaAS. The section is undivided through an urban residential area of Blenheim with moderate to high roadside hazards. There is a school nearby (Marlborough Girls' College) and a $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ variable speed limit zone has been set for this school from 006-0000-B/0.989 to 006-0000-B/1.422. There are pedestrian refuges provided along the section. Frequent pedestrian movements are expected. <br> Given the above, while the assessed SaAS is $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$, a speed limit of $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is recommended. |
| 17 | Urban | Regional strategic Urban state highway | low medium Collective Risk and low Personal Risk | 34 (Medium) | 50km/h | The assessed IRR is not consistent the MegaMaps IRR band but consistent with the SaAS. The section is undivided through an urban residential area of Blenheim with high roadside hazards and some commercial activity. <br> A speed limit of $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ is recommended, given the high number of pedestrian crossing movements expected along the section due to some commercial developments along the section. |



- The Road Safety Metric used in Table 7 is recalculated by MegaMaps Corridor Editor. Due to the alternation in length of the MegaMaps segment extents in the speed assessment, the Road Safety Metric score has also changed.

| 8. Infrastructure Risk Rating Assessment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8.1. Network Section No. N1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Route <br> Position <br> Start | 01S-0000-B/0 | Route <br> Position <br> End | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}-0000- \\ & \mathrm{B} / 0.430 \end{aligned}$ | Lengt | km) | 0.43 | Classification Method: | Urban |
| Network Section Description |  |  | Urban area in Picton adjacent to the Port |  |  |  |  |  |
| Field |  |  | MegaMaps Edition III Value |  | Assessed Value |  | Co | ents |
| Road Stereotype |  |  | Two lane undivided |  | Two lane undivided |  | Cônfirmed through visual inspection |  |
| Alignment |  |  | Curved |  | Straight |  | Generally straig isolated curve in section | ht with an the northern |
| Carriageway | Lane Width |  | >3.5m - Wide |  |  |  | As measured fr District Plan's S Smart Maps), th more than 3.5 m . | marlborough mart Maps (The lane width is |
|  | Shoulder Width |  | >2.0m - Very Wide |  | >2.0m - Very Wide |  | As measured fr Maps, the shou about $2 m-2.5$ | The Smart der width is m. |
| Roadside <br> Hazards | Left |  | Severe |  | Severe |  | Severe: 20+ non hazards (power at $<5 \mathrm{~m}$ buildings | -frangible point poles and posts) js (100\%) |
|  | Right |  | Moderate |  | Severe |  | Severe: 20+ non-frangible point hazards (power poles and posts) at $<5 \mathrm{~m}$ buildings ( $100 \%$ ) |  |
| Land Use |  |  | Commercial Strip Shopping |  | Commercial Big Box |  | According to Marlborough District Plan's map, the land use along the section is zoned as Business Zone 1, which is used within town centres in the region. The land use of this section should be commercial big box |  |
| Intersection D | Density |  | 5 to <10 per km |  | 3 to <5 per km |  | There are two intersections |  |
| Accessway Density |  |  | $20+$ per km |  | 20+ per km |  | There are 21 accessways |  |
| AADT |  |  | 6000-12000 |  | 1000-6000 |  | Mobile Road (2020): 5,660 vpd |  |
| IRR Score |  |  | 2.54 |  | 1.87 |  | Increase in IRR score related to the change in alignment, land use and intersection. |  |


| IRR Band |  | Medium High |  |  | Low Medium |  | Decreased IRR score results in a lower IRR band. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10-year CAS Reported Crash (2011-2020 inclusive) | story | DSIs (Actual no. of death and serious injury casualties) | 0 |  | Total no. of Fatal Crashes | 0 | Total no. of Serious Crashes | 0 |
| Additional Information Relate <br> Crash analysis has been done, <br> There has been only one minor <br> Table of local road intersection | to As <br> ased o <br> njury | ssment <br> injured crashes fro ash over the last 1 | 20 | to | 020: <br> It was a | end | bstruction crash, in | olved a cyclis |
| Full Road Name | Poste | Speed Limit |  |  |  |  | Rat runnîe | ential? |
| London Quay | 50 km |  |  |  | -0000-B/0. |  | No |  |
| Dublin Street (Crossroad) | 50 km |  |  |  | -0000-B/0.29 |  | $1 N O$ |  |









| Roadside <br> Hazards | Left |  | Moderate |  |  | Moderate |  | High: Roll-over up (35\%) <br> Minor: Metal safe $<5$ m (50\%) <br> Low: Low severity damage hazards (10\%) | lopes at $<5 \mathrm{~m}$ <br> barriers at <br> property <br> any distance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Right |  | Moderate |  |  | Minor |  | Minor: Metal safe $<5$ m (90\%) <br> Low: Low severity damage hazards (10\%) | barriers at <br> property <br> any distance |
| Land Use |  |  | Remote Rural |  |  | Rural Resi | tial | Accordingto Mar District Plan's ma along the section RurabZone. There dwellings along highway, which in use of rural resid appropriate. | orough <br> , the land use <br> is zoned as <br> are residential <br> state <br> dicates the land <br> ntial is |
| Intersection Density |  |  | <1 per km |  |  | <1 per km |  | There is one intersection. |  |
| Accessway Density |  |  | 1 to <2 per km |  |  | to <5 pe |  | There are six accessways. |  |
| AADT |  |  | 6000-12000 |  |  | 6000-12000 |  | Mobile Road (2020): 6150 vpd |  |
| IRR Score |  |  | 1.25 |  |  | 1.05 |  | Decrease in IRR score related to the change of alignment and roadside hazards. |  |
| IRR Band |  |  | Medium |  |  | Low Medium |  | Decreased IRR score resulted in change in IRR band. |  |
| 10-year CAS Reported Crash History (2011-2020 inclusive) |  |  | DSIs (Actual no. of death and serious injury casualties) | 3 |  | Total no. of Fatal Crashes | $1$ | Total no. of Serious Crashes | $1$ |
| There has been one fatal crash, one serious crash and six minor crashes over the last ten years. The fatal crash was a head-on crash in 2020 due to fatigue. The lost control / head on crashes were the major type of injury crashes along this section (50\%). ATP centreline markings are recommended to discourage inadvertent crossing behaviours. <br> Table of local road intersections: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ull Road |  | Posted | Speed Limit |  |  |  |  | Rat running | otential? |
| Lindens R |  | $100 \mathrm{~km} /$ |  |  |  | -0000-B/5.63 |  | No |  |

### 8.6. Network Section No. N6





| Roadside Hazards | Left | Moderate |  | Moderate |  | Severe: 20+ non-f hazards (power p at $<5 \mathrm{~m}$ (5\%) <br> High: Roll-over up (30\%) <br> Moderate: (10\%) <br> Minor: Metal safe <5m (40\%) <br> Low: Low severity damage hazards (5\%) | angible poin es and tree <br> lopes at <5 <br> barriers at <br> property <br> any distan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Right | Moderate |  | Moderate |  | Severe: $20+$ nonhazards (power at $<5 \mathrm{~m}$ ( $5 \%$ ) High: Roll-over up <br> Minor: Metal safe $<5 m$ (55\%) <br> Low: Low severity damage hazards (10\%) | rangible poin es and tree <br> lopes at $<5$ <br> barriers at <br> property <br> any distan |
| Land Use |  | Remote Rural |  | ural Res | tial | According to Mar District Plan's ma along the section Rural Zone. There dwellings along t highway, which in use of rural resid appropriate | orough <br> , the land u <br> is zoned as <br> are resident <br> state <br> icates the I <br> ntial is |
| Intersectio | nsity | per km |  | <1 per km |  | There are four int | rsections |
| Accessway | ity | 1 to <2 per km |  | 2 to <5 pe |  | There are 30 acce | sways. |
| AADT |  | 6000-12000 |  | 6000-120 |  | Mobile Road (202 | ) 6150 vpd |
| IRR Score |  | 1.25 |  | 1.44 |  | Increase in IRR sc the change of lan accessway interse | re related use and tion. |
| IRR Band |  | Medium |  | Medium |  | Increased IRR sco result in change i | does not IRR band. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10-year CA } \\ & 12011-20 \end{aligned}$ | ported <br> clusiv | DSIs (Actual no. of death and serious injury casualties) | 5 | Total no. of Fatal Crashes | 1 | Total no. of Serious Crashes | 3 |
| Additional <br> Passing lan Increasing | rmatio <br> e pres <br> tion: 0 | ssment <br> locations: <br> - 01S-0000-B/10. |  |  |  |  |  |

Decreasing direction: 01S-0000-B/11.684-01S-0000-B/10.12.497

Crash analysis has been undertaken, based on injury crashes from 2011 to 2020:
There has been one fatal crash, three serious injury crashes and 19 minor injury crashes over the last ten years. Lost control / head on was the main type of crashes, with the proportion of $57 \%$. Rear end was the secondary type of crashes, with the proportion of $35 \%$.
Table of local road intersections:

| Full Road Name | Posted Speed Limit | RS_RP | Rat running potential? |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Factory Road | $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | $01 \mathrm{~S}-0000-\mathrm{B} / 8.329$ | No |
| Station Road | $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | $01 \mathrm{~S}-0000-\mathrm{B} / 8.613$ | No |
| Speeds Road | $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | $01 \mathrm{~S}-0000-\mathrm{B} / 9.203$ | No |
| Para Road | $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | $01 \mathrm{~S}-0000-\mathrm{B} / 11.089$ | No |




| Full Road Name | Posted Speed Limit | RS_RP | Rat running potential? |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Bush Road | $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | $01 \mathrm{~S}-0018-\mathrm{B} / 0.790$ | No |
| Pioneer Place (North) | $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | $01 \mathrm{~S}-0018-\mathrm{B} / 0.805$ | No |
| Pioneer Place (South) | $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | $01 \mathrm{~S}-0018-\mathrm{B} / 0.973$ | No |
| Hunter Road | $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | $01 \mathrm{~S}-0018-\mathrm{B} / 1.142$ | No |

8.9. Network Section No. N9



| 8.10. Network Section No. 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Route O1S-001 8 <br> Position  <br> Start $B / 4.290$ | Route Position End | $\begin{aligned} & 01 S-0018- \\ & B / 4.894 \end{aligned}$ | Len | km) | 0.60 | Classification Method: | Rural |
| Network Section Description | Rural town of Springs Creek |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Field |  | MegaMaps Edition III Value |  | Assessed Value |  | Comments |  |




| 8.11. Network Section №. 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Route <br> Position <br> Start | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}-0018 \text { - } \\ & \mathrm{B} / 4.894 \end{aligned}$ | Route <br> Position <br> End | $\begin{aligned} & 01 S-0018- \\ & B / 6.800 \end{aligned}$ | (km) | Classification Method: | Rural |
| Network Section Description |  |  | Rural residential area between Spring Creek and Grovetown |  |  |  |
| Field |  | $\square$ | Value | Asse | Comments |  |
| Road Stereotype |  |  | Two lane undivided | Two lane undivided | Confirmed through visual inspection |  |
| Alignment |  |  | Straight | Straight | Confirmed through visual inspection |  |
| Carriagewa | $\text { ane } V$ |  | m - Wide | >3.5m | As measured fro Maps, the lane than 3.5 m . | $m$ The Smart width is more |
|  | Shoulder Width |  | 1.0m to <2.0m - Wide | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \mathrm{~m} \text { to }<2.0 \mathrm{~m}- \\ & \text { Wide } \end{aligned}$ | As measured from The Smart Maps, the narrower side of the shoulder width is about 1.0 m . |  |
| Roadside <br> Hazards | Left |  | High | High | High: Roll-over upslopes at $<5 \mathrm{~m}$ (45\%) <br> Moderate: Railways at 5 m to $<10 \mathrm{~m}, 10+$ to $<20$ non-frangible |  |


8.12. Network Section No. 3


| Accessway Density |  | 1 to <2 per km |  | 5 to <10 per km |  | There are 16 accessways |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AADT |  | 6,000-12,000 |  | 6,000-12,000 |  | Mobile Road (2019): 10,694 vpd |
| IRR Score |  | 1.28 |  | 1.58 |  | Increase in IRR score related to the change of shoulder width, roadside hazards and intersection/accessway density. |
| IRR Band |  | Medium |  | Medium |  | Increased IRR score does not result in higher IRR band. |
| 10-year CAS Reported Crash History (2010-2019 inclusive) |  | DSIs (Actual no. of death and serious injury casualties) | 2 | Total no. of Fatal Crashes | 0 | Total no. of Serious Crashes |
| Additional Information Related to AssessmentTable of local road intersections: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full Road Name | Posted Speed Limit |  |  | RS_RP |  | Rat running potential? |
| Staces Road | 100km/h |  |  | 01S-0018-B/6 |  | No |
| Fell Street | 50km/h |  |  | $015-0018-B / 7$ |  | No |
| Nolans Road | 100km/h |  |  | $01 \mathrm{~S}-0018-\mathrm{B} / 7 .$ |  | No |
| Ross Lane | 100km/h |  |  | $015=0018-B / 7 .$ |  | No |
| Rowley Crescent | 100km/h |  |  | 01S-0018-B/8. |  | No |
| Aberharts Road | 80km/h |  |  | 01S-0018-B/8. |  | No |
| Lower Wairau Road | $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ |  |  | 01S-0018-B/8. |  | No |


| 8.13. Network Section No. 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Route <br> Position <br> Start | $\begin{array}{l\|l} \text { 01S-0018- } & \text { Position } \\ \text { B/8.825 } & \text { End } \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}-0018 \text { - } \\ & \mathrm{B} / 9.300 \end{aligned}$ | Length (km) |  | 0.48 | Classification <br> Method: | Urban |
| Net | Section De | A section including the existing ōpaoa River Bridge. The traffic has been flowing in both directions over the new Ōpaoa River Bridge since mid of July 2020. The assessment is based on the features of new ōpaoa River Bridge with assumptions of features. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Field | MegaMaps Edition III Value |  |  | Ass | ssed Value | Comments |  |
| Road Stereotype |  | Two lane undivided |  |  | Two lane undivided |  | Assumed |  |
| Alignment |  | Curved |  |  | Curved |  | Confirmed through visual inspection from the proposed alignment. |  |


| Carriageway | Lane Width | <3.0m - Narrow | >3.5m - Very Wide |  | Assumed the lane width is more than 3.5 m given the update from Waka Kotahi NZ Transport Agency indicates the bridge has the total width of 10 m . |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Shoulder Width | Om to <0.5m - Very Narrow | $1.0 \mathrm{~m} \text { to }<2.0 \mathrm{~m}-$ <br> Wide |  | Assumed the shoulder width is <br> 1.5 m given it is provided as a preferred solution on Waka Kotahi NZ Transport Agency |  |
| Roadside <br> Hazards | Left | High | Minor |  | Minor: Metal and concrete safety barriers at $<5 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |
|  | Right | Moderate | Minor |  | Minor: Metal and concrete safety barriers at $<5 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |
| Land Use |  | Controlled Access | Controlled Access |  | Most of the section is the bridge, which has controlled access. |  |
| Intersection Density |  | 3 to $<5$ per km | <1 per km |  | No intersection |  |
| Accessway Density |  | 1 to <2 per km | <1 per km No accessway |  |  |  |
| AADT |  | >12,000 | $>12,000$ |  | Mobile Road (2019): 12,833 vpd |  |
| IRR Score |  | $2.35$ | $1.22$ |  | Decrease in IRR s the change of lan shoulder width, and intersection densities. | re related to width, dside hazard accessway |
| IRR Band |  | Medium | Low |  | Decreased IRR score results in lower IRR band. |  |
| 10-year CAS Reported Crash History (2010-2019 inclusive) |  | DSIs Actual no. <br> of death and serious injury casualties) | Total no. of Fatal Crashes | 0 | Total no. of Serious Crashes | 0 |

Additional Information Related to Assessment

Field
MegaMaps Edition III
Value
Assessed Value
Comments






|  | Shoulder Width | >2.0m - Very Wid |  | >2.0m-V | Wide | As measured from Maps, the very wi width is generally this section. | The Smart e shoulder present along |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Roadside <br> Hazards | Left | High |  | Severe |  | Severe: 20+ non-f hazards per km ( <5m (85\%) <br> Low: Low severity damage hazards (15\%) | angible poi +per 50m) <br> property any distan |
|  | Right | Moderate |  | High |  | Severe: 20+ non-frangiblê point hazards per $\mathrm{km}(\mathrm{l}+\mathrm{per} 50 \mathrm{~m})$ at $<5 \mathrm{~m}$ (trees) (25\%) <br> Moderate: 10+ to <20 non- <br> frângible point hazards per km (1 |  |
| Land Use |  | Rural Residential |  | Rural Resi |  | According to Mar District Plan's ma along this section Rural Three. Ther accessways and few dwellings. There the state highway indicates the land residential is appr | borough , the land us is zoned as are infrequ w private re farms alo which use of rural priate. |
| Intersection Density |  | $1 \text { to }<2 \text { per km }$ |  | <1 per km |  | No intersection |  |
| Accessway Density |  | $5 \text { to <10 per km }$ |  | 10 to <20 per km |  | There are 14 accessways |  |
| AADT |  | >12,000 |  | >12,000 |  | Mobile Road (2019): 12,786 vpd |  |
| IRR Score |  | 1.65 |  | 1.74 |  | Increase in IRR score related to the change of accessway density and roadside hazards. |  |
| IRR Band |  | Medium High |  | Medium High |  | Decreased IRR score does not lower IRR band. |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10-year CA } \\ & (2010-20 \end{aligned}$ | ported Crash Hi clusive) | DSIs (Actual no. of death and serious injury casualties) | 0 | Total no. of Fatal Crashes | 0 | Total no. of Serious Crashes | 0 |

Additional Information Related to Assessment




| Road Stereotype |  | Two lane undivided |  | Two lane undivided |  | Confirmed through visual inspection |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alignment |  | Straight |  | Straight |  | Confirmed through visual inspection |  |
| Carriageway | Lane Width | >3.5m - Wide |  | >3.5m - Wide |  | As measured from The Smart Maps, the lane width is more than 3.5 m . |  |
|  | Shoulder Width | 1.0 m to <2.0m - Wide |  | $1.0 \mathrm{~m} \text { to }<2.0 \mathrm{~m}-$ <br> Wide |  | As measured from The Smart Maps, the wide shoulder width is generally present along this section. |  |
| Roadside <br> Hazards | Left | Moderate |  | Moderate |  | Severe: Rigid structures/ bridges/ buildings at <5m (20\%) <br> Hiĝh: Roll-over upslopes at $<5 \mathrm{~m}$ (30\%) <br> Minor: Metal and concrete safety barriers at $<5 \mathrm{~m}$ (35\%) <br> Low: Low severity property damage hazards at any distance (15\%) |  |
|  | Right | Moderate |  |  |  | High: Railways at <5m |  |
| Land Use |  | Remote Rural |  | Rural Resi |  | There are a few ac the north of the s land use is contro the south of the $s$ the railways. Acco Marlborough Dist the land use along zoned as Rural Th use of Rural Resid considered approp | essways on tion while the ed access on tion due to ding to ct Plan's map, this section is e. The land ntial is rate. |
| Intersection D | nsity | <1 per km |  | <1 per km |  | No intersection |  |
| Accessway Density |  | 2 to <5 per km |  | 5 to <10 per km |  | There are three accessways |  |
| AADT |  | 6,000-12,000 |  | 6,000-12,000 |  | Mobile Road: $8,903 \mathrm{vpd}$ |  |
| IRR Score |  | 1.01 |  | 1.31 |  | Increase in IRR score related to the changes of land use, roadside hazards and accessway density. |  |
| IRR Band |  | Low Medium |  | Medium |  | Increased IRR score results in higher IRR band. |  |
| 10-year CAS R <br> (2010-2019 | ported Crash History clusive) | DSIs (Actual no. of death and serious injury casualties) | 0 | Total no. of Fatal Crashes | 0 | Total no. of Serious Crashes | 0 |

$\square$



| Sheffield Street | $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | $01 \mathrm{~S}-0028-\mathrm{B} / 5.089$ | No |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Hardings Road | $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | $01 \mathrm{~S}-0028-\mathrm{B} / 5.916$ | No |
| Roadhouse Drive | $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | $01 \mathrm{~S}-0028-\mathrm{B} / 7.252$ | No |
| Cloudy Bay Drive | $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | $01 \mathrm{~S}-0028-\mathrm{B} / 7.658$ | No |
| Redwood Pass Road | $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | $01 \mathrm{~S}-0028-\mathrm{B} / 8.829$ | No |






Table of local road intersections:

| Full Road Name | Posted Speed Limit | RS_RP | Rat running potential? |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Redwood Pass Road / <br> Awatere Valley Road1 | $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | $01 \mathrm{~S}-0043-\mathrm{B} / 5.678$ | No |

### 8.22. Network Section No. 13




|  | Field | MegaMaps Edition III Value | Assessed Value | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Road Stereotype |  | Two lane undivided | Two lane undivided | Confirmed through visual inspection |
| Alignment |  | Curved | Curved | Confirmed through visual inspection |
| Carriageway | Lane Width | >3.5m - Wide | >3.5m - Wide | As measured from The Smart Maps, the lane width is more than 3.5 m . |
|  | Shoulder Width | 1.0 m to $<2.0 \mathrm{~m}$ - Wide | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \mathrm{~m} \text { to }<2.0 \mathrm{~m}- \\ & \text { Wide } \end{aligned}$ | As measured from The Smart Maps, the wide shoulder width is generally present along this section. |
| Roadside <br> Hazards | Left | Severe | High | High: Roll-over upslopes at $<5 \mathrm{~m}$ (40\%) <br> Moderate: Rigid structures at 5 m to <10m (15\%) <br> Minor: Metal safety barriers at <5m (25\%) <br> Low: Low severity property damage hazards at any distance, All hazards at >=10m (20\%) |
|  | Right | Moderate | Moderate | Severe: 20+ non-frangible point hazards per km ( $1+$ per 50 m ) at <5m (5\%) <br> High: Roll-over downslopes at <5m (10\%) <br> Moderate: Car parking or semirigid structures or buildings at <5m (10\%) <br> Minor: Metal and concrete safety barriers at <5m (45\%) <br> Low: (30\%) |
| Land Use |  | Rural Town | Rural Town | It is a small rural town with a mixture of residential development and some shops with sone intersections and accessways present and school nearby (Seddon School). According to Marlborough District Plan's map, the east of the section is zoned as Rural Township, and the west of the section does not have |


|  |  |  |  |  | development due In addition, this s the rural settleme Stats NZ. Therefo of Rural Town for considered appro | the railways. ction is within classified by , the land use his section is riate. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Intersection Density |  | 5 to <10 per km |  | 5 to <10 per km | There are four int | sections. |
| Accessway Density |  | 10 to <20 per km |  | 5 to <10 per km | There are six ac | vays. |
| AADT |  | 1,000-6,000 |  | 1,000-6,000 | Mobile Road (201 <br> $4,780 \mathrm{vpd}$ | $4,467$ |
| IRR Score |  | 2.08 |  | 2.01 | Decrease in IRR s the changed of ro and accessway de | re related to dside hazards sity. |
| IRR Band |  | Medium |  | Medium | Decreased IRR sc result in change | e does not IRR band. |
| 10-year CAS Reported Crash History (2010-2019 inclusive) |  | DSIs (Actual no. of death and serious injury casualties) | 0 | Total no. of Fatal Crashes | Total no. of Serious Crashes | 0 |
| Additional Information Relate <br> Table of local road intersection | to As | sssment |  |  |  |  |
| Full Road Name | Posted Speed Limit |  |  |  | Rat running | otential? |
| Mills Street | 50km/h |  |  | -0043-B/9.116 | No |  |
| Wakefield Street | 50km/h |  |  | -0043-B/9.162 | No |  |
| Newcome Street | 50km/h |  |  | -0043-B/9.267 | No |  |
| Marama Road | $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ |  |  | -0043-B/9.396 | No |  |

8.24. Network Section No. 15

| 8.24. Network Section No. 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Route <br> Position <br> Start | 006-0000-B/0 $\quad$Position <br> End |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 006-0000- } \\ & \text { B/0.400 } \end{aligned}$ | Len | (km) | 0.40 | Classification <br> Method: | Urban |
| Net | ection Description | Two-lane undivided with a flush median and straight alignment. Commercial big box area of Blenheim. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Field |  | MegaMaps Edition III Value |  |  | Ass | ssed Value | Comments |  |
| Road Stereotype |  | Two lane undivided |  |  | Two lane undivided |  | Confirmed through visual inspection |  |


| Alignment |  | Curved |  | Straight |  | The alignment is straight despite of curves due to roundabouts. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Carriageway | Lane Width | >3.5m - Wide |  | >3.5m - Wide |  | As measured from Marlborough District Plan's Smart Maps (The Smart Maps), the lane width is more than 3.5 m . |  |
|  | Shoulder Width | >2.0m - Very Wide |  | >2.0m - Very Wide |  | As measured from The Smart Maps, the very wide shoulder width is generally present along this section. On-street parallef parking is recognised as shoulders. |  |
| Roadside Hazards | Left | Severe |  | Moderate |  | Moderate: Car parking or semirigid structures or buildings at $<5 \mathrm{~m}$ ( $45 \%$ ) <br> Low: Low severity property damage hazards at any distance (55\%) |  |
|  | Right | Moderate |  | Moderate |  | Severe: Rigid structures/bridge <5m (5\%) <br> Moderate: Rigid s buildings at 5 m to parking or semi-ri or buildings at <5 Low: Low severity damage hazards (45\%) | /buildings <br> uctures/ <br> <10m, Car <br> id structure <br> (50\%) <br> property <br> any distanc |
| Land Use |  | Commercial Big Industrial |  | Commercia <br> Box / Indu |  | According to Mar District Plan's ma along this section Industrial One. Th land use of comm considered appro | orough , the land us is zoned as refore, the rcial big box riate. |
| Intersection | sity | 5 to <10 per km |  | 5 to <10 per km |  | There are three intersections. |  |
| Accessway D |  | 5 to <10 per km |  | 20+ per km |  | There are approx. 20 accessways. |  |
| AADT |  | >12,000 |  | >12,000 |  | Mobile Road (2019): 15,028 vpd |  |
| IRR Score |  | 2.49 |  | 2.15 |  | Decrease in IRR score related to the change of alignment and roadside hazards. |  |
| IRR Band |  | Medium High |  | Medium |  | Decreased IRR score results in change in IRR band. |  |
| 10-year CAS Reported Crash History (2010-2019 inclusive) |  | DSIs (Actual no. of death and | 2 | Total no. of Fatal Crashes | 1 | Total no. of Serious Crashes | 1 |


8.25. Network Section No. 16


Network Section Description
Two-lane undivided with a straight alignment. Urban residential area of Blenheim.




| Network Section Description |  | Two-lane undivided with a straight alignment. Urban residential area of Blenheim with some commercial activity. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Field | MegaMaps Edition III Value | Assessed Value | Comments |
| Road Stereotype |  | Two lane undivided | Two lane undivided | Confirmed through visual inspection |
| Alignment |  | Straight | Straight | Confirmed through visual inspection |
| Carriageway | Lane Width | >3.5m - Wide | >3.5m - Wide | As measured from Marlborough District Plan's Smart Maps (The Smart Maps), the lane width is more than 3.5 m . |
|  | Shoulder Width | >2.0m - Very Wide | 1.0 m to 2.0 m Wide | As measured from The Smart Maps, the very wide shoulder width is generally present along this section. On-street parallel parking is recognised as shoulders. However, marked cycle lane is present with the length of approximately 500 m from 006-0000-B/1.670 to 006-$0000-B / 2.220$, which is considered as 0 m shoulder width. The overall shoulder width is coded as 1.0 m to 2.0 m to take the marked cycle lanes into account. |
| Roadside <br> Hazards | Left | Severe | High | Severe: 20+ non-frangible point hazards per km ( $1+$ per 50 m ) at $<5 \mathrm{~m}$, rigid structures at $<5 \mathrm{~m}$ (35\%) <br> Moderate: Rigid structures/ buildings at 5 m to $<10 \mathrm{~m}$, car parking or semi-rigid structures or buildings at $<5 \mathrm{~m}(45 \%)$ Low: Low severity property damage hazards at any distance (20\%) |



| Westwood Avenue | $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | $006-0000-\mathrm{B} / 2.889$ | No |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

I

| 9. Homogeneous Segment Infrastructure Scenario |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Network <br> Segment <br> No. | State Highway | Route Position |  | Length (km) | Safe System Transformation (Estimated cost per km \$2.6M) | Safer Corridors <br> (Estimated cost per km \$1.25M) | Safety <br> Management <br> (Estimated cost <br> per km \$0.4M) | Comments |
|  |  | Start | End |  |  |  |  |  |
| N4 | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}- \\ & 0000 \\ & - \\ & \mathrm{B} / 2.0 \\ & 08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}- \\ & 0000 \\ & - \\ & \mathrm{B} / 5.2 \\ & 90 \end{aligned}$ | 3.282 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.05 \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{km} \text { * } \\ & 3.285 \mathrm{~km}= \\ & \$ 0.23 \mathrm{M} \end{aligned}$ |  | Install ATP markings (edgelines and centre ines). <br> The cost range of ATP markings is between $\$ 0.01 \mathrm{M}$ and $\$ 0.05 \mathrm{M}$ per km, according to Standard Safety Intervention Toolkit. The upper value is used to obtain the estimated cost. |
| N5 | 015 | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}- \\ & 0000 \\ & - \\ & \mathrm{B} / 5.2 \\ & 90 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}- \\ & 0000 \\ & - \\ & \text { B/6.6 } \\ & 82 \end{aligned}$ | 1.392 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.05 \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{km} \text { * } \\ & 1.392 \mathrm{~km}= \\ & \$ 0.07 \mathrm{M} \end{aligned}$ |  | Install ATP markings (edgelines and centrelines). |
| N6 | 01 S | 01 S <br> 0000 <br> B/6.6 <br> 82 | $01 \mathrm{~S}-$ <br> 0000 <br> B/7.8 <br> 30 | $1.15$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.05 \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{km} \text { * } \\ & 1.15 \mathrm{~km}= \\ & \$ 0.06 \mathrm{M} \end{aligned}$ |  | Install ATP markings (edgelines and centrelines). Install 80km/h speed limit repeater signs on both sides of the section to raise drivers' awareness. |
| N7 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 018 \text { - } \\ & 0000 \\ & - \\ & B / 7.8 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}- \\ & 0018 \\ & - \\ & \text { B/0.6 } \\ & 99 \end{aligned}$ | 10.517 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.05 \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{km} \text { * } \\ & 10.517 \mathrm{~km}= \\ & \$ 0.53 \mathrm{M} \end{aligned}$ |  | Install ATP markings (edgelines and centrelines). |
|  | $015$ | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}- \\ & 0018 \\ & - \\ & \text { B/0.6 } \\ & 99 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{~S}- \\ & 0018 \\ & - \\ & \text { B/1.4 } \\ & 07 \end{aligned}$ | 0.71 |  |  |  | Install WYC1 chevron indicator signs at the curve at the intersection of Bush Road and Sh1 to help drivers identify the curve. Install WYT3 chevron board at the |




[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ https://nzta.govt.nz/projects/new-opaoa-river-bridge/

